DRAFT

FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

REVISED UNIFORM DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF COMMISSIONERS
ON UNIFORM LAWS

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1	REVISED UNIFORM DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT
2	
3	ARTICLE 1
4	
5	GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS
6	
7	SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the Uniform Durable Power
8	of Attorney Act.
9	
10	SECTION 102. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
11	(1) "Agent" means the person designated to act as an attorney in fact for the principal
12	under a durable power of attorney.
13	(2) "Durable power of attorney" means a record by which the principal grants to the
14	agent authority that is not revoked by the incapacity of the principal.
15	(3) "Incapacity" means inability to manage property and business affairs because of an
16	impairment in the ability to receive and evaluate information or make decisions even with the use
17	of appropriate technological assistance, or because the individual is missing, detained, or unable
18	to return to the United States.
19	(4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
20	limited liability company, association, joint venture, governmental agency, public corporation, or
21	any other legal or commercial entity.
22	(5) "Principal" means the individual who grants authority under a durable power of

1	attorney.
2	(6) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in
3	an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
4	(7) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
5	(i) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
6	(ii) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic sound, symbol,
7	or process.
8	(8) "State" means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and
9	United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
10	the United States. The term includes an Indian tribe or band recognized by federal law or
11	formally acknowledged by a State.
12	
13	SECTION 103. KNOWLEDGE.
14	(a) Subject to subsection (b), a person has knowledge of a fact involving a durable power
15	of attorney if the person:
16	(1) has actual knowledge of it;
17	(2) has received a notice or notification of it; or
18	(3) from all the facts and circumstances known to the person at the time in
19	question, has reason to know it.
20	(b) An organization that conducts activities through employees has notice or knowledge
21	of a fact involving a durable power of attorney only from the time the information:
22	(1) was received by an employee having responsibility to act with respect to the

1	durable power of attorney; or
2	(2) would have been brought to the employee's attention if the organization had
3	exercised reasonable diligence.
4	(c) An organization exercises reasonable diligence if it maintains reasonable routines for
5	communicating significant information to employees having a responsibility to act with respect
6	to durable powers of attorney and there is reasonable compliance with the routines. Reasonable
7	diligence does not require an employee of the organization to communicate such information
8	unless the communication is part of the employee's regular duties or the employee knows a
9	matter involving the durable power of attorney would be materially affected by the information.
10	
11	SECTION 104. EXECUTION. The principal must sign a durable power of attorney, or
12	direct another person to sign on behalf of the principal in the principal's presence, and
13	acknowledge the signature before a notary public.
14	
15	SECTION 105. RECORDING. A durable power of attorney need not be recorded to
16	be valid.
17	
18	SECTION 106. DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY EXECUTED IN FOREIGN
19	JURISDICTION. A durable power of attorney executed in another state or jurisdiction in
20	compliance with the law of that state or jurisdiction or the law of this state is valid in this state.
21	
22	SECTION 107. TWO OR MORE CONCURRENT AGENTS.

- (a) A principal may designate more than one agent in a durable power of attorney.
- (b) Unless the durable power of attorney or this section otherwise provides, authority granted to two or more concurrent agents is exercisable only by their unanimous consent.

- (c) If prompt action is required to accomplish the purposes of the durable power of attorney or to avoid irreparable injury to the principal's interests and an agent is unavailable because of absence, illness, or other temporary incapacity, the other agents may exercise the authority under the durable power of attorney as if they were the only agents. Other persons may rely on a record by the agent or agents who are exercising authority under this subsection as conclusive proof that the nonparticipating agent is unavailable.
- (d) If a vacancy occurs in one or more of the designations of agent under a durable power of attorney, the remaining agents may exercise the authority conferred as if they were the only agents. Other persons may rely on a record by the agent or agents who are exercising authority under this subsection as conclusive proof that there is a vacancy in one or more of the designations of agent under a durable power of attorney.
- (e) An agent is not liable for the actions of another agent unless the agent participates in, knowingly acquiesces in, or conceals a breach of fiduciary duty committed by the other agent.

SECTION 108. SUCCESSOR AGENTS.

(a) A principal may designate one or more successor agents to act if the initial or predecessor agent resigns, dies, becomes disabled or incapacitated, is not qualified to act, or refuses to act. A principal may also grant authority to another person, designated by name, by

1	office, or by function, including the initial and any successor agent, to designate one or more
2	successor agents.
3	(b) Unless the durable power of attorney otherwise provides, a successor agent has the
4	same authority as that granted to the initial agent.

(c) A successor agent is not liable for the actions of a predecessor agent.

SECTION 109. NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN; RELATION OF AGENT TO COURT-APPOINTED FIDUCIARY.

- (a) A principal may nominate, in a durable power of attorney, the conservator, guardian of the principal's estate, or guardian of the principal's person for consideration by the court if protective proceedings for the principal's estate or person are thereafter commenced. The court shall make its appointment in accordance with the principal's most recent nomination in a durable power of attorney except for good cause or disqualification.
- (b) If, after the execution of a durable power of attorney, a court appoints a conservator, guardian of the estate, or other fiduciary charged with the management of all of the principal's property or all of the property except specified exclusions, the agent is accountable to the fiduciary as well as to the principal. The court may consider whether the authority of an agent designated under a previously executed durable power of attorney should continue undisturbed or be limited, suspended or terminated.

SECTION 110. DISSOLUTION OR ANNULMENT OF PRINCIPAL'S

MARRIAGE TO AGENT. Unless the durable power of attorney otherwise provides, authority

granted to the principal's spouse in a durable power of attorney is revoked if the marriage to the principal is dissolved or annulled. If the agent's authority is revoked solely by reason of the dissolution or annulment of the principal's marriage to the agent, the authority is revived by the principal's remarriage to the agent.

SECTION 111. CONTINGENT POWERS.

- (a) The agent's authority under a durable power of attorney may become effective immediately or upon a future date or event.
- (b) If the durable power of attorney will become effective upon the occurrence of a future event or contingency, the principal may designate one or more persons who have the authority to determine conclusively that the specified event or contingency has occurred. Other persons may rely on the record of the person or persons designated by the principal without liability to the principal or to any other person whether or not the specified event or contingency has actually occurred.
- (c) If the durable power of attorney will become effective upon the principal's incapacity and the principal has not designated one or more persons who have the authority to determine conclusively that the principal is incapacitated, the durable power of attorney will become effective upon a record by two physicians that the principal is unable, by reason of incapacity, to prudently manage property and business affairs. Other persons may rely on the physicians' record as conclusive proof of the agent's authority to act under a durable power of attorney.

SECTION 112. DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY NOT AFFECTED BY
INCAPACITY OR LAPSE OF TIME. Except as otherwise provided in the durable power of
attorney, a durable power of attorney is not terminated by the incapacity of the principal. All acts
done by an agent pursuant to a durable power of attorney, including acts done during any period
of incapacity of the principal, have the same effect and inure to the benefit of and bind the
principal and the principal's successors in interest as if the principal had capacity and did the
acts. Unless the durable power of attorney states a time of termination, the authority of the agent
is exercisable notwithstanding the lapse of time.
SECTION 113. COMPENSATION OF AGENT. If the terms of a durable power of
attorney do not specify an agent's compensation, the agent is entitled to compensation that is
reasonable under the circumstances.
SECTION 114. REIMBURSEMENT OF AGENT. Subject to Section 119 and
except as otherwise provided in a durable power of attorney, an agent is entitled to
reimbursement of all reasonable expenses advanced by the agent on behalf of the principal.
SECTION 115. AGENT'S DUTIES.
(a) An agent's acceptance of the designation under a durable power of attorney or
exercise of authority granted by the principal creates a fiduciary relationship.

who has accepted or exercised authority granted by the principal include the duty to:

(b) Except as otherwise provided in the durable power of attorney, the duties of an agent

- (1) act in good faith, with reasonable care for the best interest of the principal;
- (2) subject to subsection (c), avoid conflicts of interest that would impair the agent's ability to act in the best interest of the principal;
 - (3) keep a complete record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions conducted on behalf of the principal; and
 - (4) take no action beyond the scope of the authority granted by the durable power of attorney.
 - (c) An agent who acts in good faith, with reasonable care for the best interest of the principal is not liable solely because the agent also benefits from the act or has individual or conflicting interests in relation to the property or affairs of the principal.
 - (d) Except as otherwise provided in the durable power of attorney, an agent is not required to report transactions conducted on behalf of the principal unless requested by the principal, a guardian, conservator, or other fiduciary appointed for the principal, any governmental agency having regulatory authority to protect the welfare of the principal, or, upon the death of the principal, by the personal representative or successor in interest of the principal's estate, or ordered by a court. An agent who is requested to report under this subsection must comply within 30 days or provide a record substantiating why additional time is needed to produce the requested report.

SECTION 116. EXONERATION.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a principal may specify in the durable power of attorney that an agent is liable only if the agent acts in bad faith, and that a person

1	challenging the performance of an agent shall have the burden of proof concerning breach of any
2	duty by the agent. The exoneration is binding on the principal and the principal's successors in
3	interest.
4	(b) A provision in the durable power of attorney relieving the agent of liability for breach
5	of duty is unenforceable to the extent that it:
6	(1) relieves the agent of liability for breach of duty committed in bad faith or with
7	reckless indifference to the purposes of the durable power of attorney or the interests of the
8	principal; or
9	(2) was inserted as a result of an abuse by the agent of the fiduciary or confidential
10	relationship to the principal.
11	
12	SECTION 117. JUDICIAL REVIEW. The court may construe a durable power of
13	attorney and review the agent's conduct. Persons who may petition the court include:
14	(1) the principal;
15	(2) the principal's spouse, parent, or descendant;
16	(3) any person who would qualify as an intestate successor of the principal;
17	(4) any person named as a beneficiary to receive any property, benefit, or contractual right
18	on the principal's death, or as a beneficiary of a trust created by or for the principal;
19	(5) any governmental agency having regulatory authority to protect the welfare of the
20	principal; and
21	(6) any other person who demonstrates sufficient interest in the principal's welfare.

SECTION 118. AGENT'S LIABILITY. An agent who violates the terms of this [act], the terms of the durable power of attorney, or the fiduciary duties under the durable power of attorney and causes loss or damage to the principal or the principal's successors in interest is liable to the principal or the principal's successors in interest for the loss or damage, together with reasonable attorney's fees.

SECTION 119. AWARD OF ATTORNEY'S FEES TO PREVAILING PARTY. In an action to review the agent's conduct, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party. If an agent is found liable under Section 404, the agent may not seek reimbursement from the principal's assets for attorney's fees incurred to defend against the action or for fees owed to the prevailing party.

- **SECTION 120. AGENT'S RESIGNATION; NOTICE.** An agent may resign by giving notice to the principal, and if the principal is incapacitated, to any of the following persons:
 - (1) the conservator or guardian, if one has been appointed for the principal;
 - (2) a remaining agent or successor agent if more than one agent is named; or
- (3) the principal's caregiver or other interested person, if the principal is incapacitated and has neither a conservator nor a guardian, and has not named additional or successor agents.

SECTION 121. PRESUMPTION OF VALIDITY. A durable power of attorney that purports to be signed by the principal named in the durable power of attorney is presumed valid.

No person with whom an agent seeks to act shall require an additional or different form of power of attorney for authority granted under the durable power of attorney presented by the agent. A photocopy or electronically transmitted facsimile of a duly executed original durable power of attorney may be relied upon to the same extent as the original.

SECTION 122. LIABILITY FOR REFUSAL TO ACCEPT AGENT'S AUTHORITY.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a person who refuses to accept the authority of the agent to exercise a power granted under the durable power of attorney is liable to the principal, the principal's heirs and assigns, and the personal representative or successor in interest of the principal's estate in the same manner as the person would be liable had the person refused to accept the authority of a principal who has capacity to act on the principal's own
 - (b) A person who refuses to accept the authority of an agent to exercise a power granted under a durable power of attorney is not liable under subsection (a) if:

behalf. The person found liable for refusing to accept the authority of an agent is liable for the

greater of actual damages or \$1000, and costs, including reasonable attorney's fees.

- (1) the person has knowledge of the revocation of the durable power of attorney before the exercise of the power;
- (2) the duration of the authority specified in the durable power of attorney has expired;
 - (3) the person has knowledge of the death of the principal;
 - (4) the person reasonably believes that the durable power of attorney is not valid

1	under the law of this state and provides the agent with a record not more than 10 business days
2	after the refusal, describing the reason that the durable power of attorney is not valid under the
3	law of this state; or

- (5) the person reasonably believes that the agent does not have authority to perform the transaction requested and provides the agent with a record not more than 10 business days after the refusal, describing the reason the person believes the durable power of attorney is deficient under the law of this state.
- (c) This section does not abrogate any other causes of action or relief at law or equity or to which the principal or agent is entitled under other statutes or at common law.

SECTION 123. DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY NOT TERMINATED UNTIL NOTICE.

(a) Except as otherwise stated in a durable power of attorney, the durable power of attorney continues until revocation by the principal or the death of the principal. Revocation by the principal or the death of a principal does not, however, terminate the agency as to the agent or other person, who, without knowledge of the revocation by the principal or the death of the principal, acts in good faith under the power. Any action so taken, unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, binds successors in interest of the principal.

SECTION 124. COMMON LAW OF AGENCY; PRINCIPLES OF EQUITY.

The common law of agency and principles of equity supplement this [act], except to the extent modified by this [act] or another statute of this state.

1	SECTION 125. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION. This
2	[act] shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law
3	with respect to the subject matter of this [act] among states enacting it.
4	
5	SECTION 126. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this [act] or its application to
6	any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
7	applications of this [act] which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,
8	and to this end the provisions of this [act] are severable.
9	
10	SECTION 127. EFFECTIVE DATE; EFFECT ON EXISTING POWERS OF
11	ATTORNEY. A durable power of attorney is valid if it:
12	(1) complies with the terms of this [act]; or
13	(2) is executed before [the date of enactment of this Act] and valid under common law or
14	statute existing at the time of execution.
15	
16	SECTION 128. REPEAL. The following acts and parts of acts are repealed:
17	(1)
18	(2)
19	(3)
20	

1	ARTICLE 2
2	
_	
3	SHORT FORM DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY
4	
5	SECTION 201. FORM. The following statutory form of durable power of attorney is
3	SECTION 201. PORM: The following statutory form of datable power of attorney is
6	legally sufficient:
а	
8	CTATUTODY DUDANE ROWED OF ATTODNEY
9 10	STATUTORY DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY
11	1. NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL:
12	
13	AS THE PRINCIPAL, YOU ARE USING THIS DURABLE POWER OF
14	ATTORNEY TO GRANT AUTHORITY TO ANOTHER PERSON, KNOWN AS
15	YOUR AGENT, TO MAKE DECISIONS REGARDING YOUR MONEY AND
16	PROPERTY. THIS DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY DOES NOT
17	AUTHORIZE ANYONE TO MAKE MEDICAL OR OTHER HEALTH CARE
18	DECISIONS FOR YOU. YOU MAY EXECUTE A SEPARATE HEALTH CARE
19	PROXY FOR MEDICAL AND HEALTH CARE DECISIONS. YOUR AGENT
20	WILL HAVE THE POWERS THAT YOU HAVE INDICATED BELOW TO
21	MAKE DECISIONS ABOUT YOUR MONEY AND PROPERTY WITHOUT
22	ADVANCE NOTICE TO YOU OR APPROVAL BY YOU. THE POWERS THAT
23	YOU GIVE TO YOUR AGENT ARE EXPLAINED MORE FULLY IN ARTICLE
24	3 OF THE UNIFORM DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT [,insert citation
25	to state statute here]. THE AUTHORITY GRANTED IN THIS DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY WILL BE EFFECTIVE EVEN IF YOU NO LONGER HAVE
26 27	THE CAPACITY TO MAKE YOUR OWN DECISIONS ABOUT YOUR MONEY
28	AND PROPERTY. THIS DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY WILL BE
29	TERMINATED ON YOUR DEATH UNLESS YOU HAVE EARLIER
30	TERMINATED ON TOOK DEATH CIVESS TOO HAVE EARLIER TERMINATED IT BY REVOCATION. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS
31	ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT OR THE POWERS YOU ARE GRANTING TO
32	YOUR AGENT, YOU SHOULD OBTAIN COMPETENT LEGAL ADVICE.
33	TOOK AGENT, TOO SHOULD ODIAIN COME ETENT LEGAL ADVICE.
34	2. DESIGNATION OF AGENT:
35	Z. DEGINIZION OF REGINE.
36	I
37	[Insert your full name and address.] designate:
38	

_	ert full name and address of the person appointed, or of each person appoor want to designate more than one agent.]
have	ny agent to act for me in any lawful way with respect to the subjects and acts initialed in this durable power of attorney. If I have designated more than one astruct that:
_	tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank spatialed, the agents are required to act TOGETHER.]
(each agent may act INDEPENDENTLY. () all agents must act TOGETH
3. I	DESIGNATION OF SUCCESSOR AGENT:
If ev	very agent named above is unable or unwilling to serve, I designate:
_	ert full name and address of the person appointed, or of each person appo ou want to designate more than one successor agent.]
if yo	
as m If I	by successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent
as m If I	ny successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent have designated more than one successor agent, I instruct that: tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank space (defined the successor agents are required to act TOGETHER.]) each successor agent may act INDEPENDENTLY.
as m If I	by successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent have designated more than one successor agent, I instruct that: tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank space (aled, the successor agents are required to act TOGETHER.]
as m If I I [Ini initi	ny successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent have designated more than one successor agent, I instruct that: tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank space (defined the successor agents are required to act TOGETHER.]) each successor agent may act INDEPENDENTLY.
as m If I I [Ini initi (ny successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent have designated more than one successor agent, I instruct that: tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank spatialed, the successor agents are required to act TOGETHER.]) each successor agent may act INDEPENDENTLY.) all successor agents must act TOGETHER. GRANT OF POWERS. ant to my agent power with respect to the following subjects as further defined a of the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act [, insert citation to state states.]
as n If I I [Ini initi ——————————————————————————————	ny successor agent to act for me with the same authority as granted to my agent have designated more than one successor agent, I instruct that: tial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If neither blank spatialed, the successor agents are required to act TOGETHER.]) each successor agent may act INDEPENDENTLY.) all successor agents must act TOGETHER. GRANT OF POWERS. ant to my agent power with respect to the following subjects as further defined a of the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act [, insert citation to state states.]

1 2	(M), initial the blank space () in front of N and ignore the blank spaces () in front of the other subjects.
3	To great never with respect to one or more but fewer than all of the following
4 5	To grant power with respect to one or more, but fewer than all, of the following
	subjects, initial the blank space () in front of each power you are granting.
6 7 8	To withhold a power, do not initial the blank space () in front of it. You may, but need not, cross out each power withheld.]
9	need not, cross out each power withheld.
10	() (A) Real Property
11	() (A) Recall Property () (B) Tangible Personal Property
12	() (B) Fungiole Felsonial Property () (C) Stocks and Bonds
13	() (D) Commodities and Options
14	() (E) Banks and Other Financial Institutions
15	() (F) Operation of Business
16	() (G) Insurance and Annuities
17	(H) Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficiary Relationships
18	() (I) Claims and Litigation
19	() (J) Personal and Family Maintenance
20	(K) Benefits from Social Security, Medicare, Medicaid, or Other Government
21	Programs, or Military Service
22	() (L) Retirement Plans
23	() (M) Taxes
24	(N) All of the Powers Listed Above [You need not initial any other blank
25	spaces () if you initial the blank space () in front of N.]
26	
27	I understand that the grant of powers initialed above DOES NOT authorize my agent to
28	do any of the following specific acts designated (1) through (7) UNLESS I have also
29	initialed the blank space () in front of each such act. I grant power to my agent to
30	perform ONLY the specific acts initialed, as those acts may be further defined or limited
31	by the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act [, insert citation to state statute here]:
32	
33	
34	() (1) create, modify, or revoke a trust
35	() (2) fund with the principal's property a trust not created by the principal or a
36	person authorized to create a trust on behalf of the principal
37	() (3) make or revoke a gift of the principal's property in trust or otherwise
38	() (4) create or change rights of survivorship in the principal's property or in
39	property in which the principal may have an interest
40	() (5) designate or change the designation of a beneficiary to receive any property,
41	benefit, or contractual right on the principal's death
42	() (6) create in the agent or a person to whom the agent owes a legal duty of support
43	the right to receive property, a benefit, or a contractual right in which the

(principal has an interest
) (7) delegate any or all of the powers granted to my agent under this durable
	power of attorney to any person or persons whom my agent selects
	o understand that I may give SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS limiting or extending any
of th	e powers granted to my agent.
instr spac instr gran pern	ial the blank space () to the left of your choice. If you choose to add special ructions, you must give those instructions on the lines provided. If neither blank is initialed, the durable power of attorney is not subject to any special ructions. Special instructions may include limiting or extending the power atted to your agent, or modifying the duties your agent owes to you to the extenditted by Article 1 of the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act (,insertion to state statute here)]
) The powers granted above to my agent ARE NOT subject to any special instructions
() The powers granted above to my agent ARE SUBJECT to the following specia
ınstr	uctions:
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	OTICE TO AGENT.
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AS DUF	THE AGENT, ONCE YOU ACCEPT DESIGNATION UNDER THIS RABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY OR EXERCISE AUTHORITY GRANTED
AS DUF TO	THE AGENT, ONCE YOU ACCEPT DESIGNATION UNDER THIS RABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY OR EXERCISE AUTHORITY GRANTEI YOU BY THE PRINCIPAL, A FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP IS CREATEI
AS DUF TO BET	THE AGENT, ONCE YOU ACCEPT DESIGNATION UNDER THIS RABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY OR EXERCISE AUTHORITY GRANTEI YOU BY THE PRINCIPAL, A FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP IS CREATEI WEEN YOU AND THE PRINCIPAL. UNLESS OTHERWISE MODIFIED IN
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	KNOWN TO YOU WHEN SUCH ACTION IS CONSISTENT WITH TH PRINCIPAL'S BEST INTEREST.
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	R THE FIDUCIARY DUTIES CREATED BY THIS RELATIONSHIP, YO
	TILL BE LIABLE TO THE PRINCIPAL OR THE PRINCIPAL'S SUCCESSOR
	OR THE LOSS OR DAMAGE CAUSED BY YOUR VIOLATION TOGETHE
W	TITH REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES.
IN	N ANY TRANSACTION WHERE YOU ARE ACTING UNDER TH
	UTHORITY OF THE DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY AS AN AGENT FO
	HE PRINCIPAL, YOU MUST DISCLOSE YOUR DESIGNATION AS TH
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<u> </u>	nsert the full name and address of the person or persons designated.]
) upon my incapacity as determined by two physicians.
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attorney.]	ate or event that y	ou intend to activate this durable
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or it is terminated by	y my death.	
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1	ARTICLE 3
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3	POWERS
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5	SECTION 301. EXPRESS AUTHORITY REQUIRED.
6	Unless expressly authorized in the durable power of attorney, a durable power of attorney
7	does not grant authority to an agent to:
8	(1) create, modify, or revoke a trust;
9	(2) fund with the principal's property a trust not created by the principal or a person
10	authorized to create a trust on behalf of the principal;
11	(3) make or revoke a gift of the principal's property in trust or otherwise;
12	(4) create or change rights of survivorship in the principal's property or in property in
13	which the principal may have an interest;
14	(5) designate or change the designation of a beneficiary to receive any property, benefit,
15	or contractual right on the principal's death;
16	(6) create in the agent or a person to whom the agent owes a legal duty of support the
17	right to receive property, a benefit, or a contractual right in which the principal has an interest; or
18	(7) delegate the powers granted under the durable power of attorney to another person.
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20	SECTION 302. PRESERVATION OF ESTATE PLAN. The agent, in exercising
21	authority under a durable power of attorney, shall take the principal's estate plan into account to
22	the extent known to the agent and shall attempt to preserve the plan if consistent with the

principal's best interest based on all relevant factors, including the principal's obligations, need for maintenance, and eligibility for public benefits or assistance under a statute or governmental regulation. The agent is not liable under this section to any beneficiary of the plan unless the agent acts in bad faith. SECTION 303. INCORPORATION OF POWERS; SIMILAR OR OVERLAPPING POWERS; EXISTING, LATER ACQUIRED, AND FOREIGN INTERESTS; MODIFICATION. (a) An agent has a power granted under this article if the durable power of attorney incorporates the power by: (1) referring to a descriptive caption in Sections 305 through 318; or (2) citing to a specific section of Sections 305 through 318. (b) A reference in a durable power of attorney to a descriptive caption in Sections 305 through 318 must be construed as if the entire section were set out in full in the durable power of attorney. (c) If powers are similar or overlap, the broadest power controls. (d) The powers described in Sections 305 through 318 are exercisable with respect to an interest the principal has when the durable power of attorney is executed or an interest acquired after execution, whether or not the property is located in this state, and whether or not the powers are exercised or the durable power of attorney is executed in this state.

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(e) A durable power of attorney may modify a power incorporated by reference.

SECTION 304. CONSTRUCTION OF POWERS GENERALLY. By executing a
durable power of attorney that incorporates by reference a power in Sections 305 through 318,
the principal, except as modified in the durable power of attorney, authorizes the agent with
respect to that power to:
(1) demand, receive, and obtain by litigation or otherwise, money or other thing of value
to which the principal is, may become, or claims to be entitled; and conserve, invest, disburse, or
use anything so received for the purposes intended;
(2) contract in any manner with any person, on terms agreeable to the agent, to
accomplish a purpose of a transaction, and perform, rescind, reform, release, or modify the
contract or another contract made by or on behalf of the principal;
(3) execute, acknowledge, seal, and deliver a deed, revocation, mortgage, security
interest, lease, notice, check, promissory note, electronic funds transfer, release, or other
instrument or communication the agent considers desirable to accomplish a purpose of a
transaction;
(4) prosecute, defend, submit to arbitration, settle, and propose or accept a compromise
with respect to, a claim existing in favor of or against the principal or intervene in litigation
relating to the claim;
(5) seek on the principal's behalf the assistance of a court to carry out an act authorized
by the durable power of attorney;
(6) engage, compensate, and discharge an attorney, accountant, expert witness, or other
assistant;
(7) keep appropriate records of each transaction, including an accounting of receipts and

1	disbursements;
2	(8) prepare, execute, and file a record, report, or other document the agent considers
3	desirable to safeguard or promote the principal's interest under a statute or governmental
4	regulation;
5	(9) reimburse the agent for expenditures properly made by the agent in exercising the
6	powers granted by the durable power of attorney; and
7	(10) in general, do any other lawful act with respect to the power.
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9	SECTION 305. REAL PROPERTY. Language granting power with respect to
10	transactions concerning real property authorizes the agent to:
11	(1) accept as a gift or as security for a loan, reject, demand, buy, lease, receive, or
12	otherwise acquire, an interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
13	(2) sell, exchange, convey with or without covenants, quitclaim, release, surrender,
14	mortgage, encumber, partition, consent to partitioning, subdivide, apply for zoning, rezoning, or
15	other governmental permits, plat or consent to platting, develop, grant options concerning, lease
16	sublease, or otherwise dispose of, an interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
17	(3) release, assign, satisfy, and enforce by litigation or otherwise, a mortgage, deed of
18	trust, encumbrance, lien, or other claim to real property which exists or is asserted;
19	(4) do any act of management or of conservation with respect to an interest in real
20	property, or a right incident to real property, owned or claimed to be owned by the principal,
21	including:
22	(A) insuring against a casualty, liability, or loss;

1	(B) obtaining or regaining possession, or protecting the interest or right, by
2	litigation or otherwise;
3	(C) paying, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments, or applying for and
4	receiving refunds in connection with them; and
5	(D) purchasing supplies, hiring assistance or labor, and making repairs or
6	alterations in the real property;
7	(5) use, develop, alter, replace, remove, erect, or install structures or other improvements
8	upon real property in or incident to which the principal has, or claims to have, an interest or right
9	(6) participate in a reorganization with respect to real property or a legal entity that owns
10	an interest in or right incident to real property and receive and hold, directly or indirectly, shares
11	of stock or obligations received in a plan of reorganization, and act with respect to them,
12	including:
13	(A) selling or otherwise disposing of them;
14	(B) exercising or selling an option, conversion, or similar right with respect to
15	them; and
16	(C) voting them in person or by proxy;
17	(7) change the form of title of an interest in or right incident to real property, except as
18	otherwise provided in Section 301(a) (4); and
19	(8) dedicate to public use, with or without consideration, easements or other real property
20	in which the principal has, or claims to have, an interest.
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1	SECTION 300. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY. Language granting power
2	with respect to transactions concerning tangible personal property authorizes the agent to:
3	(1) accept as a gift or as security for a loan, reject, demand, buy, receive, or otherwise
4	acquire ownership or possession of tangible personal property or an interest in tangible personal
5	property;
6	(2) sell, exchange, convey with or without covenants, release, surrender, create a security
7	interest in, grant options concerning, lease, sublease to others, or otherwise dispose of tangible
8	personal property or an interest in tangible personal property;
9	(3) release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a security interest, lien, or
10	other claim on behalf of the principal, with respect to tangible personal property or an interest in
11	tangible personal property;
12	(4) do an act of management or conservation with respect to tangible personal property or
13	an interest in tangible personal property on behalf of the principal, including:
14	(A) insuring against casualty, liability, or loss;
15	(B) obtaining or regaining possession, or protecting the property or interest, by
16	litigation or otherwise;
17	(C) paying, compromising, or contesting taxes or assessments or applying for and
18	receiving refunds in connection with taxes or assessments;
19	(D) moving from place to place;
20	(E) storing for hire or on a gratuitous bailment; and
21	(F) using, altering, and making repairs or alterations; and

(5) change the form of title of an interest in or right incident to tangible personal propert
except as otherwise provided in Section 301(a)(4).

SECTION 307. STOCKS AND BONDS. Language granting power with respect to transactions concerning stocks and bonds authorizes the agent to buy, sell, and exchange stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and all other types of securities and financial instruments, whether held directly or indirectly, except commodity futures contracts and call and put options on stocks and stock indexes, receive certificates and other evidences of ownership with respect to securities, exercise voting rights with respect to securities in person or by proxy, enter into voting trusts, and consent to limitations on the right to vote.

SECTION 308. COMMODITIES AND OPTIONS. Language granting power with respect to transactions concerning commodities and options authorizes the agent to buy, sell, exchange, assign, settle, and exercise commodity futures contracts and call and put options on stocks and stock indexes traded on a regulated option exchange, and establish, continue, modify, and terminate option accounts with a broker.

SECTION 309. BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. Language granting power with respect to transactions concerning banks and other financial institutions authorizes the agent to:

(1) continue, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement made by or on behalf of the principal;

- 1 (2) establish, modify, and terminate an account or other banking arrangement with a bank, 2 trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, thrift company, brokerage firm, or other financial institution selected by the agent; 3 4 (3) hire a safe deposit box or space in a vault; 5 (4) contract to procure other services available from a financial institution as the agent 6 considers desirable; 7 (5) withdraw by check, order, or otherwise money or property of the principal deposited 8 with or left in the custody of a financial institution; 9 (6) receive bank statements, vouchers, notices, and similar documents from a financial 10 institution and act with respect to them; 11 (7) enter a safe deposit box or vault and withdraw or add to the contents; 12 (8) borrow money at an interest rate agreeable to the agent and pledge as security personal 13 property of the principal necessary in order to borrow, pay, renew, or extend the time of payment
 - (9) make, assign, draw, endorse, discount, guarantee, and negotiate promissory notes, checks, drafts, and other negotiable or nonnegotiable paper of the principal, or payable to the principal or the principal's order, make funds transfers, receive the cash or other proceeds of those transactions, accept a draft drawn by a person upon the principal, and pay it when due;

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of a debt of the principal;

- (10) receive for the principal and act upon a sight draft, warehouse receipt, or other negotiable or nonnegotiable instrument;
 - (11) apply for and receive letters of credit, credit and debit cards, and traveler's checks

1	from a financial institution, and give an indemnity or other agreement in connection with letters
2	of credit; and
3	(12) consent to an extension of the time of payment with respect to commercial paper or a
4	financial transaction with a financial institution.
5	
6	SECTION 310. OPERATION OF BUSINESS. Language granting power with respect
7	to operating a business authorizes the agent to:
8	(1) operate, buy, sell, enlarge, reduce, and terminate a business interest;
9	(2) act for a principal, subject to the terms of a partnership agreement or operating
10	agreement, to:
11	(A) perform a duty or discharge a liability and exercise a right, power, privilege,
12	or option that the principal has, may have, or claims to have, under the partnership agreement or
13	operating agreement, whether or not the principal is a partner in a partnership or member of a
14	limited liability company;
15	(B) enforce the terms of the partnership agreement or operating agreement by
16	litigation or otherwise; and
17	(C) defend, submit to arbitration, settle, or compromise litigation to which the
18	principal is a party because of membership in a partnership or limited liability company;
19	(3) exercise in person or by proxy, or enforce by litigation or otherwise, a right, power,
20	privilege, or option the principal has or claims to have as the holder of a bond, share, or other
21	instrument of similar character and defend, submit to arbitration, settle, or compromise litigation
22	to which the principal is a party because of a bond, share, or similar instrument;

1	(4) with respect to a business controlled by the principal:
2	(A) continue, modify, renegotiate, extend, and terminate a contract made with an
3	individual or a legal entity by or on behalf of the principal with respect to the business before
4	execution of the durable power of attorney;
5	(B) determine:
6	(i) the location of its operation;
7	(ii) the nature and extent of its business;
8	(iii) the methods of manufacturing, selling, merchandising, financing,
9	accounting, and advertising employed in its operation;
10	(iv) the amount and types of insurance carried;
11	(v) the mode of engaging, compensating, and dealing with its accountants,
12	attorneys, and other agents and employees;
13	(C) change the name or form of organization under which the business is operated
14	and enter into a partnership agreement or operating agreement with other persons or organize a
15	corporation or other business entity to take over all or part of the operation of the business; and
16	(D) demand and receive money due or claimed by the principal or on the
17	principal's behalf in the operation of the business, and control and disburse the money in the
18	operation of the business;
19	(5) put additional capital into a business in which the principal has an interest;
20	(6) join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation, or merger of the business;
21	(7) sell or liquidate a business or part of it at the time and upon the terms the agent
22	considers desirable;

1	(8) establish the value of a business under a buy-out agreement to which the principal is a
2	party;
3	(9) prepare, sign, file, and deliver reports, compilations of information, returns, or other
4	papers with respect to a business which are required by a governmental agency or instrumentality
5	or which the agent considers desirable, and make related payments; and
6	(10) pay, compromise, or contest taxes or assessments and do any other act which the
7	agent considers desirable to protect the principal from illegal or unnecessary taxation, fines,
8	penalties, or assessments with respect to a business, including attempts to recover, in any manner
9	permitted by law, money paid before or after the execution of the durable power of attorney.
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11	SECTION 311. INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES. Language granting power with
12	respect to insurance and annuities authorizes the agent to:
13	(1) continue, pay the premium or assessment on, modify, rescind, release, or terminate a
14	contract procured by or on behalf of the principal which insures or provides an annuity to either
15	the principal or another person, whether or not the principal is a beneficiary under the contract;
16	(2) procure new, different, and additional contracts of insurance and annuities for the
17	principal and the principal's spouse, children, and other dependents, and select the amount, type
18	of insurance or annuity, and mode of payment;
19	(3) pay the premium or assessment on, modify, rescind, release, or terminate a contract of
20	insurance or annuity procured by the agent;
21	(4) designate the beneficiary of the contract, except as otherwise provided in Section

301(a)(5);

1	(3) apply for and receive a loan on the security of a contract of insurance of annuity;
2	(6) surrender and receive the cash surrender value;
3	(7) exercise an election;
4	(8) change the manner of paying premiums;
5	(9) change or convert the type of insurance or annuity, with respect to which the principal
6	has or claims to have a power described in this section;
7	(10) change the beneficiary of a contract of insurance or annuity, except as otherwise
8	provided in Section 301(a)(5);
9	(11) apply for and procure government aid to guarantee or pay premiums of a contract of
10	insurance on the life of the principal;
11	(12) collect, sell, assign, hypothecate, borrow upon, or pledge the interest of the principal
12	in a contract of insurance or annuity; and
13	(13) pay from proceeds or otherwise, compromise or contest, and apply for refunds in
14	connection with, a tax or assessment levied by a taxing authority with respect to a contract of
15	insurance or annuity or its proceeds or liability accruing by reason of the tax or assessment.
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17	SECTION 312. ESTATES, TRUSTS, AND OTHER BENEFICIARY
18	RELATIONSHIPS.
19	(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 301(a)(5), language granting power with
20	respect to estates, trusts, and other relationships in which the principal is a beneficiary, authorizes
21	the agent to act for the principal in all matters that affect a trust, probate estate, guardianship,
22	conservatorship, escrow, custodianship, or other fund from which the principal is, may become,

2	(1) accept, reject, disclaim, receive, receipt for, sell, assign, release, pledge,
3	exchange, or consent to a reduction in or modification of a share in or payment from the fund;
4	(2) demand or obtain by litigation or otherwise money or other thing of value to
5	which the principal is, may become, or claims to be entitled by reason of the fund;
6	(3) initiate, participate in, and oppose litigation to ascertain the meaning, validity,
7	or effect of a deed, will, declaration of trust, or other instrument or transaction affecting the
8	interest of the principal;
9	(4) initiate, participate in, and oppose litigation to remove, substitute, or surcharge
10	a fiduciary;
11	(5) conserve, invest, disburse, and use anything received for an authorized
12	purpose; and
13	(6) transfer an interest of the principal in real property, stocks, bonds, accounts
14	with financial institutions, insurance, and other property, to the trustee of a revocable trust
15	created by the principal as settlor.
16	(b) Unless expressly authorized in the durable power of attorney, language granting
17	power with respect to estate, trust, and other beneficiary transactions does not include authority
18	to create, modify, or revoke a trust, or fund with the principal's property a trust not created by the
19	principal or a person authorized to create a trust on behalf of the principal.
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21	SECTION 313. GIFTS. Except as otherwise provided in Section 301, language
22	granting power with respect to gifts authorizes the agent to make gifts of any of the principal's

or claims to be entitled, as a beneficiary, to a share or payment, including to:

1	property to individuals or organizations within the limits of the annual exclusion under Section
2	2503(b) of the United States Internal Revenue Code[, or corresponding future provisions of
3	federal tax law,] as the agent determines to be in the principal's best interest based on all relevant
4	factors, including:
5	(1) the value and nature of the principal's property;
6	(2) the principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance;
7	(3) minimization of income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping transfer or gift taxes;
8	(4) eligibility for public benefits or assistance under a statute or governmental regulation;
9	and
10	(5) the principal's personal history of making or joining in the making gifts while living.
11	
12	SECTION 314. CLAIMS AND LITIGATION. Language granting power with respect
13	to claims and litigation authorizes the agent to:
14	(1) assert and prosecute before a court or administrative agency a claim, a claim for relief
15	cause of action, counterclaim, offset, or defense against an individual, organization, or
16	government, including actions to recover property or other thing of value, to recover damages
17	sustained by the principal, to eliminate or modify tax liability, or to seek an injunction, specific
18	performance, or other relief;
19	(2) bring an action to determine adverse claims, intervene in litigation, and act as amicus
20	curiae;
21	(3) in connection with litigation, procure an attachment, garnishment, libel, order of
22	arrest, or other preliminary, provisional, or intermediate relief and use an available procedure to

effect or satisfy a judgment, order, or decree;

- (4) in connection with litigation, perform any lawful act, including acceptance of tender, offer of judgment, admission of facts, submission of a controversy on an agreed statement of facts, consent to examination before trial, and binding the principal in litigation;
- (5) submit to arbitration, settle, and propose or accept a compromise with respect to a claim or litigation;
- (6) waive the issuance and service of process upon the principal, accept service of process, appear for the principal, designate persons upon whom process directed to the principal may be served, execute and file or deliver stipulations on the principal's behalf, verify pleadings, seek appellate review, procure and give surety and indemnity bonds, contract and pay for the preparation and printing of records and briefs, receive and execute and file or deliver a consent, waiver, release, confession of judgment, satisfaction of judgment, notice, agreement, or other instrument in connection with the prosecution, settlement, or defense of a claim or litigation;
- (7) act for the principal with respect to bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, whether voluntary or involuntary, concerning the principal or some other person, with respect to a reorganization proceeding, or a receivership or application for the appointment of a receiver or trustee which affects an interest of the principal in property or other thing of value; and
- (8) pay a judgment against the principal or a settlement made in connection with litigation and receive and conserve money or other thing of value paid in settlement of or as proceeds of a claim or litigation.

SECTION 315. PERSONAL AND FAMILY M	IAINTENANCE.	Language granting
power with respect to personal and family maintenance au	uthorizes the agent	to:

- (1) do the acts necessary to maintain the customary standard of living of the principal, the principal's spouse, children, and other individuals customarily or legally entitled to be supported by the principal, including providing living quarters by purchase, lease, or other contract, or paying the operating costs, including interest, amortization payments, repairs, and taxes, on premises owned by the principal and occupied by those individuals;
- (2) provide for the individuals described in paragraph (1) normal domestic help, usual vacations and travel expenses, and funds for shelter, clothing, food, appropriate education, and other current living costs;
- (3) pay on behalf of the individuals described in paragraph (1) expenses for necessary medical, dental, and surgical care, hospitalization, and custodial care;
- (4) act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to sections 1171 through 1179 of the Social Security Act as added by sections 262 and 264 of Public Law 104-191 [or successor sections] and applicable regulations, in making decisions related to the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care consented to by the principal or anyone authorized under the law of this state to consent to health care on behalf of the principal;
- (5) continue any provision made by the principal, for the individuals described in paragraph (1), for automobiles or other means of transportation, including registering, licensing, insuring, and replacing them;
- (6) maintain or open charge accounts for the convenience of the individuals described in paragraph (1) and open new accounts the agent considers desirable to accomplish a lawful

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(7) continue payments incidental to the membership or affiliation of the principal in a church, club, society, order, or other organization or to continue contributions to those organizations.

SECTION 316. BENEFITS FROM SOCIAL SECURITY, MEDICARE, MEDICAID, OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PROGRAMS, OR MILITARY SERVICE.

- Language granting power with respect to benefits from social security, medicare, medicaid or other governmental programs, or civil or military service, empowers the agent to:
- (1) execute vouchers in the name of the principal for allowances and reimbursements payable by the United States or a foreign government or by a state or subdivision of a state to the principal, including allowances and reimbursements for transportation of the individuals described in Section 314(1), and for shipment of their household effects;
- (2) take possession and order the removal and shipment of property of the principal from a post, warehouse, depot, dock, or other place of storage or safekeeping, either governmental or private, and execute and deliver a release, voucher, receipt, bill of lading, shipping ticket, certificate, or other instrument for that purpose;
- (3) prepare, file, and prosecute a claim of the principal to a benefit or assistance, financial or otherwise, to which the principal claims to be entitled under a statute or governmental regulation;
- (4) prosecute, defend, submit to arbitration, settle, and propose or accept a compromise with respect to any benefits the principal may be entitled to receive; and

1	(5) receive the financial proceeds of a claim of the type described in this section and
2	conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything so received for a lawful purpose.
3	
4	SECTION 317. RETIREMENT PLANS. Except as otherwise provided in Section
5	301, language granting power with respect to retirement plans authorizes the agent to:
6	(1) select payment options under any retirement plan in which the principal participates,
7	including plans for self-employed individuals;
8	(2) make voluntary contributions to those plans;
9	(3) exercise the investment powers available under any self-directed retirement plan;
10	(4) make "rollovers" of benefits into other retirement plans;
11	(5) if authorized by the plan, borrow from, sell assets to, purchase assets from, and
12	request distributions from the plan; and
13	(6) waive the right of the principal to be a beneficiary of a joint or survivor annuity if the
14	principal is a spouse who is not employed.
15	
16	SECTION 318. TAXES. Language granting power with respect to tax matters
17	authorizes the agent to:
18	(1) prepare, sign, and file federal, state, local, and foreign income, gift, payroll, Federal
19	Insurance Contributions Act, and other tax returns, claims for refunds, requests for extension of
20	time, petitions regarding tax matters, and any other tax-related documents, including receipts,
21	offers, waivers, consents, including consents and agreements under Internal Revenue Code
22	Section 2032A [or any successor section], closing agreements, and any power of attorney

- required by the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority with respect to a tax year upon which the statute of limitations has not run and the following 25 tax years;
 - (2) pay taxes due, collect refunds, post bonds, receive confidential information, and contest deficiencies determined by the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority;

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- (3) exercise any election available to the principal under federal, state, local, or foreign tax law; and
 - (4) act for the principal in all tax matters for all periods before the Internal Revenue Service, and any other taxing authority.