1	Uniform Telehealth Act
2	Edits
3	July 11, 2022
4	Section 1. Title
5	This [act] may be cited as the Uniform Telehealth Act.
6	Section 2. Definitions
7	In this [act]:
8	(1) "Board" means an entity to which this a state has granted the authority to
9	license, certify, or discipline an individual who provides health care.
10	(2) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic,
11	wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
12	(3) "Health care" means care, treatment, a service, or a procedure to maintain,
13	monitor, diagnose, or otherwise affect an individual's physical or mental illness, injury, or
14	condition.
15	(4) "Out-of-state practitioner" means an individual licensed, certified, or
16	otherwise authorized by law of another state to provide health care in that state.
17	(5) "Practitioner" means an individual:
18	(A) licensed or certified under[: cite to applicable state statutes
19	(i)
20	(ii)]; or
21	(B) otherwise authorized by law of this state, including through the
22	registration process established under Section 6, to provide health care in this state.
23	(6) "Professional practice standard" includes a practice requirement imposed by a

1	board, a standard of care, and a standard of professional ethics.
2	(7) "Registered practitioner" means an out-of-state practitioner registered under
3	Section 6.
4	(8) "Registering board" means a board <u>in this state</u> that registers out-of-state
5	practitioners under Section 6.
6	(9) "Scope of practice" means the extent of a practitioner's authority to provide
7	health care.
8	(10) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
9	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any other territory or possession subject to the
10	jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes a federally recognized Indian tribe.
11	(11) "Telecommunication technology" means a technology that supports
12	communication through electronic means. The term is not limited to a regulated technology or a
13	technology associated with a regulated industry.
14	(12) "Telehealth" means use of synchronous or asynchronous telecommunication
15	technology by a practitioner to provide health care to a patient at a different physical location
16	than the practitioner.
17	(13) "Telehealth services" means health care provided through telehealth.
18 19 20 21	Legislative Note: In paragraph (5), a state should cite the statutes that provide for licensure or certification of the types of providers whose provision of telehealth services will be subject to this act.
22	Section 3. Scope MK1]
23	(a) This [act] applies to the provision of telehealth services to a patient located in this
24	state.
25	(b) This [act] does not apply to the provision of telehealth services to a patient located

1 outside this state.

Section 43. Telehealth Authorization

- (a) A practitioner may provide telehealth services to a patient located in this state if the
 services are consistent with the practitioner's scope of practice in this state, the applicable
 professional practice standards in this state, and the requirements and limitations of federal law
 and law of this state.
 - (b) This [act] does not authorize provision of health care otherwise regulated by federal law or law of this state, unless the provision of that health care complies with the requirements, limitations, and prohibitions of that federal <u>law</u> or <u>state</u> law <u>of this state</u>.
 - (c) A practitioner-patient relationship may be established through telehealth.

Section 54. Professional Practice Standard

- (a) A practitioner shall provide telehealth services to a patient located in this state in a manner consistent compliance with the professional practice standards applicable to a practitioner who provides comparable in-person health care in this state. Professional practice standards and law applicable to the provision of health care in this state, including standards and law relating to prescribing medication or treatment, identity verification, documentation, informed consent, confidentiality, privacy, and security, apply to the provision of telehealth services in this state.
- (b) A board or state agency in this state may not adopt or enforce a rule that establishes a different professional practice standard for telehealth services or limits the form of telecommunication technology that may be used for telehealth services.

Section 65. Out-of-State Practitioner

(a) An out-of-state practitioner may provide telehealth services to a patient located in this state if the out-of-state practitioner:

1	(1) holds a license or certification required to provide the health care in this state
2	or is otherwise authorized to provide the health care in this state, including through a multistate
3	compact of which this state is a member;
4	(2) registers under Section 76 with the registering board responsible for licensing
5	or certifying practitioners who provide the type of health care the out-of-state practitioner
6	provides; or
7	(3) provides the telehealth services:
8	(A) in consultation with a practitioner who has established a practitioner-
9	patient relationship with the patient;
10	(B) in the form of a specialty assessment, diagnosis, or recommendation
11	for treatment; or
12	(C) pursuant to a previously established practitioner-patient relationship [if
13	the telehealth services are provided not later than [one year] after the practitioner with whom the
14	patient has a relationship last provided health care to the patient].
15	(b) A requirement for licensure or certification of an out-of-state practitioner who
16	supervises an out-of-state practitioner providing telehealth services may be satisfied through
17	registration under Section <u>76</u> .
18	[(c) A requirement for licensure or certification of an out-of-state practitioner who
19	controls or is otherwise associated with an entity that provides provider of health care to a patient
20	located in this state may be satisfied through registration under Section 76 if the entity does not
21	provide in-person health care to a patient located in this state.]
22 23 24 25	Legislative Note: A state that wishes to limit the length of time for which an out-of-state practitioner may provide care, including follow-up care, under the authorization of subsection $(a)(3)(C)$ may adopt the bracketed provision. The state should specify the length of time for which the authorization is granted.

1	registering board;
2	(8) has professional liability insurance that includes coverage for telehealth
3	services provided to patients located in this state, in an amount equal to or greater than the
4	requirement for a practitioner providing the same services in this state; and
5	(9) pays the registration fee under subsection (c).
6	(b) A registering board shall create the application for registration and form for
7	identifying agents that section $67(a)$ requires.
8	(c) A registering board may establish a registration fee that reflects the expected cost of
9	registration under this section as well as undertaking investigation, disciplinary action, and other
10	activity with respect to registered practitioners.
11	(d) A registering board shall make available to the public information about registered
12	practitioners in the same manner it makes available to the public information about licensed or
13	certified practitioners authorized to provide comparable health care in this state.
14 15 16 17 18	Legislative Note: In subsection (a), a state should specify the boards that will be required to register out-of-state practitioners under this section. In subsection (a)(7), a state should adopt the bracketed provision if it has law governing the appointment of an agent for service of process.
19	Section 78. Disciplinary Action by Registering Board
20	(a) A registering board may take disciplinary action against a registered practitioner who:
21	(1) violates this [act];
22	(2) holds a license or certification that has been restricted in a state; or MK2]
23	(3) has been the subject of disciplinary action disciplined by a board in a state,
24	other than an actiondiscipline relating to a fee payment or continuing education requirement
25	addressed to the satisfaction of the board that took the disciplinary action; or

1	(4) commits an act that is a ground for disciplinary action under the rules
2	applicable to a practitioner licensed or certified to provide comparable health care in this
3	state.[MK3]
4	(b) A registering board may take disciplinary action against a registered practitioner it is
5	authorized to take against a licensed or certified practitioner who provides comparable health
6	care in this state.
7	(c) Disciplinary action under this section may include suspension or revocation of the
8	registered practitioner's registration in accordance with other law of this state applicable to
9	disciplinary action against a practitioner who provides comparable health care in this state.
10 11	Legislative Note: In subsection (c), a state should cite the statutes applicable to suspension or revocation of a license or certification of a practitioner.
12 13	Section 82. Duties of Registered Practitioner
14	A registered practitioner:
15	(1) shall notify the registering board not later than [ten] days after a board in
16	another state notifies the practitioner that it has initiated an investigation, placed a restriction on
17	the registered practitioner's license or certification, or taken a disciplinary action against the
18	registered practitioner;
19	(2) shall maintain professional liability insurance that includes coverage for
20	telehealth services provided to patients located in this state in an amount equal to or greater than
21	the requirement for a licensed or certified practitioner providing the same services in this state;
22	and
23	(3) may not open an office physically located in this state or provide in-person
24	health care to a patient located in this state.
25	Legislative Note: In paragraph (1), a state should specify the time required for notification of the

2 3	registering board after having been notified that a board in another state has initiated an investigation, placed a restriction on the practitioner's license or certification, or taken a disciplinary action with respect to the practitioner.
4 5	Section <u>10</u> 9. Location of Care; Venue
6	(a) The provision of a telehealth service under this [act] occurs at the patient's location at
7	the time the service is provided.
8	(b) A patient may bring a civil мк4] action arising out of a registered мк5] practitioner's
9	provision of a telehealth service to a the patient located in this state [MK6] may be brought [MK7] in
10	the patient's [county] of residence in this state or in another [county] authorized by law.
11	[Section 110. Rulemaking Authority
12	[A board] may adopt rules under [cite to state administrative procedure act] to administer
13	enforce, implement, or interpret this [act].]
14 15 16	Legislative Note: A state should include this section only if the state's administrative procedure act does not provide adequate rulemaking authority to the board.
17	Section 121. Uniformity of Application and Construction
18	In applying and construing this uniform act, a court shall consider the promotion of
19	uniformity of the law among jurisdictions that enact it.
20	[Section 132. Severability
21	If a provision of this [act] or its application to a person or circumstance is held invalid,
22	the invalidity does not affect another provision or application that can be given effect without the
23	invalid provision.]
24 25	Legislative Note: Include this section only if the state lacks a general severability statute or a decision by the highest court of the state stating a general rule of severability.
26 27	[Section 143. Repeals; Conforming Amendments
28	(a)

1 (b)...]
 2 Legislative Note: A state should examine its statutes to determine whether conforming revisions are required by provisions of this act relating to telehealth services.
 Section 154. Effective Date
 6 This [act] takes effect...