National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws 111 N. Wabash Ave Suite 1010 Chicago, IL 60602

#### Dear Commissioners:

The American Bankers Association<sup>1</sup> and the undersigned state bankers associations, representing banks of all sizes, respectfully submit this comment letter for consideration by the Uniform Law Commission. We appreciate the opportunity to provide input on the draft Uniform Personal Data Protection Act as it goes for its final reading before the full Commission.

The American Bankers Association participated as Observers to the Uniform Personal Data Protection Act Committee throughout the drafting process, raising concerns with select provisions of the Act, namely how the Act interacts with federal (and recently passed state) statutes governing privacy. Throughout the drafting committee process, ABA and state bankers associations have submitted comment letters explicitly detailing the industry's concern with various drafts of the Act. Ultimately the Act's final draft contains several problematic provisions and therefore, we regretfully cannot support the Act in its current form should it be introduced in the states and urge its disapproval by the Commission.

# Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (GLBA) Exception

ABA members are strong proponents of protecting consumer data and privacy, and have been subject to extensive federal privacy and data protection laws and regulations, beginning in the early 1970s. The ABA continues to believe that in order to avoid a patchwork of inconsistent requirements, a federal privacy solution is warranted. In lieu of a federal consumer privacy law, a uniform state law endorsed by the ULC should be enactable and take into account the fact that Congress has enacted significant privacy legislation to address the handling of financial information by financial institutions.<sup>2</sup>

Unlike virtually all other entities within the U.S. economy, banks are not simply subject to federal and state privacy laws, but are subject to routine monitoring and testing of financial institutions' compliance with those laws. Examiners are even permanently placed on-site at offices of certain large financial institutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The ABA is the voice of the nation's \$18.7 trillion banking industry, which is comprised of small, midsized, regional and large financial institutions. Together, these institutions employ more than 2 million people, safeguard \$14.6 trillion in deposits and extend more than \$10.5 trillion in loans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Federal privacy laws that banks are subject to include, the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLBA") nonaffiliate disclosure limitations, the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA") affiliate disclosure and marketing limitations and the Right to Financial Privacy Act ("RFPA") limitations on disclosures to the federal government. Banks are also subject to non-targeted federal privacy laws to which banks can be subject specifically, including, for example, the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, the Driver's Privacy Protection Act and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, to name a few.

State privacy legislation has and should continue to recognize these existing federal frameworks crafted by Congress and the strong privacy and data security standards already in place for the financial sector under the GLBA and other financial privacy laws. Specifically, Virginia and Colorado recently passed privacy legislation that contains entity-level GLBA exemption. While we appreciate the Committee's inclusion of an exception to the Act for *information* subject to Title V of the GLBA, limiting the exception *only* to information (as opposed to entities) creates both unnecessary compliance challenges and ignores the existing financial privacy regime that Congress created to provide an effective balance between strong consumer protections and ensuring that consumer financial transactions take place in a safe and secure environment.

ABA believes the Act's information-level GLBA exception provided in Section 11 should likewise have been expanded to include entities subject to the GLBA.

## Private Right of Action

Section 16 of the Act establishes that enforcement of the Act and any respective remedies are dependent on a state's existing consumer protection law. While the draft itself does not explicitly establish a new private right of action, this provision essentially will enable a private right of action in those states whose consumer protection laws create such a right. This new right is contrary to the enforcement regime that has thus far been authorized in consumer privacy legislation. Continuing to pursue a private right of action in the Act will also undoubtedly lead to enactability issues.<sup>3</sup>

## Conclusion

Due to divergence of this Act from current state-passed consumer privacy laws as well as federal privacy regimes with respect to both the GLBA exception and private right of action, ABA urges Commissioners to reject the Act as currently drafted. We greatly appreciate the Commission's consideration of our comments and look forward to continued participation in Commission projects in the future.

### Sincerely,

American Bankers Association
Alabama Bankers Association
Alaska Bankers Association
Arizona Bankers Association
Arkansas Bankers Association
Colorado Bankers Association
Connecticut Bankers Association
Delaware Bankers Association
Florida Bankers Association
Georgia Bankers Association

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This year alone, several state-level consumer privacy bills, including those in Florida and Washington, failed to pass legislatures due to lack of agreement on enforcement mechanisms, in particular the private right of action. In contrast, those states where consumer privacy bills successfully passed the legislature, specifically the recently enacted Virginia Consumer Data Protection Act, and the Colorado Privacy Act, specifically exclude a private right of action and vest enforcement exclusively with the state's attorney general.

Hawaii Bankers Association

Idaho Bankers Association

Illinois Bankers Association

Indiana Bankers Association

Iowa Bankers Association

Kansas Bankers Association

Kentucky Bankers Association

Louisiana Bankers Association

Maine Bankers Association

Maryland Bankers Association

Massachusetts Bankers Association

Michigan Bankers Association

Minnesota Bankers Association

Mississippi Bankers Association

Missouri Bankers Association

Montana Bankers Association

Nebraska Bankers Association

Nevada Bankers Association

New Hampshire Bankers Association

New Jersey Bankers Association

New Mexico Bankers Association

New York Bankers Association

North Carolina Bankers Association

North Dakota Bankers Association

Ohio Bankers League

Oklahoma Bankers Association

Oregon Bankers Association

Pennsylvania Bankers Association

Rhode Island Bankers Association

South Carolina Bankers Association

South Dakota Bankers Association

Tennessee Bankers Association

Texas Bankers Association

**Utah Bankers Association** 

Vermont Bankers Association

Virginia Bankers Association

Washington Bankers Association

West Virginia Bankers Association

Wisconsin Bankers Association

Wyoming Bankers Association