

September 30, 2014

Rex Blackburn, Co-Chairman Michael Houghton, Co-Chairman Revise the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act Committee Uniform Law Commission 111 N. Wabash Ave. Suite 1010 Chicago, IL 60602

Dear Commissioners Houghton and Blackburn:

As it has no doubt been true for you and the Uniform Law Commission, summer passed too quickly for NAUPA. There was no cessation of matters to attend to, and the revision of the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act was just one of many projects worked on by NAUPA.

Unlike many other stakeholders, the members of NAUPA are impacted by every change to unclaimed property laws. Consequently, NAUPA has deemed it important to weigh each recommended revision and, where warranted, voice concern. This vetting process has come as a challenge to our largely volunteer organization.

Over the last several months, NAUPA has been working on, and is currently finalizing, a position paper analyzing recommendations made by the American Bar Association (ABA) to the Uniform Law Commission. NAUPA had anticipated submitting this document prior to the November meeting of the drafting committee meeting. However, given your plans to meet in October, it may be more useful for NAUPA to provide a summary statement as to areas of agreement (and disagreement) with the ABA at this time.

Attached for this purpose is a schedule which maps the positions of NAUPA vis-a-vis the recommendations made by the ABA to the Uniform Law Commission.

NAUPA has additionally been analyzing proposals concerning the abandonment of securities as previously proposed to the Uniform Law Commission by the Investment Company Institute (ICI), the Securities Transfer Association (STA), and the Unclaimed Property Professionals Organization (UPPO). NAUPA will likewise be providing the Uniform Law Commission with a position paper analyzing these recommendations. Again, for purposes of your upcoming

October session, it may be useful to note one particular area of disagreement between NAUPA and these industry groups. Whereas ICI, STA and UPPO believe that the abandonment of unclaimed securities should be premised on the owner determined to be "lost" (as evidenced by return mail), NAUPA's position that securities should be deemed unclaimed based on a lack of inactivity/contact with the owner. NAUPA will explain the basis for its position in its unclaimed securities submission to the Uniform Law Commission.

One additional matter that NAUPA feels it is important that the Uniform Law Commission understand is the states' position on life insurance. On August 13, 2014, the American Council of Life Insurers (ACLI) submitted to the Uniform Law Commission a position paper entitled "Unclaimed Property & the Death Master File: Toward a Uniform National Framework." The position paper was accompanied by a copy of the opinion issued by a Florida appellate court in *Thrivent Financial for Lutherans v. Florida Dept. of Financial Institutions*. Based on these materials, ACLI contends that a revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act should not include a requirement for life insurers to search the Social Security Administration's Death Master File and that the proposals that NAUPA previously submitted to the Uniform Law Commission on issued related to unclaimed death benefits are in conflict with state insurance laws. NAUPA disagrees with ACLI's position, and is currently preparing a written response.

If there is desire on your part to have NAUPA's "long form" analysis on these matters for use at your October planning session, please advise NAUPA, and we will endeavor to timely conclude our work. Otherwise, we will plan to provide more detailed narratives coinciding with the November meeting.

Sincerely,

Beth Pearce

Advisor and Vermont State Treasurer

Elgabeth Dance

Carolyn Atkinson

Advisor and Deputy Treasurer, Unclaimed

Property, West Virginia

cc: Charles A. Trost, Reporter Katie Robinson, Staff Liaison

Issue	ABA Position	NAUPA Position	Comment
		Positions of disagreement with ABA highlighted	
1. The "derivative rights" doctrine	Overhaul of anti-limitations.	Leave 1995 Act provision undisturbed.	NAUPA has issued a position paper to the ULC on this subject.
2. The "third priority" rule	Prohibit "third priority" claims.	Allow such claims, as provided for in the 1995 Act.	Third Circuit struck down a far narrower scenario than contemplated by the ABA prohibition.
3. Claims of the state of incorporation to property exempted by the state of last known address.	Prohibit such claims.	Allow such claims, as provided for in the 1995 Act.	Third Circuit struck down a far narrower scenario than contemplated by the ABA prohibition.
4. Business-to-business property.	Create exemption.	Retain as provided for by the 1995 Act.	NAUPA has issued a position paper on this issue to the ULC.
5. Statutes of limitation on state enforcement.	Significantly reduce the statute of limitations.	Expand and clarify the statute of limitations.	NAUPA has issued a position paper and draft language to the ULC on this issue.
6. Preamble	A preamble indicating specific statutory intent (as delineated by the ABA) should be added.	The need for a preamble in lieu of a prefatory note-narrative and in any event is premature until a new act is finalized.	The scope/intent of several ABA preamble provisions is unclear to NAUPA.
7. Distinguish underlying obligation from method of payment	Clarify underlying obligation is controlling.	Clarify underlying obligation is controlling.	NAUPA has previously provided the ULC with draft language on this issue.
8. Definitional categories	Reduce the number of categories	Retain as provided for in the 1995 Act	The ABA has not specified categories for consolidation/elimination.
9. Abandonment periods	Consider lengthening abandonment periods.	Reduce certain abandonment periods.	The ABA has not specified specific abandonment periods to be lengthened. NAUPA has provided the ULC with draft language on this issue. NAUPA remains open

			to reviewing empirical data supporting lengthening abandonment periods.
10. Electronic "contact"	Treat electronic contact as owner contact.	Treat actual electronic communications as contact.	NAUPA does not agree with the ABA that "automatic deposits or withdrawals" should constitute contact. NAUPA has previously provided the ULC with draft language on this issue.
11. Conditions precedent to owner claims	Make binding on the state.	Expand/clarify 1995 Uniform Act provision.	This issue and draft language is addressed in NAUPA's position paper to the ULC on "derivative rights."
12. ERISA	Affirmatively provide that ERISA preempts state unclaimed property laws.	No ERISA exemption, consistent with the 1995 Uniform Act Commissioners' Comment.	
13. De minimis amounts	Permit holders to retain (not report) amounts below the aggregate.	Treat de minimis amounts as provided for in the 1995 Act (reported and remitted to states)	
14. Property held in safekeeping	Limit to financial institutions.	Retain as provided for in the 1995 Act.	NAUPA is interested in learning the ABA rationale for reduced scope.
15. Definition of last known address	Review and potentially narrow definition.	Review and revise as necessary.	NAUPA has previously provided draft language to the ULC on this issue.
16. Aggregate reporting	Mandate the reporting of all owner names and addresses (assumed holder retains amounts under aggregate per issue 13)	Allow holder discretion in reporting owner names and addresses below the aggregate.	
17. Due diligence (owner notification by holder)	Permit prior to the running of the abandonment period.	Permit prior to the running of the abandonment period.	NAUPA has previously provided the ULC with draft language.
18. Forfeitures and penalties of a consequence of reporting	Allow an extension of time to report so as to avoid the owner incurring.	In principal allow, but a narrower approach required.	NAUPA is concerned that forfeitures and penalties would be instituted to avoid reporting.

19. Internet database of reported	Mandate state creation and	Mandate state creation and	NAUPA has previously provided
owners	maintenance.	maintenance.	the ULC with draft language.
20. Newspaper publication of	Mandate publication.	Publication permitted but	NAUPA has previously provided
owner names		discretionary.	the ULC with draft language.
21. Indemnification	Reduce requirements for	Expand requirement to include	NAUPA has previously provided
	eligibility.	performance of due diligence, and	the ULC with draft language.
		retain 1995 Act provisions.	
22. Holder claims for	Allow for offset against amounts	Not allow for holder offset	
reimbursement	reportable to the state.	without state approval.	
23. Indemnification against claims	Expand scope of indemnification	Expand scope of indemnification	
of foreign governments	to include.	to include (provided that eligibility	
		for Indemnification is not relaxed;	
		see Issue 21).	
24. Payment of interest by state	Make mandatory, at rate paid by	Payment of interest at state	NAUPA has previously provided
	holder.	discretion; rate at state	the ULC with draft language.
		discretion.	
25. Rules for taking custody	Modify to conform to prohibition	Retain as provided for in the 1995	
,	of "third priority" rule.	Act.	
26. Recovery of property reported	Permit	Already permitted; if considered	
under mistake of law or fact		necessary, no objection (provided	
		substantiation)	
Attorneys' fees and costs	Expand; allow for holders and	Retain as provided for in the 1995	
·	claimants to be awarded when	Act.	
	either prevails in a dispute with		
	the state.		
28. Interest-bearing property	Allow state to disclaim (and leave	Acceptable; however NAUPA	
	custody with holder)	believes payment of interest on	
	, .	state claims should be	
		discretionary (see Issue 24).	
29. Negative reports	Limit applicability to holders	Retain as provided for in the 1995	NAUPA is unclear as to the
	subject to state's jurisdiction	Act.	jurisdictional standard being
	under Supreme Court "priority		promoted by the ABA.
	rules."		·

30. Holder assessment of audit	Eliminate.	Retain as provided for in the 1995	
costs		Act.	
31. Attorney's fees assessed	Limit to situations where the	Retain as provided for in the 1995	NAUPA does not concur that the
against holders	holder acted with fraud or willful	Act.	states have greater leverage than
	misconduct.		holders in legal actions.
32. Late reporting interest	Change the rate to a floating rate	Agreeable to changing the rate	
	and not a fixed rate.	that reflects the income the state	
		would have received if in	
		possession of the property.	
33. Penalty calculations	Clarify that penalties are to be	Retain as provided for in the 1995	
	calculated for a holder's non-	Act but agreeable to limiting	
	compliance and not for each act	penalties as a function of the	
	of non-compliance.	unreported property.	
34. Waiver of interest and	Make mandatory where a holder	Retain as provided for in the 1995	If interest is to be modified to be
penalties	acted in good faith.	Act.	compensatory as opposed to
			punitive (see Issue 32), there will
			be limited scenarios for the
			waiver of interest.
35. Retroactivity	Prohibit reachback for periods	Retain as provided for in in the	The N.J. Retail Merchs. Ass'n case
	prior to the adoption of a new	1995 Act.	is limited to situations where the
	Act.		state includes a property type not
			previously subject to reporting.