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FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP, CONSERVATORSHIP, AND OTHER PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS ACT

REVISED UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP AND PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS ACT

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF COMMISSIONERS

ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS

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January 2March 9, 2017

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REVISED-UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP, <u>CONSERVATORSHIP, AND OTHER</u> <u>PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENTS ACT</u>-AND PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS ACT

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REVISED-UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP, <u>CONSERVATORSHIP, AND OTHER</u> <u>PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENTS ACT</u> AND PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS ACT

Prefatory Note

The Act replaces the Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act (UGPPA) approved by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws in 1997. It may be enacted either as a free-standing Act or as part of the Uniform Probate Code (UPC). States enacting the Act as part of the UPC should consult Article V of the UPC for the official text of

10 the Act as conformed to the Code's definitions and general provisions.

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12 The Act covers guardianships and conservatorships for both minors and adults, as well as court 13 orders in lieu of guardianship or conservatorship. It consists of six articles. Article 1

14 contains definitions and general provisions applicable to both guardianships and

15 conservatorships. Article 2 governs guardianships for minors, whether appointed by a court or

16 by a parent. Article 3 governs guardianships for adults. Article 4 covers conservatorships for

both minors and adults. Article 5 contains boilerplate provisions common to Uniform Acts.

18 Article 6 contains optional forms that can be used by persons petitioning for guardianship or

conservatorship, and by courts rendering orders as a result of such petitions or notifying persons
 <u>individuals</u> subject to guardianship or conservatorship of their rights.

21

The revised Act is the result of the work of the Drafting Committee which, in consultation with a broad range of observers representing a range of constituencies, was charged with revising UGPPA to update the Act including by implement some of the recommendations of the Third

National Guardianship Summit (NGS) held in 2011. The Drafting Committee's work built upon

two earlier versions of the Act: the 1982 UGPPA which significantly advanced guardianship law

by recognizing limited guardianship, and the 1997 UGPPA which further advanced the law by,

among other things, adopting a functional definition of capacity and emphasizing that

guardianship and conservatorship should be options of last resort. The 1982 UGPPA in turn
 build upon the provisions of Article V of the UPC as originally approved in 1969.

30 31

32 The revised Act has three overarching aims.

33

34 First, it aims to reflect the person-centered philosophy endorsed by the NGS. This approach is 35 evidenced in the revised Act's updated terminology. The terms "ward" and "incapacitated person," which were rejected by the NGS as demeaning and even offensive, are eliminated and 36 the terms "adult subject to guardianship" and "person subject to conservatorshipindividual 37 38 subject to conservatorship" used instead. The person-centered approach is also evident in new 39 provisions requiring that individuals persons subject to guardianship or conservatorship be given 40 meaningful notice of their rights and how to assert them; provisions that require individuals 41 persons subject to guardianship and conservatorship be involved in decisions about their lives;

42 the addition of requirements that guardians create person-centered plans; and provisions to

43 facilitate court monitoring of compliance with these plans.

44

45 Second, it aims to create a set of legal rules that advance the key objectives embraced by the

46 NGS and that otherwise successfully address key challenges surrounding guardianships and

1 conservatorships. These objectives focus on protecting and respecting the rights and interests of

2 both persons alleged to need a guardian or conservator and <u>individualspersons</u> subject to

3 guardianship or conservatorship. This includes ensuring that the least restrictive means are used

- 4 to protect an individual alleged to need a guardianship or conservatorship, providing better
- 5 guidance to guardians and conservators, and helping courts to do a better job monitoring
- 6 guardians and conservators.7

8 Third, it aims to advance rules and systems that make it easier for all persons involved in

9 the process—whether they be petitioners, <u>individualspersons</u> subject to guardianship or

10 conservatorship, guardians, or judges—to achieve these objectives. It does this in a number of

11 ways including by creating new petition requirements designed to ensure that judges have the 12 information they need to make appropriate decisions; by creating an option for courts to enter

13 orders in lieu of guardianship or conservatorship where such less restrictive alternative

14 would still meet a respondent's need; and by offering model forms that can be used to make it

15 less burdensome for petitioners to seek limited appointments instead of full ones, and easier for

16 courts to craft limited orders instead of full appointments.

17

18 With these overarching objectives in mind, there are a number of more specific changes that are19 likely to be particularly noteworthy to those considering the Act's adoption.

20

21 First, the revised Act includes clearer guidance to appointees, many of whom are lay people.

22 Specifically, the Act clarifies how appointees are to make decisions, including those about

23 particularly fraught issues such as medical treatment and residential placement. Notably, these

24 clarifications are consistent with the person-centered approach embraced by the Act in that

25 appointees are given specific guidance as to involving the person in decisions.

26

27 Second, the revised Act recognizes the role of, and encourages the use of, less restrictive

28 alternatives, including supported decision-making and single-issue court orders in lieu of instead

29 <u>of guardianship and conservatorship</u>. To this end, the revised Act provides that neither

30 guardianship nor conservatorship are appropriate where the person's needs could be met with

31 technological assistance or decision-making support. It also allows for a protective order <u>instead</u>

- 32 <u>ofin lieu of guardianship or conservatorship; the 1997 version, by contrast, only provided for</u>
- 33 such an order <u>as an alternative t-in lieu ofo</u> conservatorship.
- 34

35 Third, the revised Act expands the procedural rights for respondents with the aim of ensuring

that such persons' rights are fully respected and that guardianships and conservatorships are only

37 imposed when less restrictive means are not feasible. In expanding these protections, the

38 Drafting Committee worked to strike a balance between the need to provide meaningful

39 procedural rights for persons alleged to need a guardian or conservator, and the need not to make

40 the process for appointing a guardian or conservator overly complex or expensive. Key revisions

41 include a narrowing of the exception to the general rule that the respondent must be present at

42 the hearing, a requirement that explicit findings be made before certain fundamental rights are

removed, and the elimination of provisions that would have allowed appointment of a guardianfor an adult by will or writing without prior judicial approval.

1 Fourth, the revised Act provide for enhanced monitoring of guardians and conservators as a way 2 of ensuring that such appointees are conforming to their fiduciary duties and protecting against 3 exploitation of those subject to guardianship and conservatorship. One innovation in the revised 4 Act is to allow the court to identify people who will be given notice of certain key changes or 5 suspect actions, and who can therefore serve as an extra set of eyes and ears for the court. Other 6 revisions include a provision that makes bond a default option for conservators and provisions 7 that clarify factors relevant in determining the reasonableness of fees for guardians and 8 conservators. 9

10 Fifth, the revised Act provides enhanced procedural rights for individualspersons subject to guardianship and conservatorship. Key revisions include a provision that the court provide the 11 12 person with plain-language notice of key rights, provisions for attorney representation of persons 13 subject to guardianship individuals subject to guardianship and conservatorship, greater scrutiny 14 of the guardian or conservator's ability to charge fees to oppose the person's efforts to alter the 15 appointment, and additional triggers for reconsideration of an appointment.

16

17 Sixth, recognizing that persons subject to guardianship individuals subject to guardianship and conservatorship benefit from visitation and communication with third parties, the revised Act 18 19 sets forth specific rights to such interactions. In recent years, some family members of persons 20 subject to guardianship individuals subject to guardianship have raised concerns that guardians 21 have unreasonably restricted the ability of persons subject to guardianship individuals subject to 22 guardianship to receive visitors and communicate with others, and family advocates have 23 encouraged legislative responses to address this concern. The revised Act includes a variety of 24 provisions addressing this concern. These include a limitation on a guardian's ability to curtail 25 communications, visits, or interactions between the adult subject to guardianship and third 26 parties and a requirement that the guardian give priority to a residential settings that allow the 27 person to interact with those important to the person. Along similar vein, it establishes a default 28 that the adult children and spouse of an adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship are 29 entitled to notice of the person's death or a significant change in the person's condition.

30

31 Seventh, the revised Act contains a variety of provisions that are designed to improve the Act's 32 instruction that a full guardianship or conservatorship must not be imposed where a limited one would meet the person's needs. The Drafting Committee recognized that, despite the best efforts 33 34 of previous Committees, there is a lack of compliance with the 1997 Act's requirement that 35 limited guardianships and conservatorships be used where they would meet the person's needs. In order to facilitate compliance with this direction, the Drafting Committee has -crafted a 36 37 sample petition which makes it easier for a petitioner to seek a limited order, and a sample order 38 which makes it easier for a court to craft a limited order. In addition, the revised Act requires 39 petitioners seeking a full guardianship or conservatorship to do more to justify that approach, and 40 courts imposing a full guardianship to provide findings to support that imposition.

41

42 Eight, the revised Act modernizes and clarifies provisions related to minors subject to

guardianship. For example, consistent with modern trends in the law, the revised Act provides 43

44 for greater involvement of minors in decisions involving them. The age of involvement for a

45 minor has been lowered from 14 to 12, the decision-making standard for guardians now calls on

them to consider the minors' views, and an attorney must be appointed for a minor in certain 46

- 1 situations. The revised Act also provides greater guidance to those petitioning for guardianship
- of a minor, courts determining whether they had jurisdiction over guardianship for minors, and
 guardians making decisions on behalf of minors.
- 4
- 5 Finally, the revised Act has been reorganized with the aim of making the act easier to
- 6 understand. Ease of use is important as many of those who need to comply with its directives are
- 7 not attorneys, but are family members or friends responding to urgent or unstable circumstances
- 8 and persons with limited resources and significant functional challenges.

1	ARTICLE 1
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE. This [act] may be cited as the Uniform Guardianship.
4	Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act and Protective Proceedings Act.
5	SECTION 102. DEFINITIONS. In this [act]:
6	(1) <u>"Adult" means an individual [18] years of age or older or an emancipated</u>
7	individual under the age of [18].
8	(2) "Adult subject to conservatorship" means an adult for whom a conservator has been
9	appointed under this [act].
10	(3) "Adult subject to guardianship" means an adult for whom a guardian has been
11	appointed <u>under this [aAct]</u> .
12	$(\underline{42})$ "Claim," with respect to an individual subject to guardianship or an individual
13	subject to conservatorship-minor or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship, _includes a
14	claim against an individual, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, and a claim against a
15	conservatorshipn estate which arises at or after the appointment of a conservator, including
16	expenses of administration.
17	(53) "Conservator" means a person who is appointed by a court to make decisions with
18	respect to the property and financial affairs of an person subject to conservatorship individual
19	subject to- conservatorshipeonservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship. The term
20	includes a limited conservator.
21	(6) "Conservatorship estate" means the tangible and intangible property that is the subject
22	of a conservatorship under this [act].
23	(74) "Court" means the [designate appropriate court].

(85) "Decision-making support" means assistance from that one or more persons of 1 2 anthe individual's choosing in understanding assist the individual to understand the nature and 3 consequences of potential personal and financial decisions so that enables the individual to can 4 make such decisions and, whenere consistent with the individual's wishes, assisting the 5 individual to communicate in communicating such decisionss once made. 6 (96) "Full conservatorship" means a conservatorship under which the conservator is 7 granted all powers available under the law of this statestate conservatorship law with no 8 restriction except as provided in [this act]. 9 (107) "Full guardianship" means a guardianship under which the guardian is granted all 10 powers available under the law of this statestate guardianship law with no restriction except as 11 provided in [this act]. 12 (118) "Guardian" means a person appointed by a court to make decisions with respect to 13 the personal affairs of an individual minor or adult subject to guardianship. The term includes a 14 limited guardian, emergency guardian, and temporary substitute guardian. The term does not 15 include-but not a guardian ad litem. (129) "Guardian ad litem" means a person appointed to inform the court about, and to 16 represent, the needs and best interests of an individual. 17 18 "Individual subject to conservatorship" means an adult or minor for whom a (13)19 conservator has been appointed. (14) "Individual subject to guardianship" means an adult or minor for whom a guardian 20 21 has been appointed. (150) "Less restrictive means" means approaches to meeting an individual person's 22 23 needs that remove fewer rights than would the appointment of a guardian or a conservator. The

term includes appropriate decision-making support, appropriate technological assistance, the 1 2 appointment of an agent by the respondent including appointment of an agent under a power of 3 attorney for health-care] or power of attorney for finances] [made pursuant to the Uniform 4 Health-Care Decisions Act (1993)], and a protective arrangement under Section 117118order in 5 lieu of guardianship or conservatorship. 6 (161) "Letters of office" includes means letters of guardianship orand letters of 7 conservatorship. (1<u>7</u>2)_-"Limited conservatorship" means a conservatorship under which <u>thea</u> conservator 8 9 is granted less than all powers available under the law of this state[state conservatorship law], is granted powers over only certain propertyassets, or the powers of the conservator are otherwise 10 11 restricted. 12 (183) "Limited guardianship" means a guardianship under which the guardian is granted 13 less than all powers available under the law of this state state guardianship law or the powers of 14 the guardian are otherwise restricted. 15 (194) "Minor" means an unemancipated individual who has not attained [18] years of 16 age. (20) "Minor subject to conservatorship" means a minor for whom a conservator has been 17 18 appointed under this [act]. 19 (2115) "Minor subject to guardianship" means a minor for whom a guardian has been appointed by a parent under Section 202 or by a court under Section 204. under this [act]. 20 21 (2216) "Parent" means a parent whose parental rights have not been terminated. 22 (2317) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation, government<u>or</u>, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal 23

1	entity.
2	(24) "Property" includes tangible and intangible property.
3 4	(18) "Person subject to conservatorship <u>Individual subject to</u> " means a minor or adult for
5	whom a conservator has been appointed.
6	(2519) "Protective arrangementorder as instead of in lieu of guardianship or
7	conservatorship" means a court order entered pursuant tounder Section 11887. The term
8	includes a court order authorizing a single transaction.
9	(260) "Respondent" means an individual for whom the appointment of a guardian or
10	conservator or <u>a protective order in lieuprotective arrangement instead of of</u> guardianship or
11	conservatorship is sought.
12	(274) "Standby guardian" means a person appointed under Section 207 by a court, or a
13	parent for a minor, to act as guardian the guardian is unable or unwilling to act, or on such other
14	event as specified in a court order or parental writing appointing the standby guardian.
15	(22) "Standby conservator" means a person appointed by a court to act as conservator
16	the conservator is unable or unwilling to act, or on such other event as specified in a court order
17	appointing the standby conservator.
18	(21) "Standby guardian" means a person appointed by a parent under Section 202 to
19	assume the role of guardian of a minor in the event that the conditions set forth in Section 202(c)
20	are satisfied.
21	$(\underline{28232})$ "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
22	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
23	jurisdiction of the United States.
24	[(234) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan Native village, which is

recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.]

2

SECTION 103. SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF LAW

APPLICABLE. Unless displaced by the particular provisions of this [act], the principles of law
and equity supplement its provisions.

5

SECTION 104. SUBJECT-MATTER JURISDICTION.

(a) Except to the extent that jurisdiction is precluded by [insert citation to Uniform Child
Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act], the court of this state has jurisdiction over <u>a</u>
guardianship for <u>a</u> minors and protective <u>arrangements orders</u> in<u>stead of lieu of</u> guardianship for
<u>a</u>-minors domiciled or present in this state. The court of this state has jurisdiction over <u>a</u>
conservatorship for <u>a</u> minor <u>and a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for a minors</u>
domiciled in or having property located in this state.
(b) The court of this state has jurisdiction over <u>a</u> guardianship, conservatorship, and

protective <u>arrangement</u> orders in<u>stead-lieu</u> of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult
individual-as provided in the [insert citation to Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective
Proceedings Jurisdiction Act].

(c) After service of notice in a proceeding seeking a guardianship, conservatorship, or
protective <u>arrangement instead of order in lieu of</u> guardianship or conservatorship and until
termination of the proceeding, the court in which the petition is filed has:

19

(1) exclusive jurisdiction to determine the need for a guardianship,

conservatorship, or protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship or
 conservatorship;

(2) exclusive jurisdiction to determine how the <u>estate-property</u> of the respondent
which is subject to the laws of this state must be managed, expended, or distributed to or for the

use of the respondent, <u>an</u> individuals who <u>isare</u> dependent upon the respondent, or other
 claimants; and

3 (3) concurrent jurisdiction to determine the validity of <u>a</u> claims against the
4 <u>respondent person or propertyestate</u> of the respondent and <u>a questions</u> of title concerning assets
5 <u>of the estatethe property</u>.

6 (d) A court that has appointed a guardian or conservator, or <u>authorized issued</u> a
7 protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship
8 consistent with this [act], has exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over the proceeding until it is
9 terminated by the court or the appointment or <u>protective arrangementorder</u> expires by its own
10 terms.

11

- SECTION 105. TRANSFER OF PROCEEDINGS.
- 12 <u>(a)</u>

13 Except for a guardianship or conservatorship for an adult that is subject to the transfer provisions

14 of [insert citation to Article 3 of the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings

15 <u>Jurisdiction Act]</u>, as otherwise provided in subsection (b), the following rules apply:

(1) After the appointment of a guardian or conservator or entry of a protective
order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship, the court
making the appointment or entering the orderauthorizing the arrangement may transfer the
proceeding to a court in another [county] in this state or to another state if the court is satisfied
that a transfer will serve the best interest of the individual subject to the proceeding.

(2) If a proceeding for a guardianship, conservatorship, or protective arrangement
 proceeding seeking a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement-instead of guardianship
 or conservatorship is pending in another state or a foreign country and a petition for

guardianship, conservatorship, or protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of
 guardianship or conservatorship is filed in a court in this state, the court in this state shall notify
 the original court and, after consultation with the original court, assume or decline jurisdiction,
 whichever is in the best interest of the respondent.

5 (3) A guardian, conservator, or like fiduciary appointed in another state may 6 petition the court for appointment as a guardian or conservator in this state if venue in this state 7 is or will be established. The appointment may be made on proof of appointment in the other 8 state and presentation of a certified copy of the portion of the court record in the other state 9 specified by the court in this state. Notice of hearing on the petition, together with a copy of the 10 petition, must be given to the respondent, if the respondent has attained 12 years of age, and to 11 the persons who would be entitled to notice if the regular procedures for appointment of a 12 guardian or conservator under this [act] were applicable. The court shall make the appointment 13 in this state unless it concludes that the appointment would not be in the best interest of the 14 respondent. On the filing of an acceptance of office and any required bond, the court shall issue 15 appropriate letters of office guardianship or conservatorship. Not later than 14 days after an 16 appointment, the guardian or conservator shall send or deliver a copy of the order of appointment 17 to the minor or adultindividual subject to guardianship or conservatorship, if the person 18 individual has attained 12 years of age, and to all persons given notice of the hearing on the 19 petition.

(b) This section does not apply to a guardianship or conservatorship or protective order
 in lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult individual that is subject to the transfer
 provisions of [insert citation to Article 3 of the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective
 Proceedings Jurisdiction Act (2007)].

SECTION 106. VENUE.

(a) Venue for a guardianship proceeding for a minor or a protective arrangement instead
of guardianship for a minor is in the [county] of this state in which the minor resides or is present
at the time the proceeding is commenced commences, or the [county] where another proceeding
concerning the custody and parental rights of the minor is pending.
(b) Venue for a guardianship proceeding or a protective order in lieu of protective

7 <u>arrangement instead of guardianship for an adult is in the [county] of this state in which the</u> 8 respondent resides and, if the respondent has been admitted to an institution by order of a court 9 of competent jurisdiction, in the [county] in which the court is located. Venue for the 10 appointment of an emergency or a temporary substitute guardian of an adult is also in the 11 [county] in which the respondent is present.

(c) Venue for a conservatorship proceeding or a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is in the [county] of this state in which the respondent resides, whether or not a guardian has been appointed in another place or, if the respondent does not reside in this state, in any [county] of this state in which property of the respondent is <u>locatedresides</u>.

(d) If a proceeding under this [act] is brought in more than one [county] in this state, the
court of the [county] in which the proceeding is first brought has the exclusive right to proceed
unless th<u>eat</u> court determines that venue is properly in another court or that the interests of justice
otherwise requires that the proceeding be transferred.

21

SECTION 107. PRACTICE IN COURT.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this [act], the rules of evidence and the rules of civil
 procedure, including the rules concerning appellate review, govern proceedings under this [act].

(b) If guardianship and conservatorship as to the same individual are commenced or
 pending in the same court, the proceedings may be consolidated.

- 3 [(c) A respondent may demand a jury trial for proceedings under this [act] that seek to
 4 determine whether the basis for appointment of a guardian or conservator exists.]
- 5

SECTION 108. LETTERS OF OFFICE.

6 (a) On the guardian's filing of an acceptance of office, the court shall issue 7 appropriate letters of guardianship. On the conservator's filing of an acceptance of office and 8 any required bond or compliance with any other required-asset_-protection arrangement required 9 by the court, the court shall issue appropriate letters of conservatorship. Limitations on the 10 powers of a guardian or conservator or on the propertyf the assets subject to a conservatorship 11 shall be stated on the guardian's or conservator's letters.

- 12 (b) The court may limit at any time the powers of a guardian or conservator otherwise
- 13 <u>conferred</u>. In either event, the court shall issue new letters of office to reflect the limitation,
- 14 removal, or modification.

15

16

17

SECTION 109. EFFECT OF ACCEPTANCE OF APPOINTMENT. By accepting appointment, a guardian or conservator submits personally to the jurisdiction of the court in any proceeding relating to the guardianship or conservatorship.

18

SECTION 110. CO-APPOINTEES-OR SUCCESSOR APPOINTEES.

(a) The court may appoint a co-guardian or co-conservator at any time, including at the
 time of the initial order, to serve immediately or upon some other designated event, and may

- 21 appoint a successor guardian or conservator in the event of a vacancy or make the appointment in
- 22 contemplation of a vacancy, to serve if a vacancy occurs.

1	(b) A co-guardian <u>or</u> , co-conservator <u>, or successor guardian or conservator</u> may file an
2	acceptance of appointment at any time after the appointment within the later of 30 days of after
3	the occurrence of the vacancy or other the designated event or 10 days after learning of the
4	vacancy or other designated event.
5	(c) The co-guardian <u>or</u> , co-conservator, or successor guardian or conservator becomes
6	eligible to act on the occurrence of the vacancy or designated event, or the filing of the
7	acceptance of appointment, whichever last occurs. A successor guardian or conservator succeeds
8	to the predecessor's powers, and a successor conservator succeeds to the predecessor's title to
9	the assets of the person subject to conservatorship.
10	(d) Not later than 30 days after a successor guardian or conservator succeeds to the
11	predecessor's powers, the successor guardian or conservator appointed in contemplation of a
12	vacancy shall file a petition for confirmation with the court. Not later than 90 days after the
13	filing of the petition, the court shall issue an order confirming the appointment, hold a hearing on
14	the petition, or do both.
15	SECTION 1110. JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF STANDBYSUCCESSOR
16	GUARDIAN OR SUCCESSOR, CONSERVATOR
17	(a) A successor standby guardian may be appointed by the court at the same time the
18	court appoints a guardian, or at anytime during the existence of a guardianship, to serve
19	immediately or upon a future event.
20	(b) A standby successor conservator may be appointed by the court at the time the
21	court appoints a conservator, or at anytime during the existence of a conservatorship, to serve
22	immediately or upon a future event.
23	(c) Any person entitled to petition for a guardian under Section 202 or 302 of this Act

1	may petition the court to appoint a standby successor guardian. Any person entitled to petition
2	the court to appoint a conservator under Section 402 of this Act-may petition the court to appoint
3	a-standby-successor conservator.
4	(d) A standby successor guardian or standby conservator appointed by a court to serve
5	upon a future event becomes eligible to serve as guardian or conservator uponif:
6	(1) the guardian or conservator being is unable or unwilling to perform the
7	duties of the guardian or conservator, or upon such other event designated by the court-or by the
8	parental will or writing appointing the standby guardian; and
9	(2) the standby successor guardian or standby successor conservator files an
10	acceptance of appointment, which must be filed by the later of 30 days after the guardian's the
11	event triggering the appointment or 10 days after the standby successor guardian learns of the
12	event triggering the appointment as guardian.
13	(ef) Not later than 90 days after the filing of the acceptance of appointment, the court
14	shall issue an order confirming the appointment, hold a hearing on the petition, or do both.
15	(fg) A successor standby guardian or successor conservator appointed by a court shall
16	succeeds to the predecessor's powers unless otherwise limited by the court.
17	(gh) Acts done by of the standby successor guardian or conservator after
18	the event triggering the appointment, but before the satisfaction of the requirements of
19	Section-subsection (d)(2) shall-have the same effect as those that occurred after the filing of
20	the acceptance of the appointment.
21	SECTION 111. PARENTAL APPOINTMENT OF STANDBY GUARDIAN,
22	CONSERVATOR
23	(a) A standby guardian or standby conservator may be appointed by a parent for any

1	minor child the parent has or may have in the future by will or other signed writing. An
2	appointment by a parent which is effected by filing the standby guardian's acceptance
3	under a will probated in the state of the testator's domicile is effective in this state.
4	(b) The appointment is only effective during the period of the minor's minority. The
5	appointment of a standby guardian by a parent does not supersede the parental rights of
6	either parent. If both parents are dead or have been adjudged unwilling or unable to
7	<u>exercise their parental rights, an appointment by the last parent who died or was adjudged</u>
8	unable or unwilling to exercise parental rights has priority. The appointing parent may
9	revoke or amend the appointment before confirmation by the court.
10	(c) Upon petition of an appointing parent and a finding that the appointing parent will
11	likely become unable to care for the child within [two] years, and after notice as provided
12	in Section 205(a), the court, before the appointment becomes effective, may confirm the
13	parent's selection of a standby guardian and terminate the rights of others to object.
14	(d) A standby guardian or standby conservator appointed by a parent for a
15	minor becomes eligible to serve as guardian or conservator upon:
16	(1) the parent's death or other event as specified in a court order or parental writing
17	appointing the standby guardian;
18	(2) the court confirms the standby guardian or standby conservator, or by the later of
19	30 days after the guardian's the event triggering the appointment or 10 days after the
20	standby guardian learns of the event triggering the appointment as guardian, the standby
21	guardian files:
22	(A) an acceptance of appointment,
23	(B) a copy of the will, if available, with the court of the [county] in which the will was or

1	could be probated or, in the case of another appointing instrument, file the acceptance of
2	appointment and the appointing instrument, if available, with the court of the [county] in
3	which the minor resides or is present; and
4	(C) the standby guardian gives written notice of the acceptance of appointment to the
5	appointing parent, if living, the minor, if the minor has attained 12 years of age, and a
6	person other than the parent having care and custody of the minor. Unless the
7	appointment was previously confirmed by the court, the notice given under this subsection
8	must include a statement of the right of those notified to terminate the appointment by
9	filing a written objection as provided in subsection (e).
10	<u>(d) Not later than 90 days after the filing of the acceptance of appointment, the</u>
11	court shall issue an order confirming the appointment, hold a hearing on the petition, or do
12	both.
13	<u>(e) Unless the court has confirmed an appointment of appointee under</u>
14	subsection (c) or (d), the following persons may file a written objection with the court:
15	(1) a minor who is the subject of an appointment
16	(2) any person entitled to petition for appointment of a guardian for the minor under
17	Section 205 of this Act r a conservator for the minor under Section 402 of this Act.
18	(c) A person filing an objection under section (a) must give notice the objection to the
19	standby guardian and any other persons entitled to notice of the acceptance of the
20	appointment under Section 124(e)(2)(c) of this Act.
21	(f) If an objection is filed, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the standby
22	guardian should be confirmed and, if not, whether another person should be appointed.
23	The court may treat the filing of an objection as a petition for the appointment of an

	1	emergency or a temporary guardian under Section 204, and proceed accordingly.
	2	(g) An objection made under this Section may be withdrawn, and if withdrawn is of no
	3	<u>effect.</u>
	4	(d) Not later than 30 days after a successor guardian or conservator succeeds to the
	5	predecessor's powers, the successor guardian or conservator appointed in contemplation of
	6	<u>a vacancy shall file a petition for confirmation with the court. Not later than 90 days after</u>
	7	<u>the filing of the petition, the court shall issue an order confirming the appointment, hold a</u>
	8	hearing on the petition, or do both.
	9	(h) Acts done by the standby guardian or conservator after the event triggering the
	10	appointment, but before the satisfaction of the requirements of Section (c)(2) have the same
	11	effect as those that occurred after the filing of the acceptance of the appointment.
l	10	
	12	
1	12 13	SECTION 11 <mark>2</mark> 4. <u>EFFECT OF</u> REMOVAL, RESIGNATION, OR DEATH OF
		SECTION 11 <u>2</u> 4. <u>EFFECT OF</u> REMOVAL, RESIGNATION, OR DEATH OF APPOINTEE.
	13	
	13 14	APPOINTEE.
	13 14 15	APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates up on the death, resignation,
	13 14 15 16	APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator.
	13 14 15 16 17	 APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator. (b) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for permission to resign. The
	 13 14 15 16 17 18 	 APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator. (b) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for permission to resign. The petition may include a request for a successor appointee. A resignation of a guardian or
	 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator. (b) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for permission to resign. The petition may include a request for a successor appointee. A resignation of a guardian or conservator or guardian is effective when approved by the court.
	 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator. (b) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for permission to resign. The petition may include a request for a successor appointee. A resignation of a guardian or conservator or guardian is effective when approved by the court. (c) A minor or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship or a person interested in
	 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 APPOINTEE. (a) The appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates upon the death, resignation, or removal of the guardian or conservator. (b) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for permission to resign. The petition may include a request for a successor appointee. A resignation of a guardian or conservator or guardian is effective when approved by the court. (c) A minor or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship or a person interested in the welfare of a minor or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship may for good cause

1	(dc) <u>Resignation or removal</u> Termination of the appointment of <u>of</u> a guardian or
2	conservator does not affect liability for previous acts or the obligation to account for actions
3	taken on behalf of the minor or adultindividual subject to guardianship or conservatorship, or to
4	account for the <u>individualperson</u> 's money or other <u>property</u> assets.
5	SECTION 11 <u>3</u> 2. GENERAL NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.
6	(a) If Except as otherwise ordered by the court for good cause, if notice of a hearing on a
7	petition filed under this [act] is required, other than a notice for which specific requirements are
8	otherwise provided, the petitioner shall give notice of the time and place of the hearing to the
9	person to be notified unless otherwise ordered by the court for good cause. Notice must be given
10	in compliance with [insert the applicable rule of civil procedure], at least 14 days before the
11	hearing unless this [act] provides otherwise.
12	(b) Proof of notice must be made before or at the hearing and filed in the proceeding.
13	(c) <u>NA notice under this [act] must be given in plain language.</u>
14	SECTION 1143. WAIVER OF NOTICE. A person may waive notice <u>under this [act]</u>
15	by a writing signed by the person or the person's attorney and filed in the proceeding, except that
16	. However, a respondent or minor or adultindividual subject to guardianship, an individual
17	subject to conservatorship, or an individual for whom a protective arrangement instead of
18	guardianship or conservatorship has been ordered, protective order in lieu of protective
19	arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship may not waive notice.
20	SECTION 1154. GUARDIAN AD LITEM. At any stage of a proceeding, the court
21	may appoint a guardian ad litem if the court determines that representation of an individual's
22	interest otherwise would be inadequate. If not precluded by a conflict of interest, a guardian ad
23	litem may be appointed to represent several individuals or interests. The guardian ad litem may

not be the same person individual as the attorney representing <u>athe</u> respondent. The court shall
 state on the record the duties of the guardian ad litem and its reasons for the appointment.

3

SECTION 11<u>6</u>5. REQUEST FOR NOTICE; INTERESTED PERSONS.

4 (a) An interested person not otherwise entitled to notice who desires to be notified before 5 any order is made in a proceeding under this [act]guardianship or conservatorship proceeding, 6 including a proceeding after the appointment of a guardian or conservator, may file a request for 7 notice with the clerk of the court in which the proceeding is pending. The clerk shall send or deliver a copy of the request to the guardian and to the conservator if one has been appointed. A 8 9 request is not effective unless it contains a statement showing the interest of the person making it 10 and the address of that person or an attorney lawyer to whom notice is to be given. The request 11 is effective only as to proceedings conducted after its filing.

(b) A governmental agency paying or planning to pay benefits to <u>a the</u>-respondent or <u>an</u>
<u>individualminor or adult</u> subject to conservatorship or <u>for whom a protective order in lieu</u>
ofprotective arrangement instead of conservatorship <u>has been ordered</u> is an interested person in a
proceeding under [Article 4]-of this Act.

16 SECTION 1176. MULTIPLE APPOINTMENTS OR NOMINATIONS. If a

17 respondent or other person makes more than one written appointment or nomination of a18 guardian or conservator, the most recent controls.

19 SECTION 1187. PROTECTIVE ORDER IN LIEU OFPROTECTIVE

20 ARRANGEMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP.

- 21 (a) If the court finds that the basis for appointment of a guardian for an adult or
- 22 conservator exists after following the procedures required by Sections 302 through 308, or the
- 23 <u>basis for appointment of a guardian for a minor exists after following the procedures required by</u>

	1	Sections 202 through 206, the court, in lieu of appointing a conservator or instead of appointing a
	2	guardian, may <u>:</u>
	3	<u>(1)</u> ÷
	4	(1)-authorize or ,-direct, or ratify any transaction necessary or desirable to meet
	5	the respondent's need for achieve any arrangement for security, service, or care meeting the
	6	foreseeable needs of the respondent, including:
	7	(<u>A1</u> A) a particular medical treatment or refusal of a particular
I	8	medical treatment;
	9	(<u>B2B</u>) a move to specified place of residence; <u>or</u>
	10	(C3) visitation or supervised visitation between the respondent and
	11	another person;
	12	(2) restrict access to the respondent by a person whose access to the
	13	respondent places the respondent at serious risk of physical or psychological harm; and
	14	(C) payment, delivery, deposit, or retention of funds or property;
	15	(D) sale, mortgage, lease, or other transfer of property;
	16	(E) purchase of an annuity;
	17	(F) entry into a contractual relationship, including a contract for life care,
	18	a deposit contract, or a contract for training and education; or
	19	(G) addition to or establishment of a suitable trust[,
	20	including a trust created under the Uniform Custodial Trust Act (1987)]; (34)
	21	make other-such other arrangements as may be appropriate on a limited basis;
	22	and.
	23	(b) If the court finds that the basis for appointment of a conservator exists after following

1	the procedures required by Sections 402 through 409, the court instead of appointing a
2	conservator, may:
3	(1) authorize or direct any transaction necessary to protect the financial
4	interests or property of the respondent, including:
5	(a1) actions to establish eligibility for benefits;
6	(b2) payment, delivery, deposit, or retention of funds or property;
7	(c 3) sale, mortgage, lease, or other transfer of property;
8	(d4) purchase of an annuity;
9	(e5) entry into a contractual relationship, including a contract to provide
10	for personal care, supportive services, education, training, and employmenta contract for life
11	care, a deposit contract, or a contract for training and education;
12	(f6) addition to or establishment of a suitable trust[, including a trust
13	created under the Uniform Custodial Trust Act (1987)];
14	(eg7) ratificationy a contract, trust, will, or other transaction, including one
15	related to the property or business affairs of the respondent; and
16	(fhI) settlement of a claim; and
17	(2) restrict access to the respondent's property by a person whose access to the
18	property places the respondent at serious risk of financial harm.
19	(c) After following the procedures required by either Sections 202 through 206 if the
20	respondent is a minor or Sections 302 through 308 if the respondent is an adult, the court may
21	restrict access to the respondent or the respondent's property by a person who the court finds:
22	(1) through fraud, coercion, duress, or the use of deception and control,
23	caused the respondent to suffer physical or psychological harm; and

1 (2) would otherwise pose a serious risk of substantial physical or 2 psychological harm to the respondent. 3 (d) After following the procedures required by Sections 402 through 409, a court may 4 restrict access to the respondent or the respondent's property by a person who the court finds: 5 through fraud, coercion, duress, or the use of deception and control, (1)6 caused the respondent to suffer financial harm; and 7 would otherwise pose a serious risk of substantial financial harm to the (2)8 respondent or the respondent's property. 9 (2) authorize, direct, or ratify any other contract, trust, will, or transaction relating to the property and business affairs of the respondent, including a settlement of a claim. 10 (eb) In deciding whether to make any order under this section for a minor approve under 11 12 this section a protective arrangement or other transaction related to the personal affairs of a 13 minor, the court shall consider the best interests of the minor, and the preference of the minor's 14 parent, and the preferences of the minor if the minor has reached the age of 12. -15 (fe) In deciding whether to enter approve under this section an order under this section 16 protective arrangement or other transaction re related to the personal affairs of the adult 17 respondentan adult, the court shall consider the factors that a guardian must consider when 18 making decisions on behalf of an adult subject to guardianship. 19 (gd) In deciding whether to enter an order under this section approve under this section a 20 protective arrangement or other transaction related to the related to the property or financial 21 affairs of a respondent, the court shall consider the factors that a conservator must consider when 22 making decisions on behalf of an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 23 conservatorship.

(<u>he</u>) The court may appoint a [master] to assist in the <u>implementation</u>accomplishment of
 any protective arrangement or other transaction authorized under this section. The [master] has
 the authority conferred by the order and shall serve until discharged by <u>court</u> order after report to
 the court.

5

6

SECTION 1<u>19</u>18. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES OF APPOINTEES, LAWYERS, AND OTHER PERSONS IN GENERAL.

(a) If not otherwise compensated for services rendered, a<u>n attorney-lawyer</u> for a
respondent in a proceeding brought under this [act] is entitled to reasonable compensation and
reimbursement of reasonable expenses from the <u>propertyestate</u> of the respondent. Such fees and
expenses must be approved by the court before compensation is paid or reimbursement is made,
but not before the provision of such services or expenses being incurred.

- 12 (b) If not otherwise compensated for services rendered, an attorney or other person 13 whose services resulted in an order beneficial to an individual s-minor or adult subject to 14 guardianship or conservatorship, or an attorney or other person whose services resulted in an 15 order beneficial to an individual person for whom a protective order in lieu of protective 16 arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship was entered ordered, is entitled to 17 reasonable compensation from the estate and reimbursement of reasonable expenses from the 18 property estate of such benefited personthe individual. 19 (c) Compensation Such fees and expenses payable under this section must be approved by the court before compensation is paid or reimbursement is made. Approval is not required 20
- 21 <u>before the services are provided or the expenses are incurred, but not before the provision of</u>
- 22 such services or expenses being incurred.

1	SECTION 1 <u>20</u> 19. COMPENSATION OF GUARDIAN <u>OR</u> , CONSERVATOR.
2	(a) A guardian is entitled to reasonable compensation for services as guardian and to
3	reimbursement for room, board, and clothing provided by the guardian to the minor or
4	adultindividual subject to guardianship, but only as approved by the courtsubject to court
5	approval. If a conservator, other than the guardian or a person who is affiliated with the
6	guardian, has been appointed for the estate of the minor or adultan individual subject to
7	guardianshipconservatorship, reasonable compensation and reimbursement to the guardian may
8	be approved and paid by the conservator without order of the court.
9	(b) A conservator is entitled to reasonable compensation from the <u>property</u> -estate of the
10	person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship, subject to court approval.
11	(c) In determining what is reasonable compensation for a guardian or conservator, the
12	court, or conservator as provided in subsection (a), shall consider:
13	(1) the necessity and quality of the services provided;
14	(2) the experience, training, professional standing, and skills of the guardian or
15	conservator;
16	(3) the difficulty of tasks performed, including the degree of skill and care
17	required;
18	(4) the conditions and circumstances under which services were performed,
19	including whether they were provided outside of regular business hours or under dangerous or
20	extraordinary conditions;
21	(5) the effect of those services on the <u>individualminor</u> subject to guardianship <u>or</u>
22	conservatorship;
23	(6) the extent to which the services provided were or were not consistent with the

guardian's plan or conservator's plan; and

2 (7) the fees customarily paid to persons who perform like services in the3 community.

4 (d) A guardian or conservator need not use the personal funds of the guardian or
5 conservator for the expenses of the <u>individual subject to minor subject to guardianship or minor</u>
6 or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship.

(e) If a minor or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship seeks court intervention
to modify or terminate the guardianship or conservatorship or to remove the guardian or
conservator, the guardian or conservator may be compensated only for time spent opposing such
efforts to the extent that the court has determined that the <u>involvement or opposition</u> is or was
<u>reasonably</u> necessary to protect the interests of the <u>minor or adultindividual</u> subject to
guardianship or conservatorship.

13 SECTION 12<u>1</u>9. LIABILITY IMMUNITIES OF GUARDIAN OR,

14

CONSERVATOR TO THIRD PARITES.

(a) A guardian or conservator is not <u>personally</u> liable to a third person for acts of a minor
 or adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship solely by reason of the guardianship or
 conservatorship.

18 (b) A guardian who exercises reasonable care in choosing and monitoring a direct

19 service provider for an individual subject to guardianship, and who otherwise complies with

- 20 Section 125, is not liable for injury to the adult or minor subject to guardianship resulting from
- 21 the wrongful conduct of the provider.
- 22 (c) A conservator who exercises reasonable care in choosing and monitoring an agent to
- 23 perform a duty of the conservator, and who otherwise complies with Section 125, and is not

liable for injury to the individual subject to conservatorship resulting from the wrongful conduct
 of the agent.

3 SECTION 1221. PETITION FOR INSTRUCTION OR <u>RATIFICATION</u> 4 APPROVAL POST APPOINTMENT.

- (a) A guardian or conservator acting in the guardian or conservator's sole discretion may
 petition the appointing court for instructions concerning fiduciary responsibility or for approval
 ratification of a particular act.
- 8 (b) On notice and hearing-the petition, the court may give appropriate instructions and
 9 make any appropriate order.
- (c) If the guardian or conservator acts according to the court's instruction or as
 <u>ratifiedapproved</u>, the guardian or conservator shall not be <u>personally</u> liable for an act covered by
 th<u>eat</u> instruction or <u>ratificationapproval</u>. Failure to <u>make such</u> petition <u>the court</u> shall not <u>in itself</u>
 be evidence of a breach of the guardian's or conservator's fiduciary obligations.
- 14 SECTION 1232. THIRD--PARTY ACCEPTANCE OF AUTHORITY OF
- 15 GUARDIAN OR, CONSERVATOR.
- Except as provided in subsection (b), aA person shall accept the decision of a 16 (a) 17 guardian or conservator made on behalf of an individual subject to conservatorship if presented 18 with a court order appointing the guardian or conservator whichthat was certified within the past 19 60 daysze months or presented with letters of office issued within the past 60 days that state the 20 extent of, and limitations on, the guardian's or conservator's powers-unless the conditions set 21 forth in part (b) of this Section apply. (b) A person shall refuse to recognize the authority of a guardian or conservator to act 22 23 on behalf of an individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship if:

1	(1) the guardian's or conservator's proposed action would be inconsistent with
2	state or federal law;
3	(2) the person has actual knowledge or a reasonable, good faith belief that the
4	guardian's or conservator's letters are invalid or that the conservator or guardian is exceeding or
5	improperly exercising authority granted by the court; or
6	(3) the person makes, or has actual knowledge that another person has made, a
7	report to the [local adult protective services office] stating a good faith belief that the individual
8	subject to the guardianship or conservatorship is subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect,
9	exploitation, or abandonment by the guardian or conservator or a person acting for or with the
10	guardian or conservator.
11	SECTION 1243. USE OF AGENTS BY GUARDIAN OR - CONSERVATOR.
12	(a) A guardian or conservator may delegate taskspowers to agents of the guardian or
13	conservator provided that if:
14	(1) such delegation is consistent with the guardian's or conservator's fiduciary
15	<u>duty,</u>
16	(2) the guardian or conservator exercises reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
17	(Aa) selecting the agent;
18	(B) establishing the scope and terms of the agent's work;
19	(Cb) reviewing the agent's performance; and
20	(De) redressing an action or inaction of an agent which would constitute a
21	breach of the guardian's or conservator's guardian's duties if performed by the guardian or

1 (b) Delegation of tasks by a guardian or conservator does not relieve the guardian or 2 conservator of duties or liabilities the guardian or conservator would otherwise have. 3 (c) A guardian or conservator may not delegate all powers to an agent, but may delegate 4 the performance of functions that a prudent guardian or conservator of comparable skills would 5 delegate under similar circumstances. 6 (d) In performing a delegated function, an agent shall exercise reasonable care to comply 7 with the terms of the delegation and reasonable care in the performance of delegated powers. 8 (e) By accepting a delegation from a conservator subject to the law of this state, an agent 9 submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state. 10 (f) A guardian or conservator may revoke the delegation of powers at any time. SECTION 125. TEMPORARY SUBSTITUTE GUARDIAN OR CONSERVATOR 11 12 (a) If the court finds that a guardian is not effectively performing the guardian's duties 13 and that the welfare of the individual subject to guardianship requires immediate action, it may 14 appoint a temporary substitute guardian for the individual for a specified period not exceeding 15 six months. 16 (b) If a court finds that a conservator is not effectively performing the conservator's 17 duties and that the welfare of the individual subject to conservatorship or of the conservatorship 18 estate requires immediate action, it may appoint a temporary substitute conservator for the 19 individual for a specified period not exceeding six months. 20 (c) Except as otherwise ordered by the court, a temporary substitute guardian or temporary substitute conservator so appointed has the powers set forth in the previous order of 21 22 appointment. The authority of any guardian or conservator previously appointed by the court is 23 suspended as long as a temporary substitute guardian or conservator has authority.

1	(d) The court shall provide notice of appointment of a temporary substitute guardian or a
2	temporary substitute conservator or conservatorship no later than five days after the appointment
3	<u>to:</u>
4	(1) the individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship;
5	(2) the affected guardian or conservator; and
6	(3) in the case of a minor, all parents of the minor and any person currently
7	having custody or care of the minor unless the court finds such notice would not be in the best
8	interest of the minor.
9	(de) The court may remove a temporary substitute guardian or temporary substitute
10	conservator at any time. A temporary substitute guardian or temporary substitute conservator
11	shall make any report the court requires.
12	(ef) Except as provided in this Section, the provisions of this [act] concerning guardians
13	for minors apply to a temporary substitute guardian for a minor, the provisions of this [act]
14	concerning guardians for adults apply to a temporary substitute guardian for an adult, and the
15	provisions of this [act] concerning conservators apply to a temporary substitute conservator.
16	SECTION 12 <u>63</u> 2. REGISTRATION OF ORDER <mark>8</mark> .
17	(a) If a guardian has been appointed in another state and a petition for the appointment of
18	guardianship a guardian is not pending in this state, the guardian appointed in the other state,
19	after giving notice to the appointing court of an intent to register, may register the guardianship
20	order in this state by filing as a foreign judgment-in a court, in any appropriate [county] of this
21	state, a certified copy of the order and letters of office.
22	(b) If a conservator has been appointed in another state and a petition for a
23	conservatorship is not pending in this state, the conservator appointed in the other state, after

giving notice to the appointing court of an intent to register, may register the conservatorship in
this state by filing as a foreign judgment in a court of this state, in any [county] in which property
belonging to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship is
located, certified copies of the order, letters of office, and any bond or other asset-protection
arrangement required by the court.

6

SECTION 12743. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION OF ORDERS.

(a) On registration of a guardianship or conservatorship order from another state, the
guardian or conservator may exercise in this state all powers authorized in the order of
appointment except as prohibited under the law of this state other than this [act], including
maintaining actions and proceedings in this state and, if the guardian or conservator is not a
resident of this state, subject to any conditions imposed upon nonresident parties.

- (b) A court of this state may grant any relief available under this [act] and law of this
 state other than this [act] to enforce a registered order.
- 14

SECTION 12854. FACILITY OF TRANSFERS TO MINOR.

(a) Unless a person required to transfer money or personal property to a minor knows
that a conservator has been appointed or that a proceeding for appointment of a

conservatorconservatorship of the estate for a of the minor is pending, the person may do so, as
to an amount or value not exceeding [\$\$14,000] a year, by transferring it to:

19

resides;

20

(1) a person who has the care and custody of the minor and with whom the minor

21 (2) a guardian of the minor;

(3) a custodian under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or custodial trustee
under the Uniform Custodial Trust Act; or

1	(4) a financial institution as a deposit in an interest-bearing account or certificate
2	in the sole name of the minor and by giving notice of the deposit to the minor.
3	(b) A person who transfers money or property in compliance with this section is not
4	responsible for its proper application.
5	(c) A guardian or other person who receives money or property for a minor under
6	subsection (a)(1) or (2) may only apply it to the support, care, education, health, and welfare of
7	the minor, and may not derive a personal financial benefit, except for reimbursement for
8	necessary expenses. Funds in excess of those required to be so applied Any excess must be
9	preserved for the future support, care, education, health, and welfare of the minor. The balance,
10	if any, , and any balance-must be transferred to the minor upwhen the minor becomeson an
11	adultemancipation or attaining majority.
12	ARTICLE 2
13	GUARDIANSHIP OF MINOR
13 14	GUARDIANSHIP OF MINOR SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR <u>[OR</u>
14	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR
14 15	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR <u>[OR</u> <u>PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]</u> .
14 15 16	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a) A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon
14 15 16 17	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a) A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon appointment by the court or when a person who was -previously nominated as a standby guardian
14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a)A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon appointment by the court or when a person who was -previously nominated as a standby guardian assumes the duties of a guardian in compliance withunder Sections 111 or 112 125 . The
 14 15 16 17 18 19 	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a)A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon appointment by the court or when a person who was -previously nominated as a standby guardian assumes the duties of a guardian in compliance withunder Sections 111 or 112125. The guardianship status continues until terminated, without regard to the location of the guardian or
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a)A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon appointment by the court or when a person who was -previously nominated as a standby guardian assumes the duties of a guardian in compliance withunder Sections 111 or 112425. The guardianship status continues until terminated, without regard to the location of the guardian or minor.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	SECTION 201. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF MINOR [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OF A MINOR]. (a)A person becomes a guardian of a minor by parental appointment or upon appointment by the court or when a person who was -previously nominated as a standby guardian assumes the duties of a guardian in compliance withunder Sections 111 or 112125. The guardianship status continues until terminated, without regard to the location of the guardian or minor. SECTION 202. PARENTAL APPOINTMENT OF STANDBY GUARDIAN.

1	may specify the desired limitations on the powers to be given to the standby guardian. The
2	appointing parent may revoke or amend the appointment before confirmation by the court.
3	(b) Upon petition of an appointing parent and a finding that the appointing parent will
4	likely become unable to care for the child within [two] years, and after notice as provided in
5	Section 205(a), the court, before the appointment becomes effective, may confirm the parent's
6	selection of a standby guardian and terminate the rights of others to object.
7	(c) A person appointed by a parent as a standby guardian pursuant to this section is
8	presumed to be qualified for appointment as guardian. Subject to Section 203, the standby
9	guardian becomes the guardian of the minor upon the appointing parent's death, a judicial
10	determination that the parent is unwilling or unable to exercise parental rights, or a written
11	determination by a physician who has examined the parent that the parent is no longer able to
12	care for the child, whichever first occurs.
13	(d) The standby guardian becomes eligible to act as guardian of the minor upon the filing
14	of an acceptance of appointment, which must be filed by the later of 30 days after the guardian's
15	the event triggering the appointment or 10 days after the standby guardian learns of the event
16	triggering the appointment as guardian The standby guardian shall:
17	(1) file the acceptance of appointment and a copy of the will, if available, with the
18	court of the [county] in which the will was or could be probated or, in the case of another
19	appointing instrument, file the acceptance of appointment and the appointing instrument, if
20	available, with the court of the [county] in which the minor resides or is present; and
21	(2) give written notice of the acceptance of appointment to the appointing parent,
22	if living, the minor, if the minor has attained 12 years of age, and a person other than the parent
23	having care and custody of the minor.
1	

(e) Unless the appointment was previously confirmed by the court, the notice given
 under subsection (d)(2) must include a statement of the right of those notified to terminate the
 appointment by filing a written objection as provided in Section 203.

4 (f) Unless the appointment was previously confirmed by the court, not later than 30 days 5 after filing the notice and the appointing instrument, a standby guardian shall petition the court 6 for confirmation of the appointment, giving notice in the manner provided in Section 205(a). 7 (g) The appointment of a standby guardian by a parent does not supersede the parental 8 rights of either parent. If both parents are dead or have been adjudged unwilling or unable to 9 exercise their parental rights, an appointment by the last parent who died or was adjudged unable 10 or unwilling to exercise parental rights has priority. An appointment by a parent which is 11 effected by filing the standby guardian's acceptance under a will probated in the state of the 12 testator's domicile is effective in this state. 13 (h) The powers of a guardian who timely complies with subsections (d) and (f) relate

back to give acts by the guardian which are of benefit to the minor and occurred on or after the
date the appointment became effective the same effect as those that occurred after the filing of
the acceptance of the appointment.

(i) The authority of a guardian appointed under this section terminates upon the first to
 occur of the appointment of another person as guardian by the court or the giving of written
 notice to the guardian of the filing of an objection pursuant to Section 203.

20 SECTION 203. OBJECTION TO APPOINTMENT OF STANDBY GUARDIAN.

21 (a) Unless the court has confirmed an appointee under Section 202, the following persons may

22 file a written objection with the court:

1 _____

vears of age,

2

(1) a minor who is the subject of an appointment, if the minor has attained 12

3 (2) another parent of the minor, 4 (3) a person having primary care or custody of the minor for 60 or more days 5 during the two years preceding the filing of the petition or any person alleged to have had the 6 primary care and custody of the minor for at least 730 days during the five years preceding the 7 filing of the objection. 8 (b) A person filing an objection under section (a) must give notice the objection to the standby 9 guardian and any other persons entitled to notice of the acceptance of the appointment. 10 (c) If an objection is filed, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the standby 11 guardian should be confirmed and, if not, whether another person should be appointed. 12 The objection does not preclude judicial appointment of the person selected by the parent. The 13 court may treat the filing of an objection as a petition for the appointment of an emergency or a 14 temporary guardian under Section 204, and proceed accordingly. 15 (d) An objection made under this Section may be withdrawn, and if withdrawn is of no effect. 16 SECTION 204. BASIS FOR JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN 17 (ba) The court may appoint a guardian for a minor who does not have a guardian [or a 18 protective arrangement instead of guardianship] if the court finds the appointment [or 19 <u>arrangement</u> is in the minor's best interest, and: (1) the parents, after being fully informed of the nature and consequences of 20 21 guardianship [or protective arrangement], provide -consent; 22 (2) all parental rights have been terminated; or 23 (3) the court finds -by clear and convincing evidence that the parents are unwilling 1 or unable to exercise their parental rights.

3	(b) If a guardian appointed by a parent pursuant to Section 202 fails to accept the
4	appointment as required under Section 202(f) and the appointment has not been prevented or
5	terminated under Section 203, the court may proceed and appoint a guardian for the minor. The
6	person selected by the parent shall have priority for appointment by the court.
7	(c) If necessary and on petition or motion and whether or not the conditions of
8	subsection (a) have been established, the court may appoint a temporary guardian for a
9	minor on a showing that an immediate need exists and that the appointment would be in
10	the best interest of the minor. Notice must be given to the parents and to a minor who has
11	attained 12 years of age. Except as otherwise ordered by the court, the temporary
12	guardian has the authority of a full guardian, but the duration of the temporary
13	guardianship may not exceed nine months. Not later than seven days after the
14	appointment, the temporary guardian shall send or deliver a copy of the order to all
15	individuals who would be entitled to notice of hearing under Section 205.
16	(d) If the court finds that following the procedures of this [article] will likely result
17	in substantial harm to a minor's health or safety and that no other person appears to have
18	authority to act in the circumstances, the court, on appropriate petition, may appoint an
19	emergency guardian for the minor. The duration of the guardian's authority may not
20	exceed [30] days and the guardian may exercise only the powers specified in the order.
21	Reasonable notice of the time and place of a hearing on the petition for appointment of an
22	emergency guardian must be given to the minor, if the minor has attained 12 years of age,
23	to each living parent of the minor, and to a person having care or custody of the minor, if
I	

1	other than a parent. The court may dispense with the notice if it finds from affidavit or
2	testimony that the minor will be substantially harmed before a hearing can be held on the
3	petition. If the guardian is appointed without notice, notice of the appointment must be
4	given not later than 48 hours after the appointment and a hearing on the appropriateness
5	of the appointment held not later than [five] days after the appointment.
6	——SECTION 20 <u>2</u> 5. JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN: PETITION.
7	(a) A person interested minor or person interested in the welfare of a minor, including
8	the minor for whom the order is sought, may petition for appointment of a guardian for for a
9	protective arrangement instead of guardianship].
10	(b) A petition under subsection (a) must set forth the minor's petitioner's name, principal
11	residence, current street address if different, relationship to the minorrespondent, the
12	petitioner's and interest in the appointment and, to the extent known, state or contain the
13	following with respect to the respondent-minor and the relief requested:
14	(1) the minor's name, age, principal residence, current street address, and, if
15	different, the address of the dwelling in which it is proposed that the respondent minor will
16	reside if the appointment is made;
17	(2) the name and street address of the minor's parents;
18	(3) the name and address, if known, of any person responsible for care or custody
19	of the minor for 60 or more days during the two years preceding the filing of the petition or any
20	person alleged to have had the primary care and custody of the minor for at least 730 total days
21	during the five years preceding the filing of the petition;
22	(4) the reason guardianship [or a protective arrangement instead of guardianship]
23	is sought;

1	$(\underline{54})$ the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason why the
2	proposed guardian should be selected;
3	(6) if the minor has reached the age of 12, whether or not the minor objects to the
4	petition and the name and address of any person whom the minor prefers be selected as guardian
5	if a guardian is appointed;
6	(75) if the minor has property other than personal goods effects, a general
7	statement of the minor's property with an estimate of its value;
8	(786) if the minor is above the age of 12, the minor's need for an interpreter, or
9	translator, or other form of support to effectively communicate with the court or understand court
10	proceedings; and
11	$(\underline{897})$ if the minor has parents, the parents' needs for an interpreter, translator, or
12	other form of support-or translator if the parents need an interpreter or translator-in order to
13	effectively communicate with the court or understand court proceedings; and
14	(9108) any other proceedings concerning the care or custody of the minor
15	currently <u>pending</u> in any court either in this state or in another jurisdiction.
16	SECTION 206 <u>3</u> . JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN: NOTICE.
17	(a) After a petition for appointment of a guardian is filed under Section 202 of Section
18	207(f), the court shall schedule a hearing and the petitioner shall:
19	(1) provide personal service of notice of the time and place of the hearing,
20	together with a copy of the petition to:
21	(A) the minor, if the minor has attained [12] years of age and is not the
22	petitioner;
23	(B) each parent of the minor or, if there are none, the adult nearest in

1	kinship that can be found;
2	(C) an adult with whom the minor resides;
3	(2) provide a notice of time and place of the hearing by personal service, mail, or any
4	other reasonable means, together with a copy of the petition, to:
5	(ADC) any person alleged to have had the primary care and custody of the
6	minor for 60 or more days during the two years preceding the filing of the petition or any person
7	alleged to have had the primary care and custody of the minor for at least 730 days during the
8	five years preceding the filing of the petition; and
9	(E D) any other person whom the court determines should receive personal
10	service of notice
11	(2) provide a notice of time and place of the hearing by personal service or
12	certified mail, mail, or any other reasonable means, together with a copy of the petition, to:
13	ϵ
14	(\underline{AB}) any person nominated as guardian by the minor if the minor has
15	attained [12] years of age;
16	(<u>B</u> \in) any appointee of a parent <u>if the</u> <u>whose</u> appointment has not been
17	prevented or terminated-under Section 203;
18	(C) the grandparents and adult siblings of the minor; and
19	(D) any guardian or conservator currently acting for the minor in this state
20	or another jurisdictionelsewhere; and
21	(E) any other person whom the court determines.;
22	(E) the grandparents and adult siblings of the minor
23	(b) The notice required in subsection (a) must be in plain language and in at least 16-

1 point font and, to the extent feasible, in a language in which each individual is proficient-the 2 petitioner must make reasonable efforts to provide notice to each person listed in subsection (a) in a language in which the person is proficient. The notice must include a statement of the right 3 4 to request appointment of an attorney for the minor, the right to object to an appointment, and a 5 description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of an appointment. 6 (c) A failure to serve the parents of the minor and the minor if the minor has reached the 7 age of [12] with a notice substantially complying with this subsection subsections (a) and (b) 8 precludes the court from granting a petition for permanent guardianship of thea minor or for a 9 protective arrangement instead of guardianship], but does not preclude the court from granting an 10 emergency or temporary guardianship for thea minor. 11 SECTION 2047. JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN: APPOINTMENT 12 **OF LAWYER**ATTORNEY. 13 (a) The court shall appoint a lawyer, an attorney giving consideration to the choice of the 14 minor if the minor has attained 12 years of age, to to represent the minor who is the subject of a 15 proceeding under to in the proceeding Section 204 if: (1) requested by the minor [who has attained [12] years of age] or the parent of a 16 17 minor; 18 (2) recommended by the guardian ad litem; or 19 (3) the court determines that the minor needs representation. 20 (b) The lawyer attorney representing the respondent minor shall make reasonable efforts 21 to ascertain the respondent's minor's wishes. 22 (c) The lawyer attorney representing the minorrespondent shall advocate for the 23 respondent's minor's wishes to the extent that those wishes are reasonably ascertainable.

1	(d) If the <u>minorrespondent</u> 's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, the <u>attorney</u>
2	lawyer representing the respondent minor shall advocate for the result that is the least restrictive
3	option in type, duration, and scope, consistent with the respondent's minor's best interests.
4	SECTION 2058. JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN:
5	PRESENCE AT HEARING
6	(a) The minor shall attend the hearing called pursuant to under Section 2 3 0 3 4 unless
7	the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
8	(1) the minor consistently or repeatedly refuses to attend the hearing after having
9	been fully informed of the minor's right to attend the hearing;
10	(2) there is no practicable way for the minor to attend the hearing; or
11	(3) the minor is under the age of [12] and lacks the ability or maturity to
12	meaningfully participate in the hearing-; or
13	(4) the minor is under the age of [12] and attendance would be harmful to the
14	minor.
15	(b) Unless excused by the court for good cause, the proposed guardian shall attend the
16	hearing.
17	(c) The parents of the minor shall have the right to attend the hearing.
18	- (de) Any person may request permission to participate in the proceeding. The
19	court may grant the request, with or without hearing, on determining that the best interest of the
20	minor will -be served. The court may attach appropriate conditions to the person's participation.
21	SECTION 20 <u>69</u> 8. JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN: ORDER;
22	PRIORITY OF MINOR'S NOMINEE; LIMITED GGUARDIANSHIP.
23	(a) The court, on hearing, may appoint a guardian for the minor for order a protective

1 <u>arrangement instead of guardianship]</u> if appointment is proper under Section 20<u>24 or</u>, dismiss

- 2 the proceeding, or enter an order another order that serves the best interest of the minor.
- 3 (b) A court appointing a guardian under subsection (a) shall appoint as guardian a 4 person whose appointment will be in the best interest of the minor. The court shall appoint a 5 person designated as standby guardian by the minor's parent as provided in Section 207 6 nominated by the minor if the minor has attained 12 years of age, unless the court finds the 7 appointment will be contrary to the best interest of the minor. If the minor has multiple parents 8 who have designated different persons to serve as standby guardian, the court shall appoint the 9 designee whose appointment would be in the best interest of the minor unless the court finds that 10 appointment of none of the designees would be in the best interest of the minor. If no person has been designated as standby guardian by the minor's parent or otherwise nominated by the 11 12 minor's parent, or the court finds that appointment of any person designated as standby guardian 13 by a parent of the minor parent is not in the best interest of the minor, the court shall appoint the 14 person nominated by the minor if the minor has attained [12] years of age unless the court finds 15 that appointment is contrary to the best interest of the minor. In such cases, the court shall appoint as guardian a person whose appointment will be in the best interest of the minor. 16 17 (c) In the interest of maintaining or encouraging involvement by a minor's parent in the 18 minor's life, developing self-reliance of a protected minor, or for other good cause, the court, at 19 the time of appointment or later, on its own motion or on motion of the minor or other interested 20 person, may limit the powers of a guardian otherwise granted by this [article] and thereby create 21 a limited guardianship. Following the same procedure, the court may grant additional powers or 22 withdraw powers previously granted.

SECTION 207. STANDBY GUARDIANSHIP.

2	(a) A standby guardian for any minor child a parent has or may have in the future may be
3	appointed pursuant to a guardian nomination in a parent's will or by an appointment in another
4	writing. The appointment becomes effective upon an event specified in subsection (b) and the
5	standby guardian may begin acting following the filing of an acceptance as provided in
6	subsection (d). The authority of a standby guardian appointed under this section terminates upon
7	the first to occur of the appointment of a guardian by the court or the giving of written notice to
8	the standby guardian of the filing of an objection pursuant to Section 208.
9	(b) Subject to Section 208, the appointment of a standby guardian pursuant to a
10	nomination in a will becomes effective when the minor has no living parent or all parents of the
11	minor have been adjudged unable or unwilling to exercise parental rights.
12	(c) The appointment of a standby guardian by another writing becomes effective when:
13	(1) as provided in the writing, which may include the parent's death, an
14	adjudication that the parent is unwilling or unable to exercise parental rights, or a written
15	determination by a physician who has examined the parent that the parent is unable to exercise
16	parental rights; and
17	(2) either
18	(a) the minor has no parent other than the appointing parent; or
19	(b) any other parent of the minor has been adjudicated unwilling or unable
20	to exercise parental rights.
21	(d) Upon petition of an appointing parent and a finding that the appointing parent will
22	likely become unable to care for the child within [two] years and no other parent will be able to
23	care for the child, and after notice as provided in Section 208, the court, before the appointment

1	becomes	effective,	may	confirm	the	parent'	s selection	ofa	a standby	guardian	and	terminate	the
	-					•							

- 2 <u>rights of others to object.</u>
- 3 (e) Before assuming the duties of standby guardian, the guardian must file an acceptance
- 4 of appointment. This acceptance must be filed within 30 days after the guardian's appointment
- 5 <u>becomes effective. The guardian shall:</u>
- 6 (1) file the acceptance of appointment and a copy of the will with the court of the
- 7 [county] in which the will was or could be probated or, in the case of another appointing
- 8 instrument, file the acceptance of appointment and the appointing instrument with the court of
- 9 the [county] in which the minor resides or is present; and
- 10 (2) give written notice of the acceptance of appointment to all parents of the
- 11 minor, the minor, if the minor has attained [12] years of age, and a person other than the parent
- 12 <u>having care and custody of the minor.</u>
- 13 (f) The notice given under subsection (d)(2) must include a statement of the right of those
- 14 notified to terminate the appointment by filing a written objection in the court as provided in
- 15 <u>Section 208.</u>
- 16 (g) Within 30 days after filing the notice and the appointing instrument, a guardian shall
- 17 petition the court for confirmation of the appointment, giving notice in the manner provided in
- 18 <u>Section 203.</u>
- 19 (h) The appointing will of other writing may specify desired limitations on the powers to
- 20 <u>be given to the standby guardian. A parent may revoke or amend the appointment of a standby</u>
- 21 guardian at any time before confirmation by the court.
- 22 (i) The appointment of a standby guardian by a parent does not supersede the parental
- 23 rights of either parent. If both parents are dead or have been adjudged unable or unwilling to

1 exercise parental rights, an appointment by the last parent who died or was adjudged

- 2 incapacitated has priority. An appointment by a parent which is effected by filing the guardian's
- 3 acceptance under a will probated in the state of the testator's domicile is effective in this state.
- 4 (j) The powers of a standby guardian who timely complies with the requirements of

5 subsections (d) and (f) relate back to give acts by the guardian which are of benefit to the minor

6 and occurred on or after the date the appointment became effective the same effect as those that

7 occurred after the filing of the acceptance of the appointment.

8

SECTION 208. OBJECTION BY MINOR OR OTHERS TO STANDBY

9 GUARDIAN APPOINTMENT. Until the court has confirmed an appointee under Section 207,

10 <u>a minor who is the subject of a standby appointment by a parent and who has attained [12] years</u>

11 of age, the other parent, or a person other than a parent or guardian having care or custody of the

12 minor may prevent or terminate the appointment at any time by filing a written objection in the

13 court in which the appointing instrument is filed and giving notice of the objection to the standby

14 guardian and any other persons entitled to notice of the acceptance of the appointment. An

15 objection may be withdrawn, and if withdrawn is of no effect. The objection does not preclude

16 judicial appointment of the person selected by the parent. The court may treat the filing of an

17 objection as a petition for the appointment of an emergency guardian under Section 209, and

18 proceed accordingly.

19 SECTION 209. EMERGENCY GUARDIAN

- 20 (a) If the court finds that following the procedures of this [article] will likely result in
- 21 substantial harm to a minor's health, safety or welfare, and that no other person appears to have
- 22 <u>authority and willingness to act in the circumstances, the court, on petitioner by a person</u>
- 23 interested in the minor's welfare or on its own motion, may appoint an emergency guardian for

1	the minor. The duration of the guardian's authority may not exceed [30] days and the guardian
2	may exercise only the powers specified in the order. Except as provide in subsection (b),
3	reasonable notice of the time and place of a hearing on the petition for appointment of an
4	emergency guardian must be given to the following:
5	(1) the minor, if the minor has attained [12] years of age;
6	(2) the lawyer appointed by the court under this subsection;
7	(3) each parent of the minor;
8	(4) a person having care or custody of the minor, if other than a parent; and
9	(5) any other person required by the court.
10	(b) An emergency guardian may be appointed without notice only if the court finds from
11	an affidavit or testimony that the minor will be substantially harmed before a hearing on the
12	appointment can be held. If the court appoints an emergency guardian without notice to the
13	minor and the minor's attorney, notice of the appointment must be given to the individuals listed
14	in subsection (a) not later than 48 hours after the appointment. The court shall hold a hearing on
15	the appropriateness of the appointment not later than [five] days after the appointment.
16	(c) Appointment of an emergency guardian, with or without notice, is not a
17	determination that the conditions required for appointment of a guardian under Section 201(b)
18	have been satisfied.
19	(d) The court may remove an emergency guardian at any time. An emergency guardian
20	shall make any report the court requires. In other respects, the provisions of this [act] concerning
21	guardians apply to an emergency guardian.
22	SECTION 2 <u>101090</u> . DUTIES OF GUARDIAN.
23	(a) Except as otherwise limited by the court, a guardian of a protected minor has the

1	duties and responsibilities of a parent regarding the protected minor's support, care, education,
2	health, and welfare. A guardian shall act at all times in the protected minor's best interest and
3	exercise reasonable care, diligence, and prudence.
4	(b) A guardian shall:
5	(1) become or remain personally acquainted with the protected minor and
6	maintain sufficient contact with the protected minor to know of the protected minor's capacities,
7	limitations, needs, opportunities, and physical and mental health;
8	(2) take reasonable care of the <u>protected</u> minor's personal effects and bring a
9	conservatorship proceeding or proceeding for a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement
10	instead of conservatorship if necessary to protect other property of the protected minor;
11	(3) expend money of the protected minor that which has been received by the
12	guardian for the protected minor's current needs for support, care, education, health, and welfare;
13	(4) conserve any excess money of the protected minor for the protected minor's
14	future needs, but if a conservator has been appointed for the estate of the protected minor, the
15	guardian shall pay the money at least quarterly to the conservator to be conserved for the
16	protected minor's future needs;
17	(5) report the condition of the protected minor and account for money and other
18	assets property in the guardian's possession or subject to the guardian's control, as ordered by
19	the court on application of any person interested in the protected minor's welfare or as required
20	by court rule;
21	(6) inform the court of any change in the protected minor's dwelling or address;
22	and
23	(7) in determining what is in the protected minor's best interest, take into account

the protected minor's preferences to the extent actually known or reasonably ascertainable by the
guardian.

3

7

SECTION 211110. POWERS OF GUARDIAN.

4 (a) Except as otherwise limited by the court, a guardian of a protected minor has the
5 powers of a parent would otherwise have regarding the protected minor's support, care,
6 education, health, and welfare.

(b) A guardian may:

8 (1) apply for and receive funds for the support of the protected minor otherwise 9 payable to the protected minor's parent, guardian, or custodian under the terms of any statutory 10 system of benefits or insurance or any private contract, devise, trust, conservatorship, or 11 custodianship; 12 (2) if otherwise consistent with the terms of any order by a court of competent 13 jurisdiction relating to custody of the protected minor, take custody of the protected minor and establish the protected minor's place of dwelling, but may only establish or move the protected 14 15 minor's dwelling outside the state on express authorization of the court; 16 (3) if the minor is not subject to conservatorshipa conservator for the estate of a

17 protected minor has not been appointed with existing authority, commence a proceeding,

18 including an administrative proceeding, or take other appropriate action to compel a person to

19 support the protected minor or to pay money for the benefit of the protected minor;

- 20 (4) consent to medical or other care, treatment, or service for the protected minor;
 21 (5) consent to the marriage of the protected minor; and
- 22 (6) to the extent reasonable, delegate to the protected minor certain
- 23 responsibilities for decisions affecting the protected minor's well-being.

(c) The court may specifically authorize the guardian to consent to the adoption of the
 protected minor.

3	SECTION 2121. DELEGATION OF POWER BY PARENT OR GUARDIAN.
4	(a) A parent of a minor, by a power of attorney, may delegate to another person, for a
5	period not exceeding nine months, any power regarding care, custody, or property of the minor,
6	except the power to consent to marriage or adoption.
7	(b) A guardian of a protected minor, by a power of attorney, may delegate to another
8	person, for a period not exceeding nine months, any power regarding care or custodyof the
9	minor, except the power to consent to marriage or adoption. The guardian shall exercise
10	reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
11	(1) selecting an agent;
12	(2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes
13	and terms of the guardianship;
14	(3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with
15	the terms of the delegation; and
16	(4) redressing an action or decision of an agent which would constitute a breach
17	of trust if performed by the conservator.
18	(c) A guardian who complies with subsection (b) is not liable to the protected minor or to
19	the estate of the minor for the decision or action of the agent to whom a function was delegated.
20	(d) In performing a delegated function, an agent shall exercise reasonable care to comply
21	with the terms of the delegation and reasonable care in the performance of delegated powers.
22	(e) By accepting a delegation from a parent or guardian of a minor subject to the law of
23	this state, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state.

1	(f) A parent or guardian may revoke a delegation of powers at any time.
2	SECTION 21 <u>203</u> 2. <u>REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN,</u> TERMINATION OF
3	GUARDIANSHIP [OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENT]; APPOINTMENT OF
4	SUCCESSOR; OTHER PROCEEDINGS AFTER APPOINTMENT.
5	(a) (a) A guardianship of a minor [or protective arrangement instead of guardianship]
6	for a minor terminates upon the minor's death, adoption, emancipation, or attainment of
7	majority, -or if the court determines that the minor does not need a court-appointed guardianas
8	ordered by the court.
9	(b) A minor subject to guardianship or any person interested in the welfare of the minor
10	may petition the court for termination of the guardianship[or protective arrangement instead of
11	guardianship], modification of the guardianship[or protective arrangement], or removal of the
12	guardian and appointment of a successor guardian.
13	(cb) A protected minor or a person interested in the welfare of a protected minor may
14	petition for any order that is in the best interest of the protected minor. The petitioner under
15	subsection (b) shall give notice of the hearing on the petition to the protected minor if the
16	protected minor has attained [12] years of age and is not the petitioner, the guardian, the parents
17	of the minor, and any other person as ordered by the court.
18	(d) In selecting a successor guardian, the court shall follow the procedures set forth in
19	<u>Section 206(b).</u>
20	(e) Not later than 30 days after an appointment of a successor guardian, the court shall
21	send or deliver notice of the appointment to the minor subject to guardianship if the minor has
22	attained [12] years of age, the parents of the minor, any other person the court directs.
1	

1	ARTICLE 3
2	GUARDIANSHIP OF ADULT
3	SECTION 301. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OF ADULT OR
4	PROTECTIVE ARRANGMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP,
5	(a) <u>OnUpon</u> petition and after notice and hearing, <u>thea</u> court may:
6	(1) appoint a limited or full guardian or enter a <u>n order for</u> protective order in lieu
7	ofprotective arrangement instead of guardianship as provided in Section 117 for a respondent
8	who is an adult only if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that \div
9	(A) the respondent lacks the ability to meet essential requirements for
10	physical health, safety, or self-care because:
11	(\underline{Ai}) the respondent is unable to receive and evaluate information
12	or make or communicate decisions even with appropriate supportive services, technological
13	assistance, and decision-making support; and technological assistance, or
14	(ii) because the person's own will has been overcome by deception
15	and control exerted by another person; and
16	$(\underline{\mathbf{B}}_{iii})$ the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by less
17	restrictive means; or
18	(2) with appropriate findings, treat the petition as one for a conservatorship under
19	Section 401 <u>Article 4</u> , enter any other appropriate order, or dismiss the proceeding.
20	(b) The court shall grant to a guardian <u>appointed under subsection (a)</u> only those powers
21	necessitated by the limitations and demonstrated needs of the adult subject to
22	guardianshiprespondent and make appointive and other orders that will encourage the
23	development of the respondent person's maximum self-determination and independence. The

court may not appoint a full guardian if a limited guardian <u>or less restrictive means</u> would meet
 the needs of the <u>adult subject to guardianship</u>respondent.

3

4

SECTION 302. ORIGINAL PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT OF GUARDIAN OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENT INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP.

- (a) A person interested in the individual'san adult's welfare, including the person-adult
 for whom the order is_-sought, may petition for a determination that the basis for appointment of
 a guardian exists and for the appointment of a limited or full guardian for the individual or for a
 protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship.
- 9 (b) A petition <u>filed</u> under subsection (a) must set forth the petitioner's name, principal 10 residence <u>and</u>, current street address, if different, <u>the petitioner's</u> relationship to the respondent, 11 and <u>the petitioner's</u> interest in the appointment. <u>The petition shall also</u>, <u>and</u>, <u>t</u> to the extent 12 known, state or contain the following with respect to the respondent and the relief requested:
- (1) the respondent's name, age, principal residence and, current street address, if
 different, and, if different, the address of the dwelling in which it is proposed that the respondent
 will reside if the appointment is made or the protective arrangement instead of guardianship is
 ordered;
- 17

(2) the name and address of the respondent's:

18 (A) spouse [or domestic partner], or if the respondent has none, an adult
19 with whom the respondent has shared household responsibilities for more than six months before
20 the filing of the petition;

(B) adult children or, if the respondent has none, the respondent's parents
and adult brothers and sisters, or if the respondent has none, at least one of the adults nearest in
kinship to the respondent who can be found; and

1	(C) adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the
2	stepchildren's minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship within
3	two years of the filing of the petition;
4	(3) the name and address of each of the following if applicable: any
5	(A) a person responsible for care or custody of the respondent;
6	(4B) the name and address of any lawyer attorney currently representing
7	for the respondent
8	(C) the, representative payee <u>appointed by the Social Security</u>
9	Administration,
10	(D) a guardian or conservator acting for a respondent in this state or in
11	another jurisdiction,
12	(E) a elsewhere, trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which
13	the respondent is a beneficiary,
14	(F) the Veterans Administration fiduciary for the respondent,
15	(G) a, an agent designated under a [power of attorney for health care] in
16	which the respondent is identified as the principal,
17	(H)and an agent designated under a power of attorney for finances in
18	which the respondent is identified as the principal;
19	(<u>15</u>) the name and address of any person nominated as guardian by the
20	respondent;
21	(J6) the name and address of any person nominated as guardian by the
22	respondent's parent or spouse [or domestic partner]-in a will or other signed writing;
23	$(\underline{\mathbf{K}^{7}})$ the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason why

1	the proposed guardian should be selected; and
2	(L8) the name and address of any person known to have routinely
3	provided the individual respondent with decision-making support within six months of the
4	petition;
5	$(\underline{49})$ the reason why guardianship or protective arrangement instead of
6	guardianship is necessary, including a brief description of the following:
7	(A) the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged need,
8	(B), all alternative meansless restrictive means of meeting that
9	respondent's alleged need that have been considered or implemented,
10	(C) if no alternative meansless restrictive means have been tried, -the
11	reason they have not been tried, and
12	(D), and ththee reason why alternative meansless restrictive means are not
13	sufficient to meet the respondent's <u>alleged</u> needs;
14	(510) whether the petitioner seeks a limited guardianship, a full guardianship, or a
15	protective arrangement instead of guardianship;
16	(6) if the petitioner seeks a full guardianship, if a full guardianship is requested,
17	the reason why limited guardianship or protective arrangement instead of guardianship is
18	inappropriate <u>; -and</u>
19	(7), if a limited guardianship is requested, the powers to be granted to the limited
20	guardian;
21	(811) the name and address, if known, of any person with whom the petitioner
22	seeks to limit the minor'respondent's contact;
23	(9121) if the respondent has property other than personal effects, a general

statement of the respondent's property with an estimate of its value, including any insurance or
 pension, and the source and amount of any other anticipated income or receipts; and

3 (<u>10132</u>) the respondent's need for an interpreter<u>, or</u> translator<u>, or other form of</u>
4 <u>support</u>-to effectively communicate with the court or understand court proceedings.

5

SECTION 303. NOTICE.

6 (a) A copy of a petition for appointment filed under Section 302guardianship or for a protective order in lieu ofprotective arrangement instead of guardianship and notice of the 7 8 hearing on the petition must be served personally on the respondent. The notice must be in plain 9 language and in at least 16-point font and, to the extent feasible, in a language in which the respondent is proficient. The notice must include a statement that the respondent must be 10 11 physically present unless excused by the court, inform the respondent of the respondent's rights 12 at the hearing, and include a description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of an 13 appointment or protective arrangement. A failure to serve the respondent with a notice 14 substantially complying with this subsection precludes the court from granting the petition. The 15 petitioner must make reasonable efforts to provide the notice in a language in which the 16 respondent is proficient. 17 (b) In a proceeding on a petition filed under Section 302to establish a guardianship or 18 protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship, notice of the hearing 19 must also be given to the persons listed in the petition, and to other persons interested in the 20 respondent's welfare to whom the court has determined that notice must be given. Failure to 21 give notice under this subsection does not preclude the <u>court from appointing appointment of</u> a 22 guardian or orderingthe making of a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of

23 guardianship.

1	(c) Notice of <u>athe</u> hearing on a petition for an order after appointment of a guardian <u>or</u>
2	protective arrangement instead of guardianship, together with a copy of the petition, must be
3	given to the adult subject to guardianship or subject to the protective arrangment, the guardian,
4	and any other person the court directs.
5	(d) A guardian shall give notice of the filing of the guardian's report, together with a
6	copy of the report, to the adult subject to guardianship and any other person the court directs.
7	The notice must be delivered or sent not later than 14 days after the filing of the report.
8	SECTION 304. PRELIMINARIES TO HEARING: APPOINTMENT OF
9	[VISITOR].
10	(a) On receipt of a petition to establish a guardianship or for a -or protective order in lieu
11	of protective arrangement instead of guardianship, the court shall set a date and time for hearing
12	the petition and appoint a [visitor]. The duties and reporting requirements of the [visitor] are
13	limited to the relief requested in the petition. The [visitor] must be an individual having training
14	or experience in the type of incapacity alleged.
15	(b) The [visitor] shall interview the respondent in person and $\frac{1}{2}$ in a manner that the
16	respondent is best able to understand \overline{z} :
17	(1) explain to the respondent the substance of the petition,the nature, purpose,
18	and effect of the proceeding, the respondent's rights at the hearing, and the general powers and
19	duties of a guardian;
20	(2) determine the respondent's views about the appointment or order sought by
21	the petitioner including, if the petition is for a guardianship, any views about any proposed
22	guardian, the guardian's proposed powers and duties, and the scope and duration of the proposed
23	guardianship;

1	(3) inform the respondent of the respondent's right to employ and consult with $a\underline{n}$
2	attorney lawyer at the respondent's own expense and the right to request a court-appointed
3	lawyerattorney; and
4	(4) inform the respondent that all costs and expenses of the proceeding, including
5	respondent's attorney's fees, will be paid from the respondent's estateassets.
6	(c) In addition to the duties imposed by subsection (b), the [visitor] shall:
7	(1) interview the petitioner and the proposed guardian;
8	(2) visit the respondent's present dwelling and any dwelling in which it is
9	reasonably believed that the respondent will live if the appointment is made;
10	(3) obtain information from any physician or other person who is known to have
11	treated, advised, or assessed the respondent's relevant physical or mental condition; and
12	(4) investigate any other matter relating to the petition make any other
13	investigation the court directs.
14	(d) The [visitor] promptly shall file a report in writing with the court, which must
15	include:
16	(1) a recommendation whether a <u>n attorney lawyer</u> should be appointed to
17	represent the respondent;
18	(2) a summary of self-care and independent living tasks the respondent can
19	manage without assistance or with existing supports, could manage with the assistance of
20	supportive services or benefits, including use of appropriate technological assistance and
21	appropriate decision-making support, and cannot manage;
22	(3) recommendations regarding the appropriateness of guardianship, including
23	whether less restrictive means of meeting a respondent's needs intervention are available and,; if

1	a guardianship is recommended, whether it should be full or limited; and, if a limited
2	guardianship, the powers to be granted to the limited guardian;
3	(4) a statement of the qualifications of the proposed guardian, together with a
4	statement whether the respondent approves or disapproves of the proposed guardian;
5	(5) a statement whether the proposed dwelling meets the respondent's individual
6	needs and whether the respondent has expressed a preference as to residence;
7	(6) a recommendation as to whether a professional evaluation or further
8	evaluation is necessary;
9	(7) a statement as to the respondent's ability to attend a hearing at the location
10	court proceedings are typically conducted court is typically held;
11	(8) a statement of the respondent's ability to participate in a hearing that identifies
12	any technology or other forms of support that would enhance the respondent's ability to
13	participate; and
14	(9) any other matters the court directs.
15	SECTION 305. PRELIMINARIES TO HEARING: APPOINTMENT AND ROLE
16	OF LAWYERATTORNEY.
17	Alternative A
18	[(a) The court shall appoint a lawyeran attorney to represent the respondent in the
19	proceeding if:
20	(1) requested by the respondent;
21	(2) recommended by the [visitor]; or
22	(3) the court determines that the respondent needs representation.]

1	Alternative B
2	[(a) Unless the respondent is represented by a lawyeran attorney, the court shall appoint
3	a lawyeran attorney to represent the respondent in the proceeding.]
4	End of Alternatives
5	(b) The lawyer attorney representing the respondent shall make reasonable efforts to
6	ascertain the respondent's wishes.
7	(c) The lawyer attorney representing the respondent shall advocate for the respondent's
8	wishes to the extent that those wishes are reasonably ascertainable.
9	(d) If the respondent's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, the lawyer attorney
10	representing the respondent shall advocate for the result that is the least restrictive option in type,
11	duration, and scope, consistent with the respondent's interests.
12 13 14 15	<i>Legislative Note:</i> Those states that enact Alternative B of subsection (a) which requires appointment of counsel for the respondent in all proceedings for appointment of a guardian should not enact Section $304(d)$ -(1).
16	SECTION 306. PROFESSIONAL EVALUATION.
17	(a) At or before a hearing under this [articleon a petition filed under Section 302], the
18	court shall order a professional evaluation of the respondent if the respondent so demands. The
19	court shall also order a professional evaluation unless the court finds that it has sufficient
20	information to determine the respondent's cognitive and functional abilities and limitations
21	without such anthe evaluation.
22	(b) If the court orders an evaluation under subsection (a), the respondent must be
23	examined by a physician, psychologist, social worker, or other individual appointed by the court
24	who is qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional abilities and
25	limitations and who will not be advantaged or disadvantaged by a decision to grant the petition.

	1	The examiner individual conducting the evaluation promptly shall file a written report with the
l	2	court. Unless otherwise directed by the court, the report must contain:
	3	(1) a description of the nature, type, and extent of the respondent's specific
	4	cognitive and functional abilities and limitations;
	5	(2) an evaluation of the respondent's mental and physical condition and, if
	6	appropriate, educational potential, adaptive behavior, and social skills;
	7	(3) a prognosis for improvement and a recommendation as to the appropriate
	8	treatment, support, or habilitation plan; and
	9	(4) the date of any assessment or <u>the</u> examination on which the report is based.
l	10	SECTION 307. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS.
	11	[(a) The existence of a proceeding for a guardianship or for a protective arrangement
	12	instead of guardianship, and the existence of a guardianship or a protective arrangement instead
	13	of guardianship, is a matter of public record.
	14	(ba) The written report of a [visitor] and any professional evaluation are confidential and
ļ	15	must be sealed on filing, but are available to:
	16	(1) the court;
	17	(2) the respondent without limitation as to use;
	18	(3) the petitioner, the [visitor], and the petitioner's and respondent's
	19	lawyersattorneys, for purposes of the proceeding;
	20	(4) an agent appointed under a [power of attorney for health care] or a power of
	21	attorney for finances in which the respondent is identified as the principal, unless the court orders
	22	otherwise; and and
	23	(54) other persons when it would be in the public interest or for such purposes as
	l	

1 the court may order for good cause.

2	(<u>c</u> b) The <u>adult person who has been the subject of a proceeding for a guardianship or</u>
3	protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of guardianship, whether or not a
4	guardian was appointed, any attorney designated by the adult the person's attorney, and any
5	person entitled to notice under Section 310(d) are entitled to access court records pertaining to
6	the proceeding and resulting guardianship or protective arrangement instead of guardianship,
7	including the annual report and the guardian's plan. In addition, any person with an interest in
8	the welfare of the adult subject to guardianship for other good cause may petition the court for
9	access to court records pertaining to the guardianship or protective arrangement instead of
10	guardianship or guardianship proceeding, including the annual report and the guardian's plan.
11	The court shall grant access if access is in the best interest of the respondent or adult subject to
12	guardianship or subject to a protective arrangement instead of guardianship, or would further the
13	public interest and not endanger the respondent or adult or adult subject to guardianship.]
14	SECTION 308. PRESENCE AND RIGHTS AT HEARING.
15	(a) The respondent shall attend the hearing called pursuant conducted to under Section
16	303 unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
17	(1) the respondent consistently or repeatedly refuses to attend the hearing after
18	having been fully informed of the respondent's right to attend the hearing and the potential
19	consequences of failing to do so; or
20	(2) there is no practicable way for the respondent to attend the hearing and the
21	respondent would have no ability to participate in the hearing even with the use of appropriate
22	supportive services, decision-making support, and support and technological assistance.
23	(b) Unless excused by the court for good cause, the proposed guardian shall attend the

1 hearing.

2	(c) If it is not reasonably feasible for the respondent to participate at the location court
3	proceedings are typically conducted is typically held, the court shall make reasonable efforts to
4	hold the hearing at an alternative location convenient to the respondent or to allow the
5	respondent to participate in the hearing by using real-time, audio-visual technology.
6	(d) The respondent may be assisted in the hearing by a person or persons of the
7	respondent's choosing, by assistive technology, by an interpreter or translator, or by a
8	combination of such supports. If such-the assistance, translation, interpretation, or support would
9	facilitate the respondent's participation in the hearing, but is not otherwise available to the
10	respondent, the court shall make reasonable efforts to provide it.
11	(e) The respondent has a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney lawyer of
12	the respondent's choosing.
13	(f) The respondent may:
14	(1) present evidence and subpoena witnesses and documents;
15	(2) examine witnesses, including any court-appointed physician, psychologist, or
16	other individual qualified to evaluate the alleged cognitive and functional limitations and
17	abilities, and the [visitor]; and
18	(3) otherwise participate in the hearing.
19	(g) The hearing shall be closed on the request of the respondent and a showing of good
20	cause.
21	(h) Any person may request permission to participate in the proceeding. The court may
22	grant the request, with or without hearing, on determining that the best interest of the respondent
23	will be served. The court may attach appropriate conditions to the <u>person's</u> participation.
I	

1 SECTION 309. WHO MAY BE GUARDIAN: PRIORITIES. 2 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), the court in appointing a guardian 3 shall consider persons otherwise qualified in the following order of priority: 4 (1) a guardian, other than a temporary or emergency guardian, currently acting for 5 the respondent in this state or another jurisdictionelsewhere; 6 (2) a person nominated as guardian by the respondent, including the respondent's 7 most recent nomination made in a power of attorney for finances, if at the time of the nomination 8 the respondent was able to express a preference; 9 (3) an agent appointed by the respondent under [a power of attorney for health 10 care]-[the Uniform Health-Care Decisions Act (1993)]; and 11 (4) a family member or other person who has exhibited special care and concern 12 for the respondent. a conservator, other than a temporary or emergency conservator, or like 13 fiduciary currently acting for the respondent in this state or elsewhere; 14 (5) the spouse [or domestic partner] of the respondent or an individual nominated by will or other 15 signed writing of a deceased spouse [or domestic partner]; (6) an adult child of the respondent; 16 (7) a parent of the respondent, or an individual nominated by will or other signed 17 18 writing of a deceased parent; 19 (8) an adult with whom the respondent has shared household responsibilities for 20 more than six months before the filing of the petition; 21 (9) an adult stepchild whom the respondent actively parented during the stepchild's minor years 22 and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship within two years of the petition; and 23 (10) an adult who has exhibited special care and concern for the respondent and who is familiar

with the respondent's values and preferences.

2	(b) With respect to persons having equal priority, the court shall select the person the
3	court it considers best qualified. In determining who is best qualified, the court shall consider
4	the potential guardian's relationship with the respondent, the potential guardian's skills and
5	relationship with the respondent, the expressed wishes of the respondent, the extent to which the
6	potential guardian and the respondent have similar values and preferences, and the likelihood
7	that the potential guardian will be able to successfully satisfy the duties of a guardian.
8	(c) The court, acting in the best interest of the respondent, may decline to appoint a
9	person having priority and appoint a person having a lower priority or no priority.
10	(d) A person who provides paid services to the respondent, who is employed by a person
11	who provides paid services to the respondent, or who is the spouse, [domestic partner,]parent, or
12	child [, or domestic partner] of a person who provides paid services to the respondent, may not
13	be appointed guardian unless:
13 14	be appointed guardian unless: (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; , or
14	(1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or
14 15	 (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best
14 15 16	 (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the
14 15 16 17	 (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the respondent.
 14 15 16 17 18 	 (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the respondent. (ed) An owner, operator, or employee of [a long-term-care institution] at which the
 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 (1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption;⁷ or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the respondent. (ed) An owner, operator, or employee of [a long-term-care institution] at which the respondent is receiving care may not be appointed as guardian unless the owner, operator, or
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	(1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the respondent. (ed) An owner, operator, or employee of [a long-term-care institution] at which the respondent is receiving care may not be appointed as guardian unless the owner, operator, or employee is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption.

1	identified needs cannot be met by less restrictive means, including use of appropriate
2	technological supportive services and technological assistance and appropriate decision-making
3	support;
4	(2) the court's finding that there is clear and convincing evidence that the
5	respondent was given proper notice of the hearing on the petition;
6	(3) whether or not the adult subject to guardianship retains the right to vote and, if
7	not, the court's findings that support removing that right [including a finding that the adult
8	subject to guardianship cannot communicate, with or without support, a specific desire to
9	participate in the voting process]. I; if the no such statement is made in the order, the adult
10	subject to guardianship retains the right to vote; and
11	(4) whether or not the adult subject to guardianship retains the right to marry and,
12	if not, the court's findings that support removing that right. I; if no such statement is made in the
13	order as to whether the adult subject to guardianship retains the right to marry, the adult subject
14	to guardianship retains the right to marry.
15	(b) A court order granting a full guardianship clearly shall state the basis for granting a
16	full guardianship and provide specific findings to support the conclusion that a limited
17	guardianship would not meet the functional needs of the adult subject to guardianship.
18	(c) A court order granting a limited guardianship must state clearly the powers granted to
19	the guardian.
20	(d) The court shall, as part of any order granting a guardianship, identify any persons
21	who <u>isare</u> subsequently entitled to:
22	(1) notice of the rights of the person's rights of the adult subject to
23	conservatorshipguardianship;
I	

- (2) notice of a change in the primary residence of the adult subject to
 guardianship,
- 3 (3) a copy of the guardian's annual report and plan; 4 (4) access to court records pertaining to the guardianship; and 5 (5) notice of the death of the adult subject to guardianship or significant change in 6 the condition of the adult subject to guardianship. 7 (e) AThe persons entitled to such notice under subsection (d) shall include the spouse, 8 domestic partner,] and adult children of the adult subject to guardianship unless the court 9 determines that such notice would be contrary to the preferences or prior directions of the adult 10 subject to guardianship or not in the best interest of the adult subject to guardianship. 11 SECTION 311. NOTIFICATION OF ORDER OF APPOINTMENTADULT 12 **SUBJECT TO GUARDIANSHIP OF ORDER; RIGHTS.** 13 (a) <u>A guardian appointed under Section 310Not later than 14 days after an appointment</u>, a guardian shall send or deliver to the adult subject to guardianship and to all other persons given 14 15 notice of the hearing on the petition a copy of the order of appointment, together with a notice of the right to request termination or modification. The order and notice shall be sent or delivered 16 17 not later than 14 days after the appointment. 18 (b) Not later than 30 days after an appointment under Section 310, the court shall send or 19 deliver to the adult subject to guardianship, the guardian, and any other persons entitled to such 20 notice pursuant tounder Section 310(d), a statement of the rights of the adult subject to 21 guardianship and how to seek relief if <u>the adult is</u> denied those rights. The statement shall be in 22 plain language, in at least 16-point font, and, to the extent feasible, in a language in which the 23 adult subject to guardianship can understandis proficient. The notice must notify the adult

1	subject to guardianship of the right to:
2	(1) seek termination or modification of the guardianship, seek removal of a
3	guardian, and obtain counsel an attorney of the adult's subject to guardianship's choosing to
4	represent the person adult in these matters;
5	(2) be involved in decisions affecting the adult subject to guardianship, including
6	decisions about the <u>adult's person's</u> care, residence, activities, and social interactions, to the
7	extent reasonably possible;
8	(3) be involved in health care decision-making to the extent reasonably feasible,
9	and to be supported in understanding the risks and benefits of health care options whe <u>nre</u>
10	practicable;
11	(4) be notified of a change in the <u>adultperson</u> 's primary residence and the right to
12	be notified of a permanent move to a nursing home or other restrictive or secure facility at least
13	14 days in advance unless the action is proposed in the guardian's plan or expressly authorized
14	by the court, and of the right to contest such move and the process for contesting it;
15	(5) communicate, visit, or interact with others <u>persons</u> , including the right to
16	receive visitors, telephone calls, personal mail, or electronic communications, unless:
17	(A) the guardian has been specifically authorized by the court to restrict
18	such communications, visits, or interactions;
19	(B) a protective order, including a protective arrangement instead of
20	guardianship, order_is in effect that limits contact between the adult subject to guardianship and
21	such other persons; or
22	(C) the guardian has good cause to believe the restriction is necessary
23	because interactions with a specified person poses a risk of significant physical, psychological,

1 or financial harm to the adult subject to guardianship and:

- 2 (i) the restriction is for a period of not more than 60 day; or
 3 (ii) the person with whom contact is restricted does not have a
 4 family or social relationship with the individual subject to conservatorship; and
- 5

6

- (6) receive a copy of the guardian's report and the guardian's plan.
- SECTION 312. EMERGENCY GUARDIAN.

7 (a) If the court finds that compliance with the procedures of this [article] will likely 8 result in substantial harm to the respondent's health, safety, or welfare, and that no other person 9 appears to have authority and willingness to act in the circumstances, the court, on petition by a 10 person interested in the respondent's welfare or on its own motion, may appoint an emergency 11 guardian for the respondent. The duration of the guardian's whose authority may not exceed 12 [60] days and the emergency guardianwho may exercise only the powers specified in the order. 13 Immediately upon receipt of athe petition for an emergency guardianship, the court shall appoint 14 an attorney lawyer to represent the respondent in the proceeding. Except as otherwise provided 15 in subsection (b), reasonable notice of the time and place of a hearing on the petition must be 16 given to the respondent, the respondent's attorney, and any other persons as the court directs. 17 (b) The court may appoint aAn emergency guardian may be appointed without notice 18 and a hearingto the respondent and the respondent's lawyer only if the court finds from an 19 affidavit or testimony that the respondent will be substantially harmed before a hearing on the 20 appointment can be held. If the court appoints an emergency guardian without notice and a 21 hearingto the respondent's attorney, the respondent,- the respondent's lawyer, and other persons as the court directs must be given notice of the appointment not later than 48 hours 22 23 after the appointment. The court shall hold a hearing on the appropriateness of the appointment

1 not later than [five] days after the appointment.

2 (c) Appointment of an emergency guardian<u>under this section</u>, with or without notice, is
3 not a determination that the conditions required for appointment of a limited or full guardian
4 under Section 301 have been satisfied.

(d) The court may remove an emergency guardian at any time. An emergency guardian
shall make any report the court requires. In other respects, the provisions of this [act] concerning
guardians apply to an emergency guardian appointed under this section.

8

SECTION 313. TEMPORARY SUBSTITUTE GUARDIAN.

9 (a) If the court finds that a guardian is not effectively performing the guardian's 10 duties and that the welfare of the adult subject to guardianship requires immediate action, 11 it may appoint a temporary substitute guardian for the person for a specified period not 12 exceeding six months. Except as otherwise ordered by the court, a temporary substitute 13 guardian so appointed has the powers set forth in the previous order of appointment. The 14 authority of any full or limited guardian previously appointed by the court is suspended as 15 long as a temporary substitute guardian has authority. If an appointment is made without 16 previous notice to the adult subject to guardianship or the affected guardian, the court, not 17 later than five days after the appointment, shall inform the adult subject to guardianship 18 or guardian of the appointment. 19 (b) The court may remove a temporary substitute guardian at any time. A 20 temporary substitute guardian shall make any report the court requires. In other respects,

- 21 the provisions of this [act] concerning guardians apply to a temporary substitute guardian.
- 22 ——SECTION 31<u>3</u>4. DUTIES OF GUARDIAN.
- 23

(a) Except as otherwise limited by the court, a guardian shall make decisions regarding

the support, care, education, health, and welfare of the adult subject to guardianship to the extent
 necessitated by the person's limitations.

3	(b) A guardian shall promote the self-determination of the adult subject to guardianship
4	and, to the extent possible, shall encourage the <u>adultperson</u> to participate in decisions, act on the
5	person's adult's own behalf, and develop or regain the capacity to manage the person's adult's
6	personal affairs. In furtheranceAs part of this duty, the guardian shall:
7	(1) become or remain personally acquainted with the adult subject to guardianship
8	and
9	maintain sufficient contact, including through regular visitation, with the person-adult to know of
10	the person's adult's abilities, limitations, needs, opportunities, and physical and mental health;
11	(2) to the extent reasonably possible, identify the values and preferences of the
12	person adult subject to guardianship and involve the adult subject to guardianship in decisions
13	affecting the adult, including decisions about the adult's care, residence, activities, and social
14	interactions; and
15	(3) make reasonable efforts to identify and facilitate supportive relationships and
16	services for the adult subject to guardianship.
17	(c) A guardian at all times shall exercise reasonable care, diligence, and prudence when
18	acting on behalf of or making decisions for the adult subject to guardianship. In furtherance of
19	this As part of this duty, the guardian shall:
20	(1) take reasonable care of the personal effects and pets of the adult subject to
21	guardianship and bring a proceeding for a conservatorship or protective order in lieu of protective
22	arrangement instead of conservatorship if necessary to protect the adult's property;
23	(2) expend money of the adult subject to guardianship that has been received by

1 the guardian for the adult's current needs for support, care, education, health, and welfare;

2 (3) conserve any excess money of the adult subject to guardianship for the adult's
3 future needs, but if a conservator has been appointed for the estate of the adult, the guardian shall
4 pay the money to the conservator, at least quarterly, to be conserved for the adult's future needs;

- 5 <u>and</u>
- 6

7

(4) monitor the quality of services, including long-term care services, provided to the adult subject to guardianship.;

8 (d) A guardian making a decision on behalf of <u>anthe</u> adult subject to guardianship shall 9 make the decision the guardian reasonably believes the adult subject to guardianship would make 10 if the adult were able unless doing so would unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or 11 interests of the adult subject to guardianship. To determine the decision the adult subject to 12 guardianship would make <u>if</u> the adult were able, the guardian shall consider the <u>adultperson</u>'s 13 prior or current directions, preferences, opinions, values, and actions to the extent actually 14 known or reasonably ascertainable by the guardian.

(e) If the guardian does not know or cannot reasonably ascertain the decision that the adult subject to guardianship probably would make if the adult were able, or making the decision the guardian reasonably believes the <u>person adult</u> would make would unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or interests of the adult-<u>subject to guardianship</u>, the guardian shall act in accordance with the best interests of the adult-<u>subject to guardianship</u>. In determining the best interests of the adult subject to guardianship. In determining the best account:

(1) information received from professionals and persons who demonstrate
sufficient interest in the welfare of the adult-subject to guardianship;

1 (2) other information the guardian believes the adult subject to guardianship 2 would have considered if the adult were able to $act_{3,7}$ and 3 (3) other factors that a reasonable person in the circumstances of the adult subject 4 to guardianship would consider, including consequences for others. 5 (f) A guardian immediately shall notify the court if the condition of the adult subject to 6 guardianship has changed so that the person adult is capable of exercising rights previously 7 removed and of any change in the dwelling or address of the adult-subject to guardianship. 8 SECTION 3154. SCOPE OF POWERS OF GUARDIAN. 9 (a) Except as otherwise limited by the court, a guardian may: 10 (1) apply for and receive money payable to the adult subject to guardianship or 11 the adultperson's guardian or custodian for the support of the adult subject to guardianship under 12 the terms of any statutory system of benefits or insurance or any private contract, devise, trust, 13 conservatorship, or custodianship; 14 (2) if otherwise consistent with the terms of any order by a court with jurisdiction 15 relating to custody of the adult subject to guardianship, take custody of the person adult and 16 establish the person's adult's place of dwelling; 17 ; however, the guardian shall: 18 (A) select a residential setting that the guardian believes the adult subject to guardianship would 19 select if the adult were able in accordance with the decision-making standard set forth in Section 20 314(d). If the guardian does not know or cannot reasonably ascertain what setting the adult 21 subject to guardianship probably would choose if the adult were able, the guardian shall choose a 22 residential setting that is consistent with the person's best interests in accordance with the 23 decision-making standard set forth in Section 314(d);

1	(B) in selecting among residential settings, give priority to a residential setting that is in a
2	location that will allow the adult subject to guardianship to interact with persons important to the
3	person and that meets the person's needs in the least restrictive manner reasonably possible
4	unless doing so would be inconsistent with decision-making standard set forth in Section 314(d);
5	and
6	(C) not later than 30 days after a change in the dwelling of the adult subject to guardianship,
7	provide notice of a change to the court, the adult subject to guardianship, and any persons
8	identified as entitled to such notice in the court order appointing the guardian or in a subsequent
9	court order. The notice shall include the address and nature of the new dwelling and state
10	whether the adult subject to guardianship received advance notification of the change and
11	whether the person objected to the change;
12	(D) only establish or move the permanent place of dwelling of an adult
13	subject to guardianship to a nursing home or other restrictive or secure facility if such a move is
14	set forth in the guardian's plan, or upon express authorization of the court, or if notice of the
15	move is provided at least 14 days before the move to the adult subject to guardianship and all
16	persons entitled to such notice pursuant to Section 310(d);
17	(E) only establish or move the place of dwelling of an adult subject to
18	guardianship outside this state upon express authorization of the court; and
19	(F) only take action that would result in the sale of or surrender lease to
20	the person's primary residence if that action is specifically set forth in the guardian's plan, or
21	upon express authorization of the court, or if notice of such action is provided to at least 14 days
22	before such action to the adult subject to guardianship and all persons entitled to such notice
23	pursuant to Section 310(d).

1	(3) if a conservator for the estate of the protected personadult subject to
2	guardianship has not been appointed commence a proceeding, including an administrative
3	proceeding, or take other appropriate action to compel another person to support the adult subject
4	to guardianship or to pay funds for the person's benefit;
5	$(\underline{34})$ consent to medical or other care, treatment, or service for the adult subject to
6	guardianship: When making health care decisions for the adult subject to guardianship, the
7	guardian must:
8	(A) involve the person in health care decision making to the extent reasonably feasible,
9	including by encouraging and supporting the person in understanding the risks and benefits of
10	health care options where practicable;
11	(B) defer to decisions made pursuant to a valid [power of attorney for health care made pursuant
12	to the Uniform Health-Care Decisions Act (1993)] executed by the adult subject to guardianship
13	before the appointment of the guardian and cooperate to the extent feasible with the agent
14	making such decisions; and
15	(C) take into account:
16	(i) the risks and benefits of treatment options; and
17	(ii) the current and previous wishes and values of the adult subject
18	to guardianship if known to the guardian or reasonably ascertainable by the guardian;
19	(4) if a conservator for the adult subject to guardianship has not been appointed,
20	commence a proceeding, including an administrative proceeding, or take other appropriate action
21	to compel another person to support the adult or to pay funds for the adult's benefit;
22	(5) to the extent reasonable, delegate to the adult subject to guardianship certain
23	responsibilities for decisions affecting the <u>adultperson</u> 's well-being; and

(6) receive the personally identifiable health-care information of the adult-subject
 to guardianship.

3 (b) The court may specifically authorize the guardian to consent to the adoption 4 of the adult subject to guardianship [: consent or deny consent to the marriage if the 5 adultperson's right to marry has been removed under Section 310, consent or deny consent to 6 the divorce, dissolution, or annulment of the marriage of the personadult, or petition for divorce, 7 dissolution, or annulment of marriage of the adultperson, or; petition for a declaration of 8 invalidity of the person's adult's marriage or oppose such a petition]. In determining whether to 9 authorize a power in this subsection, the court shall consider whether the underlying act would 10 be in accordance with the person's adult's preferences, values, and prior directions and whether 11 the underlying act would be in the person's adult's best interest. 12 SECTION 316. DELEGATION OF POWER BY GUARDIAN. 13 (a) A guardian, by power of attorney, may delegate to another person, any power 14 regarding care, custody, or property of the adult subject to guardianship, except the power to 15 consent to marriage, adoption, divorce, or dissolution of marriage 16 In exercising the guardian's power to establish the dwelling of the person subject (c) 17 to guardianship under subsection (a)(2), a guardian shall: 18 (1) select a residential setting that the guardian believes the adult subject to 19 guardianship would select if the adult were able in accordance with the decision-making standard 20 set forth in Section 314(d). If the guardian does not know or cannot reasonably ascertain what 21 setting the adult subject to guardianship probably would choose if the adult were able, the 22 guardian shall choose a residential setting that is consistent with the adult's best interest in accordance with the decision-making standard set forth in Section 314(d); 23

1	(2) in selecting among residential settings, give priority to a residential setting that
2	is in a location that will allow the adult subject to guardianship to interact with persons important
3	to the adult and that meets the adult's needs in the least restrictive manner reasonably possible
4	unless doing so would be inconsistent with the decision-making standard set forth in Section
5	<u>314(d);</u>
6	(3) not later than 30 days after a change in the dwelling of the adult subject to
7	guardianship, provide notice of a change to the court, the adult subject to guardianship, and any
8	persons identified as entitled to such notice in the court order appointing the guardian or in a
9	subsequent court order. The notice shall include the address and nature of the new dwelling and
10	state whether the adult subject to guardianship received advance notification of the change and
11	whether the adult objected to the change;
12	(4) only establish or move the permanent place of dwelling of an adult subject to
13	guardianship to a nursing home or other restrictive or secure facility if such a move is set forth in
14	the guardian's plan, or on express authorization of the court, or if notice of the move is provided
15	at least 14 days before the move to the adult subject to guardianship and all persons entitled to
16	such notice under Section 310(d) and no objection has been filed;
17	(5) only establish or move the place of dwelling of an adult subject to
18	guardianship outside this state on express authorization of the court; and
19	(6) only take action that would result in the sale of or surrender the lease to the
20	primary residence of the adult subject to guardianship if that action is specifically set forth in the
21	guardian's plan, or on express authorization of the court, or if notice of such action is provided at
22	least 14 days before such action to the adult subject to guardianship and all persons entitled to
23	such notice under Section 310(d) and no objection has been filed.

1	(d) In exercising the guardian's power to make health care decisions under subsection
2	(a)(3), the guardian must:
3	(1) involve the adult in decision-making to the extent reasonably feasible,
4	including by encouraging and supporting the adult in understanding the risks and benefits of
5	health care options when practicable;
6	(2) defer to decisions made by an agent under a valid [power of attorney for
7	health care made] executed by the adult and cooperate to the extent feasible with the agent
8	making such decisions; and
9	(3) take into account:
10	(A) the risks and benefits of treatment options; and
11	(B) the current and previous wishes and values of the adult if known
12	to the guardian or reasonably ascertainable by the guardian The guardian shall exercise
13	reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
13	reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
13 14	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent;
13 14 15	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms
13 14 15 16	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship;
 13 14 15 16 17 	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship; (3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with the terms of
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship; (3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with the terms of the delegation; and
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship; (3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with the terms of the delegation; and (4) redressing an action or decision of an agent which would constitute a breach of the
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship; (3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with the terms of the delegation; and (4) redressing an action or decision of an agent which would constitute a breach of the guardian's duties if performed by the guardian.
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	reasonable care, skill, and caution in: (1) selecting an agent; (2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the purposes and terms of the guardianship; (3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance with the terms of the delegation; and (4) redressing an action or decision of an agent which would constitute a breach of the guardian's duties if performed by the guardian. — (b) If the delegation of powers is for a period in excess of 30 days, the guardian may

1	petition with the court requesting permission to delegate powers for an extended period.
2	The petition shall state the name and address of the agent, the duration of appointment,
3	and the reason for the delegation. Not later than 30 days of receipt of the notice, the court
4	shall confirm the delegation, hold a hearing on the petition, or both.
5	(d) A guardian who complies with subsections (a), (b), and (c) is not liable to the
6	adult subject to guardianship or to the estate of the person for the decisions or actions of
7	the agent to whom a function was delegated.
8	(c) In performing a delegated function, an agent shall exercise reasonable care to
9	comply with the terms of the delegation.
10	(f) By accepting a delegation from a guardian subject to the law of this state, an
11	agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state.
12	(g) A guardian may revoke the delegation of powers at any time.
13	
14	SECTION 31 <u>576</u> . IMMUNITIES OF GUARDIAN; SPECIAL LIMITATIONS ON
15	GUARDIAN'S POWER <u>.</u>
16	(a) A guardian need not use the guardian's personal funds for the expenses of the adult
17	subject to guardianship.
18	(b) A guardian is not liable to a third person for acts of the adult subject to
19	guardianshipprotected person solely by reason of the relationship. A guardian who exercises
20	reasonable care in choosing a third person providing medical or other care, treatment, or service
21	for the adult subject to guardianship is not liable for injury to the person resulting from the
22	wrongful conduct of the third party.
23	(ae) A guardian, without authorization of the court, does not have the power to revoke or

1	amend a valid [power of attorney for health care] [made pursuant to the Uniform Health-Care
2	Decisions Act (1993)] oor a valid power of attorney for finances executed by the [made pursuant
3	to the Uniform Power of Attorney Act (2006)]which the adult subject to guardianship-executed
4	before the guardian's appointment. If a [power of attorney for health care] [made pursuant to the
5	Uniform Health-Care Decisions Act (1993)] is in effect, absent an order of the court to the
6	contrary, a health-care decision of the agent takes precedence over that of a guardian and thea
7	guardian shall cooperate with the agent to the extent feasible. If a power of attorney for finances
8	[made pursuant to the Uniform Power of Attorney Act (2006)] is in effect, absent an order of the
9	court to the contrary, a decision by the agent that the agent is authorized to make under the
10	power of attorney for finances takes precedence over that of <u>athe</u> guardian and the guardian shall
11	cooperate with the agent to the extent feasible.
12	(bd) A guardian may not initiate the commitment of an adult subject to guardianship to a
13	[mental health-care] institution except in accordance with the state's procedure for involuntary
14	civil commitment.
15	(ce) A guardian may not restrict the ability of the adult subject to guardianship to
16	communicate, visit, or interact with other persons, including the ability to receive visitors or
17	make or receive telephone calls, personal mail, or electronic communications including through
18	social media, or to participate in social activities including social media, unless:
19	(1) specifically authorized by the court;
20	(2) a protective order arrangement is in effect that limits contact between the adult
21	subject to guardianship and such other persons; or
22	(3) the guardian has good cause to believe the restriction is necessary because
23	interactions with a specified person poses a risk of significant physical, psychological, or

1	financial harm to the adult subject to guardianship <u>and:</u>
2	(Aa) the restriction is for a period of not more than 60 dayss, or
3	(Bb) the person with whom contact is restricted does not have a family
4	or social relationship with the individual subject to conservatorship
5	SECTION 31 <mark>67</mark> 8. GUARDIAN'S PLAN.
6	(a) Not later than 60990 days after appointment, and at least once every five years year
7	thereafter, a guardian shall submit a plan to the court identifying:
8	(1) the living arrangement, services, and supports the guardian expects to arrange,
9	facilitate, or continue for the adult subject to guardianship;
10	(2) social or educational activities the guardian expects to facilitate on behalf of
11	the adult subject to guardianship;
12	(3) persons, if any, with whom the adult subject to guardianship has a relationship
13	and any plans the guardian has for facilitating visits with those persons;
14	(4) the anticipated nature and frequency of the guardian's visits and
15	communication with the adult subject to guardianship;
16	(5) goals for the adult subject to guardianship, including any goals related to the
17	restoration of the <u>adultperson</u> 's rights, and how the guardian anticipates achieving those goals;
18	and
19	(6) whether the adult subject to guardianship already has a plan in place and, if so,
20	whether the guardian's plan is consistent with the <u>adultperson</u> 's plan.
21	(b) The court shall review the guardian's plan to determine whether or not to approve it.
22	In deciding whether to approve the plan, the court shall consider whether the plan is consistent
23	with the duties set forth in Section $31\frac{24}{2}$.

1	(c) After the guardian's plan is approved by the court, the guardian shall provide a copy
2	of the guardian's plan to the adult subject to guardianship and such other persons as the court
3	directs.
4	SECTION 31 <mark>789</mark> . GUARDIAN'S REPORT <mark>S</mark> ; MONITORING OF
5	GUARDIANSHIP.
6	(a) Not later than 6030 days after appointment, a guardian shall report to the court in
7	writing on the condition of the adult subject to guardianship and account for money and other
8	assets property in the guardian's possession or subject to the guardian's control. A guardian shall
9	report at least annually thereafter and whenever ordered by the court. A report must state or
10	contain:
11	(1) the current mental, physical, and social condition of the adult subject to
12	guardianship;
13	(2) the living arrangements of the adult subject to guardianship during the
14	reporting period;
15	(3) the decision-making support, technological assistance, medical services,
16	educational and vocational services, and other supports and services provided to the adult subject
17	to guardianship and the guardian's opinion as to the adequacy of the <u>adultperson</u> 's care;
18	(4) a summary of the guardian's visits with the adult subject to guardianship,
19	including the dates of theorem visits;
20	(5) actions takenvities on behalf of the adult subject to guardianship;
21	(6) the extent to which the adult subject to guardianship has participated in
22	decision-making;
23	(7) if the adult subject to guardianship is living in a [mental health-care]

1	institution or living in a facility that provides the person adult with health care or other personal
2	services, whether the guardian considers the institution or facility's current plan for support, care,
3	treatment, or habilitation to be consistent with the person's adult's preferences, values, prior
4	directions, and best interest;
5	(8) anything of more than de minimis value that the guardian, any person who
6	resides with the guardian, -or the spouse, [domestic partner,] parent, child, or siblingan
7	immediate family member of the guardianhas received from individuals providing goods or
8	services to the adult subject to guardianship;
9	
10	(9) any business relations that the guardian has with a person who the guardian
11	has paid or has otherwise benefited using the assets-property of the adult subject to
12	guardianship <u>;</u> , and
13	(10) a copy of the guardian's previously approved plan and a statement as to
14	whether the guardian has deviated from the plan and, if so, how the guardian has deviated and
15	whythe reason for that deviation;
16	(11) plans for future care and support;
17	(12) a recommendation as to the need for continued guardianship and any
18	recommended changes in the scope of the guardianship; and
19	(13) whether the successor standby guardian, if any, is alive and able to serve.
20	(b) The court may appoint a [visitor] to review a report, interview the guardian or adult
21	subject to guardianship, and_make any other investigation investigate any other matter involving
22	the guardianship the court directs.
23	(c) A notice of the filing of the guardian's report, together with a copy of the report, copy

	1	of the guardian's report shall be provided to the adult subject to guardianship and any other
	2	person whom the court has determined is entitled to the such report. The notice and report must
	3	be delivered or sent not later than 14 days after the filing of the report.
	4	(d) The court shall establish a system for monitoring annual reports and review such
1	5	reports no lessat least than annually in order to determine whether:
	6	(1) the report provides sufficient information to establish that the guardian has
	7	complied with the guardian's duties;
	8	(2) the guardianship should continue; and
	9	(3) the guardian's requested fees, if any, should be approved.
	10	(e) If the court determines that there is reason to believe that the guardian has not
	11	complied with the guardian's duties, the guardianship should be modified or terminated, or the
	12	requested fees are not reasonable, the court:
	13	(1) shall notify the adult subject to guardianship, the guardian, and any other
	14	person entitled to such notification according to the initial court order or a subsequent court
	15	order;
	16	(2) shall-may require such additional information from the guardian as the court
	17	determines;
	18	(3) may appoint a [visitor] to interview the adult subject to guardianship or
	19	guardian, and make investigate any other matter involving the guardianshipany other
	20	investigation the court directs; and
ļ	21	(4) may hold a hearing to consider removal of the guardian, termination of the
	22	guardianship, a change in the powers granted to the guardian or other terms of the guardianship,
	23	or adjustment of fees-if the court concludes that a hearing would help the court determine

	1	whether the guardian has complied with the guardian's duties, the guardianship should continue,
	2	the scope of the guardian's powers or other terms of the guardianship should be modified, or the
	3	requested fees are reasonable.
	4	SECTION 3 <u>189</u> 20. REMOVAL OF GUARDIAN <u>;, APPOINTMENT OF</u>
	5	SUCCESSOR.
I	6	(a) A court may remove a guardian for failure to perform the guardian's duties or for
'	7	other good cause and appoint a successor guardian to assume the duties of guardian.
	8	. (b) An adult subject to guardianship, guardian, or person interested in the welfare of an
	9	adult subject to guardianship may petition for removal of the guardian and appointment of a
1	0	successor guardian.
1	1	(be) The court shall engage in fact-finding and may conduct a hearing to determine
1	2	whether removal of a guardian and appointment of a successor is appropriate on:
1	3	(1) a-petition of an adult subject to guardianship, a guardian, or another person
1	4	interested in the welfare of an adult subject to guardianship, except provided that the court shall
1	5	have the discretion not to hold a hearingengage in fact finding if such a similar petition has been
1	6	made-filed within the preceding six months;
1	7	(2) a-communication from an adult subject to guardianship, <u>a guardian</u> , or other <u>a</u>
1	8	person interested in the welfare of the adult subject to guardianship that suggests that removal of
1	9	the guardian and appointment of a successor may be appropriate; or
2	0	(3) the court's determination that such a hearing would be in the <u>best</u> interest of
2	1	the adult subject to guardianship.
2	2	(dc) An adult subject to guardianship seeking to remove a guardian and have a successor
2	3	appointed is entitled to be represented by counsel an attorney of the person's adult's choosing.

1	[If the person adult is not represented by counselan attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney
2	counsel_under the conditions set forth in Section 305.] The court shall award counsel-reasonable
3	attorney's fees for such representation if the legal services benefited the adult subject to
4	guardianship or were reasonably necessary to protect the person's interests.
5	(de) In selecting a successor guardian, the court shall follow the procedures set forth in
6	Section 309.
7	(e) Not later than 30 days after an appointment of a successor guardian, the court shall
8	send or deliver notice of the appointment to the individual subject to guardianship and any other
9	person entitled to such notice under Section 310(d).
10	SECTION 3 <u>19210</u> . TERMINATION OR MODIFICATION OF GUARDIANSHIP.
11	(a) An adult subject to guardianship, <u>a guardian</u> , or <u>a person interested in the welfare of</u>
12	an adult subject to guardianship may petition for:
13	(1) termination of the guardianship on the ground that the basis for appointment
14	of a guardian set forth in Section 301 does not exist, that termination would be in the best interest
15	of the adult-subject to guardianship, or for other good cause; or
16	(2) modification of a guardianship on the grounds that the extent of the protection (2)
17	or assistance previously granted is no <u>t-longer</u> appropriate or for other good cause.
18	(b) The court shall engage in fact finding and may conduct a hearing to determine
19	whether termination or modification of a guardianship or removal of a guardian is appropriate
20	on:
21	(1) a petition of an adult subject to guardianship, guardian, or another person
22	interested in the welfare of an adult subject to guardianshipprotected person's welfare, except
23	provided that the court shall have the discretion not to hold a hearingengage in fact finding if
l	

1 such a similar petition has been made filed within the preceding six months-unless; 2 (2) a communication from an adult subject to guardianship, a guardian, or aother 3 person interested in the welfare of an adult subject to guardianshipprotected person's welfare that 4 gives rise to a reasonable suspicion suggests that termination or modification of the guardianship 5 , or removal of the guardian, may be appropriate; 6 (3) a report from a guardian or conservator that indicates that the functional needs, 7 supports, or services -of the adult subject to guardianship have changed or that less restrictive 8 means for meeting the adult's needs are available such that termination or modification may be 9 appropriate; or 10 (4) the court's determination that a hearing would be in the best interest of the person subject to guardianship adult subject to guardianship. 11 12 (c) On presentation by the petitioner of evidence establishing a prima facie case for 13 termination, the court shall order the termination unless it is proven that the basis for 14 appointment of a guardian set forth in Section 301 is satisfied that continuation of the 15 guardianship is in the best interest of the adult subject to guardianship and necessary to meet the person's needs. 16 17 (d) The court shall modify the powers granted to the guardian if the powers are either 18 excessive or inadequate due to changes in the abilities or limitations of the adult subject to 19 guardianship, the person's adult's supports, or other circumstances. 20 (e) Except as otherwise ordered by the court for good cause, the court, before 21 terminating or modifying a guardianship, shall follow the same procedures to safeguard the 22 rights of the adult subject to guardianship as apply to a petition for guardianship. 23 (f) An adult subject to guardianship seeking to terminate or modify the terms of the

1	person's guardianship is entitled to be represented by <u>an attorneycounsel</u> of the person's <u>adult's</u>
2	choosing. [If the <u>adultperson</u> is not represented by <u>an attorneycounsel</u> , the court shall appoint
3	counselan attorney under the conditions set forth in Section 305.] The court shall award counsel
4	reasonable attorney's fees for such representation if the legal services benefited the adult subject
5	to guardianship or were reasonably necessary to protect the person's interests.
6	ARTICLE 4
7	CONSERVATORSHIP AND PROTECTION OF PROPERTY
8	SECTION 401. BASIS FOR APPOINTMENT OF CONSERVATOR OR;
9	PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENT INSTEAD OF CONSERVATORSHIPORDER.
10	(a) On petition and after notice and hearing, the court may appoint a limited or full
11	conservator or make a order a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of
12	conservatorship as provided in Section 118 in relation to the property estate and affairs of :
13	(1) a minor, if the court determines that:
14	(1) the minor owns money or property requiring management or protection that
15	cannot otherwise be provided <u>; or</u>
16	(2) appointment of a conservator would be in the minor's best interest and:
17	(A) if the minor has a parent, the court gives weight to any
18	recommendation of the minor's parent as to whether an appointment is in the minor's best
19	interest; and
20	(B) either:
21	(i) the minor -or has or may have financial affairs that may be put
22	at <u>unreasonable</u> risk or prevented <u>hindered</u> because of the minor's age; , or
23	(ii) that money is needed for the support, care, or and education of

	1	the minor and that protection appointment of a conservator -is necessary or desirable to obtain or
	2	provide <u>such money.; or</u>
	3	(b2) On petition and after notice and hearing, the court may appoint a limited or
	4	full conservator or order a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship in relation to the
	5	property and affairs of an adultny individual, including a minor, if the court determines that, for
	6	reasons other than age:
	7	$(\underline{1}A)$ by clear and convincing evidence, the <u>individual adult</u> is unable to
ļ	8	manage property and financial affairs because:
	9	$(\underline{A}i)$ of a limitation in the ability to receive and evaluate
	10	information or make or communicate decisions even with the use of appropriate supportive
	11	services, technological assistance, and a and ppropriate decision-making support;
	12	(ii) the person's own will has been overcome by deception and
	13	control exerted by another person, or
	14	(<u>Biii</u>) the <u>individual adult</u> is missing, detained, or unable to return
I	15	to the United States; and
	16	$(\underline{2B})$ by a preponderance of the evidence, the <u>individual adult</u> has property
I	17	that is likely to be wasted or dissipated unless management is provided, or money is needed for
	18	the support, care, education, health, and welfare of the individual adult or anof individuals who
	19	isare entitled to the individual's adult's support and that protection is necessary or desirable to
ļ	20	obtain or provide money for such purpose.
	21	(<u>c</u> b) The court shall grant to a conservator only those powers necessitated by the
	22	limitations and demonstrated needs of the person subject to conservatorshiprespondent and make
	23	appointive and other orders that will encourage the development of the respondent person's

1	maximum self-determination and independence. The court may not appoint a full conservator if
2	a limited conservator or decision-making support would meet the needs of the respondent.
3	(de) The conservatorship continues until terminated, without regard to the location of the
4	conservator or the person subject to conservatorship.
5	SECTION 402. ORIGINAL PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT OF
6	CONSERVATOR OR PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENT INSTEAD OF
7	CONSERVATORSHIPORDER.
8	(a) The following may petition for the appointment of a conservator or for a protective
9	order in lieu of conservatorshiparrangement instead of conservatorship:
10	(1) the <u>individual</u> person for whom the order is sought;
11	(2) <u>a person an individual</u> interested in the estate, affairs, or welfare of the
12	respondentperson to be protected, including a parent, spouse, [domestic partner,] child,
13	grandchild, or guardian of the protected personperson to be protected;
14	(3) the guardian of the respondent; or
15	
16	(<u>34</u>) a person who would be adversely affected by lack of effective
17	management of the property and financial affairs of the person to be protected respondent.
18	(b) A petition under subsection (a) must set forth the petitioner's name, principal
19	residence and, current street address, if different, the petitioner's relationship to the respondent,
20	and the petitioner's interest in the appointment or other protective orderprotective arrangement.
21	The petition must also state, and, to the extent known, state or contain the following with respect
22	to the respondent and the relief requested:
23	(1) the respondent's name, age, principal residence and, current street address,

1 and, if different, and, if different, the address of the dwelling where it is proposed that the 2 respondent will reside if the appointment is made or the protective arrangement instead of 3 conservatorship is ordered; 4 (2) if the petition alleges a limitation in the respondent's ability to receive and 5 evaluate information, a brief description of the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged 6 limitation; 7 (3) if the petition alleges that the respondent is missing, detained, or unable to 8 return to the United States, a statement of the relevant circumstances, including the time and 9 nature of the disappearance or detention and a description of any search or inquiry concerning 10 the respondent's whereabouts; 11 (4) the name and address of the respondent's: 12 (A) spouse [or domestic partner] or, if the respondent has none, an adult 13 with whom the respondent has shared household responsibilities for more than six months before 14 the filing of the petition; 15 (B) adult children or, if the respondent has none, the respondent's parents 16 and adult brothers and sisters or, if the respondent has none, at least one of the adults nearest in 17 kinship to the respondent who can be found; and 18 (C) adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the stepchildren's minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship within 19 20 two years of the filing of the petition; 21 (5) the name and address of the person responsible for care or custody of the 22 respondent; 23 (6) the name and address of each of the following, if applicable:

1	(A) any attorney currently representing the respondent;
2	<u>any lawyer for the respondent, representative payee (B) a</u> , a guardian or
3	conservator acting for a respondent in this state or elsewhereanother jurisdiction;
4	(C) a, trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which the
5	respondent is a beneficiary;
6	(D) the respondent's representative payee appointed by the Social Security
7	Administration;
8	(E) the respondent's, Veterans Administration fiduciary-; and
9	(F) for the respondent, or an agent designated under a [power of attorney
10	for health care] or power of attorney for finances, whether for health care or property, in which
11	the respondent is identified as the principal.;
12	(7) a general statement of the respondent's property with an estimate of its value,
13	including any insurance or pension, and the source and amount of other anticipated income or
14	receipts;
15	(8) the reason why a conservatorship or protective arrangement instead of
16	conservatorshipother protective order is necessary, including a brief description of the following:
17	(A) the nature and extent of the respondent's <u>alleged</u> need,
18	(B), all alternative meansless restrictive means of meeting the
19	respondent's allegedat need that have been considered or implemented,
20	(C), if no less restrictive alternative means have been tried, the reason they
21	have not been tried, and
22	(D), and the reason alternative less restrictive means are insufficient to
23	meet the respondent's need; and

1	(9) the respondent's need for an interpreter, or translator, or other form of support
2	to effectively communicate with the court or understand court proceedings.
3	(c) If appointment of a conservator conservatorship is requested, the petition must also
4	set forth to the extent known:
5	(1) the name and address of any proposed conservator and the reason why the
6	proposed conservator should be selected;
7	(2) the name and address of any person nominated as conservator by the
8	respondent if the respondent has attained [12] years of age; and
9	(3) whether the petitioner seeks a limited conservatorship or a full
10	conservatorship; and
11	(4) if the petitioner seeks a full conservatorship, the reason why a limited
12	conservatorship is not appropriate the type of conservatorship requested and, if a full
13	conservatorship, the reason why limited conservatorship is inappropriate or, .
14	(d) A petition for a limited conservatorship shall include a description of if a limited
15	conservatorship, the property to be placed under the conservator's control and any other
16	requested limitation on the authority of the conservator conservator's powers and duties.
17	SECTION 403. NOTICE.
18	(a) A copy of the petition <u>filed under Section 402</u> and <u>the notice of the hearing on the a</u>
19	petition for conservatorship or other protective order must be served personally on the
20	respondent. If, but if the respondent's whereabouts are is unknown or personal service cannot be
21	made, service on the respondent must be made by [substituted service] [or] [publication]. The
22	notice must be in plain language, in at least 16-point font, and, to the extent feasible, in a
23	language in which the respondent is proficient. The notice must include a statement that the

respondent must be physically present unless excused by the court, inform the respondent of the
respondent's rights at the hearing, and, if the appointment of a conservator is requested, include a
description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of an appointment<u>conservatorship or the</u>
proposed protective arrangement instead of conservatorship. A failure to serve the respondent
with a notice substantially complying with this subsection precludes the court from granting the
petition.

(b) In a proceeding <u>on a petition filed under Section 402</u>to establish a conservatorship or for a protective order in lieu ofprotective arrangement instead of conservatorship, notice of the hearing must <u>also</u> be given to the persons listed in the petition, and to other persons interested in the respondent's welfare to whom the court has determined that notice must be given. Failure to give notice under this subsection does not preclude the <u>court from appointing a conservator or</u> <u>ordering a protective arrangement instead of conservatorshipappointment of a conservator or the</u> making of another protective order.

(c) Notice of <u>athe</u> hearing on a petition for an order after appointment of a conservator or
protective order in-lieu of conservatorship, together with a copy of the petition, must be given to
the person subject to conservatorship if the <u>individual person</u> has attained [12] years of age and is
not missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States, <u>theany</u> conservator <u>appointed for</u>
<u>the individual, if applicable, of the protected person's estate</u>, and any <u>other person as ordered by</u>
the court <u>directs</u>.

(d) A conservator shall give notice of the filing of the conservator's inventory, report,
 and plan of conservatorship, together with a copy of the inventory, report, and plan of
 conservatorship to the person subject to conservatorship<u>individual subject to conservatorship</u> and
 any other person the court directs. The notice must be delivered or sent not later than 14 days

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after the filing of the inventory, report, or plan of conservatorship.

SECTION 404. PRELIMINARIES TO HEARING ON PROPOSED

3 CONSERVATORSHIP PETITION INVOLVINGFOR MINOR.

4	(a) On the filing of a petition to <u>appoint a conservator or order a establish a</u>
5	conservatorship or for a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of
6	conservatorship for the reason that the respondent ifor s a minor, the court shall set a date
7	forschedule a -hearing. If the court determines at any stage of the proceeding that the interests of
8	the minor are or may be inadequately represented, the courtite shall appoint a lawyer an attorney
9	to represent the minor, giving consideration to the choice of the minor if the minor has attained
10	[12] years of age.
11	(b) While a petition <u>under subsection (a)</u> to establish a conservatorship or for a
12	protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is pending, after
13	preliminary hearing and without notice to others, the court may make enter orders to preserve
14	and apply the property of the minor as may be required for the support of the minor or
15	individuals who are in fact dependent upon the minor. The court may appoint a [master] to assist
16	in the implementation of the ordersin that task.
17	SECTION 405. PRELIMINARIES TO HEARING ON PROPOSED
18	CONSERVATORSHIP FOR <u>INVOLVING</u> -ADULT <u>;</u> ; APPOINTMENT OF [VISITOR].
19	(a) On the filing of a petition for <u>appointment of a conservator or for a a conservatorship</u>
20	or other a protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for an
21	adulta respondent for reasons other than being a minor, the court shall set a date forschedule a
1	

22 hearing. The court shall appoint a [visitor] unless the petition does not request the appointment

23 of a conservator and the respondent is represented by a<u>n attorney lawyer</u>. The duties and

1	reporting requirements of the [visitor] are limited to the relief requested in the petition. The
2	[visitor] must be an individual having training or experience in the type of incapacity alleged.
3	(b) The [visitor] shall interview the respondent in person and in a manner the respondent
4	is best able to understand:
5	(1) explain to the respondent the substance of the petition; and the nature,
6	purpose, and effect of the proceeding; the respondent's rights at the hearing; and the general
7	powers and duties of a conservator;
8	(2) determine the respondent's views about the order or appointment or protective
9	arrangement sought by the petitioner including, if the petition is for a conservatorship, any views
10	about any proposed conservator, the conservator's proposed powers-and duties, and the scope
11	and duration of the proposed conservatorship;
12	(3) inform the respondent of the respondent's right to employ and consult with $a\underline{n}$
13	attorney lawyer at the respondent's own expense and the right to request a court-appointed
14	lawyerattorney; and
15	(4) inform the respondent that all costs and expenses of the proceeding, including
16	respondent's attorney's fees, will be paid from the respondent's estateproperty.
17	(c) In addition to the duties imposed by subsection (b), the [visitor] shall:
18	(1) interview the petitioner and the proposed conservator, if any; and
19	(2) investigate any other matter regarding relating to the petition make any other
20	investigation the court directs.
21	(d) The [visitor] promptly shall file a report with the court, which must include:
22	(1) a recommendation as to whether a <u>n attorney lawyer</u> should be appointed to
23	represent the respondent;

1	(2) recommendations regarding the appropriateness of a conservatorship,
2	including whether less restrictive means of intervention are available, the type of
3	conservatorship, and, if a limited conservatorship, the powers and duties to be granted to the
4	limited conservator, and the assets-property that should be placed under the conservator's
5	controlover which the conservator should be granted authority;
6	(3) a statement of the qualifications of the proposed conservator, together with a
7	statement whether the respondent approves or disapproves of the proposed conservator;
8	(4) a recommendation whether a professional evaluation or further evaluation is
9	necessary;
10	(5) a statement as to the respondent's ability to attend a hearing at the location
11	court is typically heldcourt proceedings are typically conducted;
12	(6) a statement as to the respondent's ability to participate in a hearing that
13	identifies any technology or other form of support that would enhance the respondent's ability to
14	participate; and
15	(7) any other matters the court directs.
16	(e) While a petition <u>filed under Section 402</u> to establish a conservatorship or for a
17	protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is pending, after
18	preliminary hearing and without notice to others, the court may issue enter orders to preserve and
19	apply the property of the respondent as may be required for the support of the respondent or
20	individuals who are in fact dependent on the respondent. The court may appoint a [master] to
21	assist in that task implementing the orders.
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1	SECTION 406. PRELIMINARIES TO HEARING: APPOINTMENT AND ROLE
2	OF LAWYERATTORNEY.
3	Alternative A
4	[(a) The court shall appoint an attorney lawyer to represent the respondent in the
5	proceeding if:
6	(1) requested by the respondent;
7	(2) recommended by the [visitor]; or
8	(3) the court determines that the respondent needs representation.]
9	Alternative B
10	[(a) Unless the respondent is represented by <u>an attorney</u> a lawyer, the court shall appoint
11	a lawyeran attorney to represent the respondent in the proceeding, regardless of the respondent's
12	ability to pay.]
13	End of Alternatives
14	(b) The <u>lawyer-attorney</u> representing the respondent shall make reasonable efforts to
15	ascertain the respondent's wishes.
16	(c) The lawyer attorney representing the respondent shall advocate for the respondent's
17	wishes to the extent those wishes are reasonably ascertainable.
18	(d) If the respondent's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, the lawyer-attorney
19	representing the respondent shall advocate for the result that is the least restrictive option in type,
20	duration, and scope, consistent with the respondent's interests.
21 22 23 24	Legislative Note: Those states that enact Alternative B of subsection (a) which requires appointment of counsel for the respondent in all conservatorship proceedings should not enact Section $405(d)(1)$.

SECTION 407. PROFESSIONAL EVALUATION.

2	(a) At or before a hearing on a petition filed under Section 402on a proposed
3	conservatorship for an adult respondent, the court shall order a professional evaluation of the
4	respondent if the respondent so demands. The court shall also order a professional evaluation
5	unless the court finds that the court has sufficient information to determine the respondent's
6	needs and abilities without such the evaluation.
7	(b) If the court orders the evaluation under subsection (a), the respondent must be
8	examined by a physician, psychologist, social worker, or other individual appointed by the court
9	who is qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional abilities and
10	limitations and abilities and who will not be advantaged or disadvantaged by a decision to grant
11	the petition. The examiner person conducting the evaluation promptly shall file a written report
12	with the court. Unless otherwise directed by the court, the report must contain:
13	(1) a description of the nature, type, and extent of the respondent's specific
14	cognitive and functional abilities and limitations and abilities with regard to the management of
15	the respondent's property and financial affairs;
16	(2) an evaluation of the respondent's mental and physical condition and, if
17	appropriate, educational potential, adaptive behavior, and social skills;
18	(3) prognosis for improvement with regard to the ability to manage <u>the</u>
19	respondent's property and financial affairs; and
20	(4) the date of any assessment or the examination on which the report is based.
21	SECTION 408. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS.
22	[(a) The existence of a proceeding for conservatorship or for a protective arrangement
23	instead of a conservatorship, and the existence of a conservatorship or protective arrangement

1	instead of conservatorship, is a matter of public record.
2	(<u>ba</u>)The written report of a [visitor] and any professional evaluation are confidential
3	and must be sealed on filing, but are available to:
4	(1) the court;
5	(2) the respondent without limitation as to use;
6	(3) the petitioner, the [visitor], and the petitioner's and respondent's
7	attorneyslawyers, for purposes of the proceeding;
8	(4) an agent appointed under a power of attorney for finances in which the
9	respondent is identified as the principal, unless the court orders otherwise; and
10	(54) other persons when it would be in the public interest or for asuch purposes
11	as the court may order for good cause.
12	(<u>c</u> b) The <u>person individual</u> who has been the subject of a proceeding for a
13	conservatorship or protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship,
14	whether or not a conservator was appointed, any attorney designated by the individual the
15	person's attorney, and any person entitled to notice under Section 411(ed) are entitled to access
16	court records pertaining to the proceeding and any resulting conservatorship or protective
17	arrangement, including the annual report and the conservator's plan. In addition, any person
18	with an interest in the welfare of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
19	conservatorship for other good cause may petition the court for access to court records
20	pertaining to a conservatorship or conservatorship proceedingor protective arrangement instead
21	of conservatorship, including the annual report and conservator's plan. The court shall grant
22	access if access is in the best interest of the respondent or person subject to
23	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship or would further the public interest and not

1	endanger the welfare of the respondent or person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
2	conservatorship or protective arrangement instead of conservatorship.]
3	SECTION 409. PRESENCE AND RIGHTS AT HEARING.
4	(a) The respondent shall attend the hearing <u>conducted</u> called pursuant to <u>under</u> Section
5	403 unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
6	(1) the respondent consistently or repeatedly refuses to attend <u>the hearing</u> after
7	having been fully informed of the respondent's right to attend the hearing and the potential
8	consequences of failing to do so;
9	(2) there is no practicable way for the respondent to attend <u>the hearing</u> and the
10	respondent would have no ability to participate in the hearing even with appropriate supportive
11	services, decision-making support, and technological assistance; or
12	(3) the respondent is a minor and has received proper notice.
13	(b) Unless excused by the court for good cause, a proposed conservator shall attend the
14	hearing.
15	(c) Whe <u>nre</u> it is not reasonably feasible for the respondent to participate at the location
16	court is typically heldcourt proceedings are typically conducted, the court shall make reasonable
17	efforts to hold the hearing at an alternative location convenient to the respondent or allow the
18	respondent to participate in the hearing by using real-time, audio-visual technology.
19	(d) The respondent may be assisted in the hearing by a person or persons of the
20	respondent's choosing, by assistive technology, by an interpreter or translator, or by a
21	combination of such supports. If such the assistance, translation, interpretation, or other support
22	would facilitate the respondent's participation in the hearing, but is not otherwise available to the
23	respondent, the court shall make reasonable efforts to provide it.

(e) The respondent has a right to be represented in the hearing by an attorney lawyer of
 the respondent's choosing.

3 (f) The respondent may present evidence and subpoena witnesses and documents; 4 examine witnesses, including any court-appointed physician, psychologist, social worker, or 5 other individual qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional 6 limitations and abilities, and the [visitor]; and otherwise participate in the hearing. 7 (g) The hearing shall be closed on request of the respondent and a showing of good 8 cause. 9 (h) Any person may request permission to participate in the proceeding. The court may 10 grant the request, with or without hearing, on determining that the best interest of the respondent 11 will be served. The court may attach appropriate conditions to the the person's participation. 12 SECTION 410. WHO MAY BE CONSERVATOR: PRIORITIES. 13 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (\underline{cd}), the court, in appointing a 14 conservator, shall consider persons otherwise qualified in the following order of priority: 15 (1) a conservator, other than a temporary or emergency conservator, currently 16 acting for the respondent in this state or anelsewhereother jurisdiction; 17 (2) a person nominated as conservator by the respondent, including the 18 respondent's most recent nomination made in a power of attorney for finances, if the respondent 19 has attained 12 years of age and at the time of the nomination was able to express a preference; 20 (3) an agent appointed by the respondent to manage the respondent's property 21 under a power of attorney for finances; and 22 23 (4) a family member or other person who has exhibited special

	1	care and concern for the respondenta guardian, other than a temporary or emergency guardian, or
	2	like fiduciary currently acting for the respondent in this state or elsewhere;
	3	(5) the spouse [or domestic partner] of the respondent;
	4	(6) an adult child of the respondent;
	5	(7) a parent of the respondent;
	6	(8) a person appointed as a trustee of a trust established by the respondent for the
	7	benefit of the respondent or the respondent's estate;
	8	(9) an agent appointed by the respondent as a health care agent under a [power of
	9	attorney for health care] [made pursuant to the Uniform Health-Care Decisions Act (1993)];
	10	(10) an adult with whom the respondent has shared household responsibilities for
	11	more than six months before the filing of the petition;
	12	(11) an adult stepchild whom the respondent actively parented during the
	13	stepchild's minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship within two
	14	years of the petition; and
	15	(12) an adult who has exhibited special care and concern for the person and who
	16	is familiar with the person's values and preferences.
	17	(b) A person having priority under subsection (a)(1), (4), (5), or (6) may designate in
	18	writing a substitute to serve and thereby transfer the priority to the substitute.
	19	(be) With respect to persons having equal priority, the court shall select the person the
	20	courtone it considers best qualified. In determining who is best qualified, the court shall
	21	consider the potential potential conservator's relationship with the respondent, the potential
	22	conservator's skills, and relationship with the respondent, the likelihood that the potential
	23	conservator will be able to successfully satisfy the duties of a conservator, and the preferences,
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1	values, and prior directions of the respondent. the expressed wishes of the respondent, the extent
2	to which the potential conservator and the respondent have similar values and preferences, and
3	the likelihood that the potential conservator will be able to successfully satisfy the duties of a
4	conservator.
5	(cd) The court, acting in the best interest of the <u>respondent</u> person subject to
6	conservatorship, may decline to appoint a person having priority and appoint a person having a
7	lower priority or no priority.
8	(d) A person who provides paid services to the respondent, who is employed by a person
9	thatwho provides paid services to the respondent, or who is the spouse, [domestic partner,
10]parent, or child[, or domestic partner] of a person who provides paid services to the respondent,
11	may not be appointed conservator unless:
12	(1) the person is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or
13	(2) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best
14	qualified person available for appointment and that such appointment is in the best interest of the
15	respondent.
16	(e) An owner, operator, or employee of [a long-term care institution] at which the
17	respondent is receiving care may not be appointed as conservator unless the owner, operator, or
18	employee is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption.
19	SECTION 411. ORDER OF APPOINTMENT.
20	(a) <u>A court order granting a conservatorship for a minor clearly must state the court's</u>
21	finding supporting appointment of a conservator, whether the conservatorship is full or limited,
22	and, if the conservatorship is limited, the powers granted to the conservator and the property
23	placed under the conservator's control. If a proceeding is brought for the reason that the

1	respondent is a minor, after a hearing on the petition, on finding that the appointment of a
2	conservator or protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is in
3	the best interest of the minor, the court shall make an appointment or other appropriate protective
4	order.
5	(b) <u>AIf a proceeding is brought for reasons other than that the respondent is a minor, a</u>
6	court order granting a conservatorship for an adult shall clearly must clearly state:
7	(1) the court's finding that the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by less
8	restrictive means, including use of appropriate supportive services, technological assistance, and
9	appropriate decision-making support; and
10	(2) the court's finding that there is clear and convincing evidence that the
11	respondent was given proper notice of the hearing on the petition.
12	(c) - <u>A court order granting a full conservatorship for an adult clearly must state the basis</u>
13	for granting a full conservatorship and provide specific findings to support the conclusion that a
14	limited conservatorship would not meet the functional needs of the adult.
15	(d) A court order granting a limited conservatorship must state the property placed under
16	the control of the conservator and the powers granted to the conservator. If a proceeding is
17	brought for reasons other than that the respondent is a minor, after a hearing on the petition, on
18	finding that the basis for appointing a conservator exists, the court shall make the least restrictive
19	order consistent with its findings. The court shall make orders necessitated by the limitations
20	and demonstrated needs of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
21	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship, including appointive and other orders that
22	will encourage the development of maximum self-determination and independence of the person
23	subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship.
1	

1	(ed) The court shall, as part of any order granting a conservatorship, identify any persons
2	who shall subsequently be entitled to:
3	(1) notice of the rights of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject
4	to conservatorship;
5	(2) notice of a sale of or surrender of a lease to the primary residence of the
6	person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship;
7	(3) a copy of the conservator's annual report and plan;
8	(4) access to court records pertaining to the conservatorship; and
9	(5) notice of the death of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject
10	to conservatorship subject to conservatorship or significant change in the person's condition.
11	(fe) If the individual subject to conservatorship is an adult, t The persons entitled to
12	notice under subsection (ed) shall include the spouse[, domestic partner,] and adult children of
13	the person subject to conservatorshipindividualadult subject to conservatorship unless the court
14	determines that such-notice would be contrary to the preferences or prior directions of the person
15	subject to conservatorshipindividualadult subject to conservatorship or not in the best interest of
16	the person subject to conservatorshipindividuaadultl subject to conservatorship.
17	(g) If the individual subject to conservatorship is a minor, the persons entitled to notice
18	under subsection (e) shall include the parents of the minor and adult siblings of the minor unless
19	the court determines that notice would not be in the best interest of the minor subject to
20	conservatorship.
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1	SECTION 412. NOTIFICATION OF ORDER OF APPOINTMENT PERSON
2	SUBJECT TO CONSERVATORSHIPINDIVIDUAL SUBJECT TO
3	<u>CONSERVATORSHIP</u> OF ORDER; RIGHTS.
4	(a) <u>A conservator appointed under Section 411 shall send or deliverNot later than 14</u>
5	days after an appointment, the conservator shall deliver or send a copy of the order of
6	appointment, together with a statement notice of the right to request termination or modification,
7	to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, if the person has
8	attained [12] years of age, and to all other persons given notice of the hearing on the petition.
9	The order and notice shall be sent or delivered no later than 14 days after the appointment is
10	made. and is not missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States, and to all other
11	persons given notice of the petition.
12	(b) Not later than 30 days after an appointment <u>under Section 411</u> , the court shall send or
13	deliver to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, the
14	conservator, and any other persons entitled to such notice pursuant tounder Section 411(ed) a
15	statement of the rights of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
16	conservatorship and how the person canto seek relief if the person individual is denied those
17	rights. The statement shall be in plain language, in at least 16-point font, and, to the extent
18	feasible, in a language in which the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
19	conservatorship is proficient. The notice must notify the person subject to
20	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship of the right to:
21	(1) seek termination or modification of the conservatorship, seek removal of a
22	conservator, and obtain an attorneycounsel of the person subject to conservatorship individual's
23	subject to conservatorship's choosing to represent the person individual in these matters;

1	(2) participate in decision-making to the extent possible; and
2	(3) receive a copy of the conservator's inventory, report, and plan of
3	conservatorship.
4	(c) If the conservator is appointed under Section 401(b)(1)(B) and the individual subject
5	to conservatorship is missing, notice under subsection (a) and (b) to the individual is not
6	required.
7	SECTION 413. EMERGENCY CONSERVATOR
8	(a) If the court finds that compliance with the procedures of this [article] will likely
9	result in substantial and irreparable harm to the respondent's propertyestate, financial interests,
10	or both, and that no other person appears to have authority and willingness to act in the
11	circumstances, the court, on petition by a person interested in the respondent's welfare or on its
12	own motion, may appoint an emergency conservator for the respondent. The duration of the
13	emergency conservator's authority whose authority may not exceed [60] days and the emergency
14	conservatorwho may exercise only the powers specified in the order. Immediately upon receipt
15	of athe petition for an emergency conservator, the court shall appoint a lawyer an attorney to
16	represent the respondent in the proceeding. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b),
17	reasonable notice of the time and place of a hearing on the petition appointment of a conservator
18	under this subsection must be given to the respondent, the respondent's attorney, and any other
19	persons as the court directs.
20	(b) The court may appoint an An emergency con emergency conservator may be
21	appointed without notice and a hearingto the respondent and the respondent's lawyer only if the
22	court finds from affidavit or testimony that the respondent's estateproperty or financial interests
23	will be substantially and irreparably harmed before a hearing on the appointment can be held. If

1	the court appoints an emergency conservator without notice and a hearing, to the respondent, the
2	respondent, the respondent's attorney, and other persons as the court directs -must be given
3	notice of the appointment not later than 48 hours after the appointment. The court shall hold a
4	hearing on the appropriateness of the appointment not later than [five] days after the appointment
5	under this section.
6	(c) Appointment of an emergency conservator, with or without notice, is not a
7	determination that the conditions required for appointment of a limited or full conservator under
8	Section 401 have been satisfied.
9	(d) The court may remove an emergency conservator at any time. An emergency
10	conservator shall make any report the court requires. In other respects, the provisions of this
11	[act] concerning conservators apply to an emergency conservator.
12	SECTION 41 <u>4</u> 3. POWERS OF COURT <u>AFTER APPOINTMENT OF</u>
14	SECTION 4145. TO WERS OF COURT AFTER ATTOMUMENT OF
12	<u>CONSERVATOR</u> .
13	CONSERVATOR.
13 14	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship exists appointing a
13 14 15	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship existsappointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the
13 14 15 16	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship exists appointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the a-conservator:
13 14 15 16 17	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship existsappointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the a-conservator: (1) with respect to a minor-for whom an appointment has been made for reasons
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship exists appointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the a-conservator: (1) with respect to a minor for whom an appointment has been made for reasons of age, all the powers over the estate-property and financial affairs of the minor which may be
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship existsappointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the a-conservator: (1) with respect to a minor-for whom an appointment has been made for reasons of age, all the powers over the estate property and financial affairs of the minor which may be necessary for the best interest of the minor and members of the minor's immediate family; and
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	CONSERVATOR. (a) After hearing and on determining that a basis for a conservatorship existsappointing a conservator, the court has the following powers, which may be exercised directly or through the a-conservator: (1) with respect to a minor for whom an appointment has been made for reasons of age, all the powers over the estate-property and financial affairs of the minor which may be necessary for the best interest of the minor and members of the minor's immediate family; and (2) with respect to an adult, or to a minor for whom an appointment has been

1	support, all the powers over the estate property and financial affairs of the person subject to
2	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorshipadult which the adultperson could exercise
3	if the person were an adult, present, and not subject to conservatorship or other protective order.
4	(b) Subject to Section 108 requiring endorsement of limitations on the letters of office,
5	the court may limit at any time the powers of a conservator otherwise conferred and may remove
6	or modify any limitation.
7	SECTION 41 <u>5</u> 4. POWERS <u>OF CONSERVATOR</u> REQUIRING COURT
8	APPROVAL.
9	(a) A conservator may exercise the following powers with respect to the <u>conservatorship</u>
10	estateproperty of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship only
11	after notice to interested persons and on express authorization of the court, a conservator may:
12	(1) the power to make gifts, except those of de minimus value;
13	(2) the power to sell real property, encumber an interest in real property, or
14	surrender a lease to the primary residence of an person subject to conservatorship individual
15	subject to conservatorship;
16	(3) the power to convey, release, or disclaim contingent and expectant interests in
17	property, including marital property rights and any right of survivorship incident to joint tenancy
18	or tenancy by the entireties;
19	(4) the power to exercise or release a power of appointment;
20	(5) the power to create a revocable or irrevocable trust of property of the
21	conservatorship estate, whether or not the trust extends beyond the duration of the
22	conservatorship, or revoke or amend a trust revocable by the person subject to
23	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship;

1	(6) the power to exercise rights to elect options and change beneficiaries under
2	insurance policies and annuities or surrender the policies and annuities for their cash value;
3	(7) the power to exercise any right to an elective share in the estate of the
4	deceased spouse [or domestic partner] of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject
5	to conservatorship and to renounce or disclaim any interest by testate or intestate succession or
6	by transfer inter vivos; [and]
7	(8) the power to grant a creditor a priority for payment over creditors of the same
8	or higher class if the creditor is providing property or services used to meet the basic living and
9	care needs of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and such
10	preferential treatment would be otherwise impermissible under Section 431(e)[; and
11	$\frac{1}{2}$ (98) the power to make, modify, amend, or revoke the will of the person subject
12	to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship.
13	(b) A conservator, in making, amending, or revoking the will of an person subject to
14	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship, shall comply with [the state's statute for
15	executing wills]].
16	(eb) The court, in exercising or approving a conservator's exercise of the powers listed in
17	subsection (a), shall consider primarily the decision that the person subject to
18	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship would make ifit able, to the extent that the
19	decision can be ascertained.
20	<u>(c)</u>
21	————To determine the decision the person-individual subject to conservatorship would make if
22	the person were able, the court shall consider the individual person's prior or current directions,
23	preferences, opinions, values, and actions to the to the extent actually known or reasonably

1	ascertainable. The court shall also consider:
2	(1) the financial needs of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject
3	to conservatorship and the needs and of individuals who are dependent on the person subject to
4	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship for support, and the interest of creditors;
5	(2) possible reduction of income, estate, inheritance, or other tax liabilities;
6	(3) eligibility for governmental assistance;
7	(4) the previous pattern of giving or level of support provided by the person
8	subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship;
9	(5) <u>anythe</u> existing estate plan <u>of the individual subject to conservatorship;</u>
10	(6) the life expectancy of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject
11	to conservatorship and the probability that the conservatorship will terminate before the person's
12	individual's death; and
13	(7) any other factors the court considers relevant.
14	(<u>d</u> d) Without authorization of the court, <u>A</u> a conservator may not revoke or amend a
15	power of attorney for finances executed by that the person subject to conservatorship individual
16	subject to conservatorship executed before the conservator's appointment. If a power of attorney
17	for finances is in effect, absent a court order to the contrary, a decision of the agent takes
18	precedence over that of a conservator absent a court order to the contrary.
19	SECTION 41 <u>6</u> 5. PETITION FOR ORDER SUBSEQUENT TO APPOINTMENT.
20	An person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship or a person interested
21	in the welfare of an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship may
22	file a petition in the appointing court for an order:

1	collateral, or allowing a reduction in a bond or collateral previously furnishedreducing bond;
2	(2b) requiring an accounting for the administration of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate of the
3	person subject to conservatorship;
4	$(\underline{3e})$ directing distribution;
5	(4d) removing the conservator and appointing a temporary or successor conservator;
6	$(\underline{5e})$ modifying the type of appointment or powers granted to the conservator if the extent
7	of protection or management previously granted is currently excessive or insufficient to meet the
8	individual's needs, including because the individual's abilities or supports have changedor the
9	ability of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship to manage
10	the estate and financial affairs has so changed as to warrant the action; or
11	(<u>6</u> f) granting other appropriate relief.
12	SECTION 4176. BOND; ALTERNATIVE ASSETPROTECTION
13	ARRANGEMENT.
14	(a) The court shall require a conservator to furnish a bond with sureties <u>a surety</u> as it may
15	specify, or require an alternative assetprotection arrangement, conditioned on faithful discharge
16	of all duties of the conservatorship according to lawunder this [act]. The court may waive this
17	requirement only if the court finds that such a bond or other asset-protection arrangement is not
18	necessary to protect the interests of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
19	conservatorship. The court may not waive this requirement if the conservator is in the business
20	of serving as a conservator and is being paid for th <u>e conservator's</u> service.
21	(b) Unless otherwise directed by the court, the bond must be in the amount of the
22	aggregate capital value of <u>conservatorship estate</u> the property of the estate in the conservator's
23	control, plus one year's estimated income, and minusless the value of assets property deposited

1	under arrangements requiring an order of the court for their removal and the value of any real
2	property that the fiduciary conservator, by express limitation, lacks power to sell or convey
3	without court authorization. The court, in place of suretyies on a bond, may accept collateral for
4	the performance of the bond, including a pledge of securities or a mortgage of real property.
5	SECTION 4178. TERMS AND REQUIREMENTS OF BOND.
6	(a) The following rules apply to the bond required under Section 417:
7	(1) Except as otherwise provided by the terms of the bond, the suretysureties and
8	the conservator are jointly and severally liable.
9	(2) By executing <u>athe</u> bond <u>provided byof</u> a conservator <u>under Section 417</u> , a
10	surety submits to the jurisdiction of the court that issued letters of office to the primary
11	obligorconservator in any proceeding pertaining to the fiduciary duties of the conservator in
12	which the surety is named as a party. Notice of any proceeding must be sent or delivered to the
13	surety at the address shown in the court records at the place where the bond is filed and to any
14	other address then known to the petitionerperson required to provide the notice.
15	(3) On petition of a successor conservator or any interested person, a proceeding
16	may be brought against a surety for breach of the obligation of the bond-of the conservator.
17	(4) The bond of the conservator may be proceeded against until liability under the
18	bond is exhausted.
19	(b) A proceeding may not be brought against a surety on any matter as to which an
20	action or proceeding against the primary obligorconservator is barred.
21	SECTION-418 419. GENERAL DUTIES OF CONSERVATOR.
22	(a) A conservator, in relation to powers conferred by this [article] or implicit in the title
23	acquired by virtue of the proceeding, is a fiduciary and shall observe the standards of care
I	

applicable to a trustee. A conservator at all times shall exercise reasonable care, diligence, and
 prudence.

3 (b) A conservator shall promote the self-determination of the person subject to 4 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and exercise authority only as necessitated 5 by the individual person's limitations and, to the extent possible, shall encourage the person 6 individual to participate in decisions, act on the person's individual's own behalf, and develop or 7 regain the capacity to manage the individual person's personal affairs. 8 (c) A conservator making a decision on behalf of the person subject to 9 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship shall make the decision the conservator 10 reasonably believes the individual person would make if the person-individual were able unless 11 doing so would fail to preserve the resources needed to maintain the person's individual's well-12 being and lifestyle or otherwise unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or interests of the 13 person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship. To determine the 14 decision the <u>individua</u> would make if the <u>person individual</u> were able, the conservator 15 shall consider the person's-individual's prior or current directions, preferences, opinions, values, 16 and actions to the to the extent actually known or reasonably ascertainable by the conservator. 17 (d) If the conservator does not know or cannot reasonably ascertain the decision that the 18 person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship probably would make if 19 the individual person were able, or if the decision the conservator believes the individual person 20 would make would fail to the preserve-the resources needed to maintain the individual person's 21 well-being and lifestyle or would otherwise unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare of the 22 person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator shall act 23 in accordance with the individual person's best interests. In determining the best interests of the

person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator shall
 consider:

3 (1) information received from professionals and persons who demonstrate 4 sufficient interest in the welfare of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 5 conservatorship. 6 (2) other information that the conservator believes the individual person would 7 have considered the person were if able to act, and 8 (3) other factors that a reasonable person in the circumstances of the person 9 subject to conservatorship individual would consider, including consequences for others. 10 (e) Except when re-inconsistent with the conservator's duties under subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Section, a conservator shall invest and manage the conservatorship estateestate as 11 12 a prudent investor would - by considering: 13 (1) the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other the circumstances of 14 the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and the 15 conservatorship estateincluding: 16 (12) general economic conditions; 17 (32) the possible effect of inflation or deflation; 18 (43) the expected tax consequences of investment decisions or strategies; 19 (54) the role that each investment or course of action plays in relation to the 20 conservatorship estate as a whole; 21 (65) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of capital; 22 (76) needs for liquidity, regularity of income, and preservation or appreciation of 23 capital; and

ĺ	1	(87) an asset'sthe special relationship or special value, if any, of specific property
	2	to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship.
	3	(f) A conservator's investment and management of the property of the
	4	individual subject to conservatorship is determined in light of the facts and circumstances
	5	existing at the time of a conservator's decision or action and not by hindsight.
ļ	6	
	7	(gf) A conservator shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the
	8	investment and management of the conservatorship estate assets.
	9	(hg) A conservator who has special skills or expertise, or is named conservator in
	10	reliance upon the conservator's representation of special skills or expertise, has a duty to use
	11	those special skills or expertise in carrying out the conservator's duties.
	12	(<u>i</u> h) In investing an estate, selecting assets of the estate specific property for distribution,
	13	and invoking powers of revocation or withdrawal available for the use and benefit of the person
	14	subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship and exercisable by the
	15	conservator, a conservator shall take into account any estate plan of the person-individual known
ļ	16	to the conservator and may examine the will and any other donative, nominative, or other
	17	appointive instrument of the individual person.
	18	(ji) A conservator shall maintain insurance on the person's the insurable real and personal
	19	property of the individual subject to conservatorship, unless the conservatorship estate lacks
I	20	sufficient funds to pay for insurance or a court determines, and issues an order finding:
	21	(1) the property lacks sufficient equity:,
	22	(2) the property is uninsurable: $\frac{1}{2}$, or
	23	(3) insuring the property would unreasonably dissipate the <u>conservatorship</u> estate

or otherwise not be in the best interest of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject
 to conservatorship.

3	(kj) A conservator, without authorization of the court, may not revoke a power of
4	attorney for finances [made pursuant to the Uniform Power of Attorney Act (2006)] which the
5	person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship executed before the
6	conservator's appointment. If a power of attorney for finances [made pursuant to the Uniform
7	Power of Attorney Act (2006)] is in effect, the absent an order of the court to the contrary, a
8	decision by the agent that the agent is authorized to make under the power of attorney for
9	finances takes precedence over that of a conservator and the conservator shall cooperate with the
10	agent to the extent feasible.
11	(1) A conservator has access to and authority over a digital asset of the individual subject
12	to conservatorship to the extent provided by [the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital
13	Assets Act] or by order of court.
14	SECTION 419 420. CONSERVATOR'S PLAN.
15	(a) Not later than 60 days after appointment, and a least once every five years year
16	thereafter, a conservator shall file with the appointing court a plan for protecting, managing,
17	expending, and distributing the assets of the conservatorship estate of the person subject to
18	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship. The plan must be based on the actual
19	needs of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and take into
20	account the best interest of the individual person as well as the individual person's preferences,
21	values, and prior directions to the extent known to the conservator or reasonably ascertainable by
22	the conservator. The conservator shall include in the plan steps to develop or restore the ability
23	of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship to manage the

1	individualperson's property, how the conservator will involve the individual-person in decisions
2	about property management, an estimate of the duration of the conservatorship, and projections
3	of resources and expenses, including projections of any fees the conservator anticipates charging
4	to the person for the conservator's services.
5	(b) The court shall review the conservator's plan to determine whether or not to approve
6	it. In deciding whether to approve the plan, the court shall consider whether the plan is
7	consistent with the conservator's duties set forth in this section[article].
8	(c) After the conservator's plan is approved by the court, the conservator shall provide a
9	copy of the conservator's plan to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
10	conservatorship and such other persons as the court directs.
11	(d) A conservator shall give notice of the filing of the conservator's inventory, report,
12	and plan of conservatorship, together with a copy of the inventory, report, and plan of
13	conservatorship to the individual subject to conservatorship and any other person the court
14	directs. The notice must be delivered or sent not later than 14 days after the filing of the
15	inventory, report, or plan of conservatorship.
16	SECTION-420_421. INVENTORY; RECORDS.
17	(a) Not later than 60 days after appointment, a conservator shall prepare and file with the
18	appointing court a detailed inventory of the estate subject to the conservatorship estate, together
19	with an oath or affirmation that the inventory is believed to be complete and accurate as far as
20	information permits.
21	(b) A conservator shall keep records of the administration of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate

- 22 and make them available for examination on reasonable request of the person subject to
- 23 <u>conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship</u> or an interested person.

1	SECTION-421_422. POWERS OF CONSERVATOR IN ADMINISTRATION.
2	(a) Except as otherwise qualified or limited by the court in its order of appointment and
3	endorsed stated ion the letters of office, a conservator has all of the powers granted in this section
4	and any additional powers granted by law to a trustee in this state by law of this state other than
5	this [act].
6	(b) A conservator, acting reasonably and in an effort to accomplish the purpose of the
7	appointment, and without further court authorization or confirmation, may:
8	(1) collect, hold, and retain property included in the conservatorshipassets of the
9	estate, including assets property in which the conservator has a personal interest and real
10	property in another state, until the conservator considers that disposition of the an assetproperty
11	should be made;
12	(2) receive additions to the <u>conservatorship</u> estate;
13	(3) continue or participate in the operation of any business or other enterprise;
14	(4) acquire an undivided interest in an asset of the estate property included in
15	the conservatorship estate in which the conservator, in any fiduciary capacity, holds an undivided
16	interest;
17	(5) invest assets of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate;
18	(6) deposit money of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate in a financial institution, including
19	one operated by the conservator;
20	(7) acquire or dispose of an assetproperty of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate, including
21	real property in another state, for cash or on credit, at public or private sale, and manage,
22	develop, improve, exchange, partition, change the character of, or abandon an asset <u>property</u>
23	included in the conservatorship-of the estate;

	1	(8) make ordinary or extraordinary repairs or alterations in buildings or other
	2	structures, demolish any improvements, and raze existing or erect new party walls or buildings;
	3	(9) subdivide, develop, or dedicate land to public use, make or obtain the vacation
	4	of plats and adjust boundaries, adjust differences in valuation, on or exchange or partition land by
ļ	5	giving or receiving consideration, and dedicate easements to public use without consideration;
	6	(10) enter for any purpose into a lease as lessor or lessee, with or without option
	7	to purchase or renew, for a term within or extending beyond the term of the conservatorship;
	8	(11) enter into a lease or arrangement for exploration and removal of minerals or
	9	other natural resources or enter into a pooling or unitization agreement;
	10	(12) grant an option involving disposition of an asset of the estate property
	11	included in the conservatorship estate and take accept or exercise an option for the acquisition of
	12	propertyany asset;
	13	(13) vote a security, in person or by general or limited proxy;
	14	(14) pay calls, assessments, and any other sums chargeable or accruing against or
	15	on account of securities;
	16	(15) sell or exercise stock subscription or conversion rights;
	17	(16) consent, directly or through a committee or other agent, to the reorganization,
	18	consolidation, merger, dissolution, or liquidation of a corporation or other business enterprise;
	19	(17) hold a security in the name of a nominee or in other form without disclosure
	20	of the conservatorship so that title to the security may pass by delivery;
	21	(18) insure the assets of the estate the conservatorship estate - against damage or
	22	loss and the conservator against liability with respect to a third person in accordance with
	23	<u>Section 419(i);</u>

1	(19) borrow money, with or without security, to be repaid from the
2	conservatorship estate or otherwise and advance money for the protection of the conservatorship
3	estate or the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship and for all
4	expenses, losses, and liability sustained in the administration of the conservatorship estate or
5	because of the holding or ownership of any asset of any property, for which the conservator has a
6	lien on the <u>conservatorship</u> estate as against the person subject to conservatorship individual
7	subject to conservatorship for advances so made;
8	(20) pay or contest any claim, settle a claim by or against the <u>conservatorship</u>
9	estate or the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship by
10	compromise, arbitration, or otherwise, and release, in whole or in part, any claim belonging to
11	the <u>conservatorship</u> estate to the extent the claim is uncollectible;
12	(21) pay <u>a taxes</u> , assessments, compensation of the conservator and any guardian,
13	and other expenses incurred in the collection, care, administration, and protection of the
14	conservatorship estate;
15	(22) allocate items of income or expense to income or principal of the
16	conservatorship estate, as provided by law of this state other than this [act], including creation of
17	reserves out of income for depreciation, obsolescence, or amortization or for depletion of
18	minerals or other natural resources;
19	(23) pay any sum distributable to an person subject to conservatorship individual
20	subject to conservatorship or individual who is in fact dependent on the person subject to
21	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship by paying the sum to the distributee or by
22	paying the sum for the use of the distributee:
23	(A) to the guardian of the distributee;

1	(B) to a distributee's custodian under [the Uniform Transfers to Minors
2	Act (1983/1986)] or custodial trustee under [the Uniform Custodial Trust Act (1987)]; or
3	(C) if there is no guardian, custodian, or custodial trustee, to a relative or
4	other person having physical custody of the distributee;
5	(24) prosecute or defend actions, claims, or proceedings in any jurisdiction for the
6	protection of assets of the conservatorship estate and of the conservator in the performance of
7	fiduciary-the conservator's duties; and
8	(25) structure the finances of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual
9	subject to conservatorship to establish eligibility for public benefits, including by making gifts in
10	a way that is consistent with the individual person's preferences, values, and prior directions,
11	provided that if the conservator's actions do not jeopardize the individual's welfare of the person
12	subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship and, are otherwise consistent
13	with the conservator's fiduciary dutyduties including the conservator's duty to seek court
14	approval when required by act in compliance with Section 414 of this Act415; and-
15	(26) execute and deliver all instruments that will accomplish or facilitate the
16	exercise of the powers vested in the conservator.
17	SECTION-422 423. DELEGATION BY CONSERVATOR.
18	(a) A conservator may not delegate to an agent or another conservator the entire
19	administration of the estate, but a conservator may otherwise delegate the performance of
20	functions that a prudent trustee of comparable skills may delegate under similar
21	eireumstances.

1	(b) The conservator shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
2	(1) selecting an agent;
3	(2) establishing the scope and terms of a delegation, consistent with the
4	purposes and terms of the conservatorship;
5	(3) periodically reviewing an agent's overall performance and compliance
6	with the terms of the delegation; and
7	(4) redressing an action or decision of an agent which would constitute a
8	breach of fiduciary duties if performed by the conservator.
9	(c) A conservator who complies with subsections (a) and (b) is not liable to the
10	person subject to conservatorship<u>individual subject to conservatorship</u> or to the person's
11	estate for the decisions or actions of the agent to whom a function was delegated.
12	(d) In performing a delegated function, an agent shall exercise reasonable care to
13	comply with the terms of the delegation and reasonable care in the performance of
14	delegated powers.
15	(e) By accepting a delegation from a conservator subject to the law of this state, an
16	agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state.
17	(f) A conservator may revoke the delegation of powers at any time.
18	SECTION 423<u>424</u>. PRINCIPLES OF DISTRIBUTION BY CONSERVATOR.
19	(a) Unless otherwise specified in the order of appointment and endorsed stated in on the
20	letters of appointment office or unless contrary to the plan filed pursuant tounder Section 420, a
21	conservator may expend or distribute income or principal of the conservatorship estate of the
22	person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship-without further court
23	authorization or confirmation for the support, care, education, health, and welfare of the person

1 subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and an individuals who isare in 2 fact dependent on the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship, 3 including the payment of child or spousal support, in accordance with the following rules rules: 4 (1) A conservator shall consider recommendations relating to the appropriate 5 standard of support, care, education, health, and welfare for the person subject to 6 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship or an individual who is in fact dependent on 7 the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship made by a guardian, if 8 any, and, if the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship is a minor, 9 the conservator shall consider recommendations made by a parent of the minor. 10 (2) A conservator may not be surcharged for money paid to persons furnishing 11 support, care, education, or benefit to an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 12 conservatorship, or an individual who is in fact dependent on the person subject to 13 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, in accordance with the recommendations 14 of a parent or guardian of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 15 conservatorship unless the conservator knows that the parent or guardian derives personal 16 financial benefit from the payment of the moneytherefrom, including relief from any personal 17 duty of support, or the recommendations are not in the best interest of the person subject to 18 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship. 19 (3) In making <u>expenditures or</u> distributions under this subsection, the conservator 20 shall consider: 21 (A) the size of the conservatorship estate, the estimated duration of the 22 conservatorship, and the likelihood that the person subject to conservatorship individual subject 23 to conservatorship, at some future time, may be fully self-sufficient and able to manage the

1 <u>individual's</u> financial affairs and the <u>conservatorship</u> estate;

2	(B) the accustomed standard of living of the person subject to
3	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship and an individuals who isare in fact
4	dependent on the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship;
5	(C) other money or sources used for the support of the person subject to
6	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship; and
7	(D) the preferences, values, and prior directions of the person subject to
8	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship.
9	(4) Money expended or distributed under this subsection may be paid by the
10	conservator to any person, including the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
11	conservatorship, as reimbursement for expenditures that the conservator might have made, or in
12	advance for services to be rendered to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
13	conservatorship if it is reasonable to expect the services will be performed and advance payments
14	are customary or reasonably necessary under the circumstances.
15	SECTION-424 4245. CONSERVATOR'S REPORTS AND ACCOUNTINGS;
16	APPOINTMENT OF [VISITOR]; MONITORING.
17	(a) A conservator shall report to the court for administration of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate
18	annually unless the court otherwise directs, on resignation or removal, on termination of the
19	conservatorship, and at other times as the court directs. An order, after notice and hearing,
20	allowing an intermediate report of a conservator adjudicates liabilities concerning the matters
21	adequately disclosed in the accounting included in the report. An order, after notice and hearing,
22	allowing a final report adjudicates all previously unsettled liabilities relating to the
23	conservatorship.

1 (b) A report must state or contain: 2 (1) an accounting that contains a list of the property included in the 3 conservatorship assets of the estate under the conservator's control and a list of the receipts, 4 disbursements, and distributions during the period for which the report is made; 5 (2) a list of the services provided to the person subject to 6 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship; 7 (3) a copy of the conservator's previously approved plan and a statement as to 8 whether the conservator has deviated for the conservator's previously approved from the plan 9 and, if so, how the conservator has deviated and whythe reason for that deviation; 10 (4) any recommended changes in the plan for the conservatorship, including its scope, and whether there is a need to continue the conservatorship-as well as a recommendation 11 12 as to the continued need for conservatorship and any recommended changes in the scope of the 13 conservatorship; 14 (5) to the extent feasible, copies of the most recent reasonably available financial 15 statements evidencing the status of the bank accounts, investment accounts, and mortgage or 16 other debts of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship; 17 (6) anything of more than de minimis value that the conservator, any person who 18 resides with the conservator, or the spouse, [domestic partner,]parent, child, or sibling of the or 19 an immediate family member of the the conservator or an immediate family member of the 20 conservator has received from individuals providing goods or services to the person subject to 21 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship; 22 (7) any business relations that the conservator has with a personindividuals 23 providing goods or services to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to

1 <u>conservatorship</u>, and

2	(8) any business relations that the conservator has with a person who the
3	conservator has paid or has otherwise benefited using the property of the individual subject to
4	conservatorship;
5	(8) a copy of the conservator's previously approved plan and a statement as to
6	whether the conservator has deviated from the plan and, if so, the reason for that deviation; and
7	(9) a recommendation as to the need for continued conservatorship and any
8	recommended changes in the scope of the conservatorship; and (10) whether the successor
9	standby conservator, if any, is alive and able to serve.
10	(c) The court may appoint a [visitor] to review a report or <u>conservator's plan</u> , interview
11	the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship or conservator, and
12	make any other investigation investigate any other matter involving the conservatorship the court
13	directs. In connection with a report, the court may order a conservator to submit the
14	conservatorship assets of the estate to an appropriate examination to be made in a manner the
15	court directs.
16	(d) <u>A notice of the filing of the conservator's report, together with a copy of the report, A</u>
17	copy of the conservator's report shall be provided to the person subject to
18	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship and any other person entitled to such report
19	as a result of the initial or subsequent court order. whom the court has determined is entitled to
20	the report. The notice and report must be delivered or sent not later than 14 days after the filing
21	of the report.
22	(e) The court shall establish a system for monitoring a conservator's annual report and
23	plan, and shall review such report and plan no less than annually in order to determine whether:

1	(1) the report and plan provide sufficient information to establish that the
2	conservator has complied with the conservator's duties;
3	(2) the conservatorship should continue; and
4	(3) the conservator's requested fees, if any, should be approved.
5	(f) If the court determines that there is reason to believe that the conservator has not
6	complied with the conservator's duties, the conservatorship should not continue, or the requested
7	fees are not reasonable, the court:
8	(1) shall notify the conservator, the person subject to conservatorship individual
9	subject to conservatorship, and any other person entitled to such notification according to the
10	initial court order or subsequent court order;
11	(2) <u>may shall</u> require <u>such</u> additional information from the conservator <u>as the</u>
12	court determines;
13	(3) may appoint a [visitor] to interview the person subject to
14	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship or conservator, and investigate any other
15	matter involving the conservatorshipmake any other investigation the court directs; and
16	(4) may hold a hearing to consider removal of the conservator, termination of the
17	conservatorship, a change in the powers granted to the conservator or other terms of the
18	conservatorship, or adjustment of fees-if the court concludes that a hearing would help the court
19	determine whether the conservator has complied with the conservator's duties, the
20	conservatorship should continue, the scope of the conservator's powers or other terms of the
21	conservatorship should be modified, or the requested fees are reasonable.
1	

1	SECTION-425_4256. TITLE BY APPOINTMENTEFFECT OF
2	CONTRACTAGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY INDIVIDUAL SUBJECT TO
3	CONSERVATORSHIP; FILING AND RECORDING OF DOCUMENTS.
4	(a) If an individual subject to conservatorship enters into a contract after having the right
5	to enter into that contract removed by the court, the contract is void against the individual and the
6	individual's estateproperty, but enforceable against the person who contracted with the
7	individual subject to conservatorship.
8	The appointment of a conservator vests title in the conservator as trustee to all property of the
9	protected person, or to the part thereof specified in the order, held at the time of appointment or
10	thereafter acquired. An order vesting title in the conservator to only a part of the property of the
11	protected person creates a conservatorship limited to assets specified in the order.
12	(b) Letters of conservatorship are evidence of vesting title of the protected person's
13	assets in the conservator. An order terminating a conservatorship transfers title to assets
14	remaining subject to the conservatorship, including any described in the order, to the formerly
15	protected person or the person's successors.
16	(eb) Subject to the requirements of other statutes governing the filing or recordation of
17	documents of title to land or other property, letters of conservatorship and orders terminating
18	conservatorships may be filed or recorded to give notice of title as between the conservator and
19	the protected person.
20	SECTION-426_4267. INTEREST OF PERSON SUBJECT TO
21	CONSERVATORSHIPINDIVIDUAL SUBJECT TO CONSERVATORSHIP
22	INALIENABLE.
23	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d), the interest of an person

1 subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship in property included in the 2 conservatorship estate vested in a conservator is not transferrable or assignable by the person 3 subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship. An attempted transfer or 4 assignment by the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, 5 although ineffective to affect property rights, may give rise to a claim against the person subject 6 to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship for restitution or damages-which, subject 7 to presentation and allowance, may be satisfied as provided in Section 429. 8 (b) The interest of an individual subject to conservatorship in property included in the 9 conservatorship estate is Property vested in a conservator by appointment and the interest of the 10 person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship in that property are not 11 subject to levy, garnishment, or similar process for claims against the person subject to 12 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship unless allowed under Section 43029. 13 (c) A person without knowledge of <u>athe</u> conservatorship who in good faith and for value 14 receives delivery from an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship 15 of tangible personal property of a type normally transferred by delivery of possession, is 16 protected as if the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship had the 17 power to transfer the propertyor transferee had valid title. 18 (d) A third party who deals with the person subject to conservatorship individual subject 19 to conservatorship with respect to property vested in a conservator included in the 20 conservatorship estate is entitled to any protection provided in other law other than this [act]. 21 SECTION-427 4278. SALE, ENCUMBRANCE, OR OTHER TRANSACTION **INVOLVING CONFLICT OF INTEREST.** Any transaction involving the conservatorship 22 23 estate which is affected by a substantial conflict between the conservator's fiduciary and

personal interests is voidable unless the transaction is expressly authorized by the court after notice to interested persons. A transaction affected by a substantial conflict between personal and fiduciary interests includes any sale, encumbrance, or other transaction involving the conservatorship estate entered into by the conservator, <u>a person with whom the conservator</u> <u>resides</u>, the spouse, [domestic partner,]-descendant, <u>sibling</u>, agent, or <u>lawyer_attorney</u> of a conservator, or a corporation or other enterprise in which the conservator has a substantial beneficial interest.

8 SECTION-428 4289. PROTECTION OF PERSON DEALING WITH

9 CONSERVATOR.

10 (a) A person who assists or deals with a conservator in good faith and for value in any transaction other than one requiring a court order under Section 411 or 413415 is protected as 11 12 though the conservator properly exercised the power in question. That a person knowingly deals 13 with a conservator does not alone require the person to inquire into the existence of a powerthe 14 authority of the conservator or the propriety of the conservator's exercise of such authorityits 15 exercise, but restrictions on powers on the authority of the conservator that are of conservators 16 which are endorsed stated inon letters of officeletters as provided in Section 108, or as provided 17 by law, are effective as to third persons. A person who pays or delivers assets property to a 18 conservator is not responsible for their proper application of the property.

(b) Protection provided by this section extends to any procedural irregularity or jurisdictional defect that occurred in proceedings leading to the issuance of letters <u>of office</u> and is not a substitute for protection provided to persons assisting or dealing with a conservator by comparable provisions in <u>other</u> law <u>other than this [act]</u> relating to commercial transactions or to simplifying transfers of securities by fiduciaries.

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SECTION-429_42930. DEATH OF PERSON SUBJECT TO

3 CONSERVATORSHIPINDIVIDUAL SUBJECT TO CONSERVATORSHIP.

4	[(a)] If an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship dies,
5	the conservator shall deliver to the court for safekeeping any will of the person subject to
6	conservatorshipindividual which may have come into the conservator's possession, inform the
7	personal representative or beneficiary named in the will of the delivery, and retain the
8	<u>conservatorship</u> estate for delivery to the personal representative of the decedent or to another
9	person entitled to it.
10	[(b) If a personal representative has not been appointed within 40 days after the death of
11	an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship and an application or
12	petition for appointment is not before the court, the conservator may apply to exercise the powers
13	and duties of a personal representative in order to administer and distribute the decedent's estate.
14	On application for an order conferring on the conservator the powers of a personal
15	representative, after notice given by the conservator to any person nominated as personal
16	representative by any will of which the <u>conservator</u> applicant is aware, the court may grant the
17	application on determining that there is no objection and endorse the letters of conservatorshipof
18	office to note that the formerly person subject to conservatorship individual formerly subject to
19	conservatorship is deceased and that the conservator has acquired all of the powers and duties of
20	a personal representative.
21	(c) The issuance of an order under this section has the effect of an order of appointment

the Uniform Probate Code].

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of a personal representative [as provided in Section 3-308 and Parts 6 through 10 of Article III of

1 (d) On the death of an individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator shall 2 conclude the administration of the estate by distribution to the person's successors. The 3 conservator shall file a final report and petition for discharge not later than [30] days after 4 distribution. However, the estate in the name of the conservator, after administration, may be 5 distributed to the decedent's successors without retransfer to the conservator as personal 6 representative.] 7 SECTION-430 4310. PRESENTATION AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS. (a) A conservator may pay, or secure by encumbering property included in the 8 9 conservatorship assets of the estate, a claims against the conservatorship estate or against the 10 person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship arising before or during 11 the conservatorship on their presentation and allowance in accordance with the priorities stated 12 in subsection (d). A claimant may present a claim by: 13 (1) sending or delivering to the conservator a written statement of the claim, 14 indicating its basis, the name and address of the claimant, and the amount claimed; or 15 (2) filing a written statement of the claim, in a form acceptable to the court, with 16 the clerk of court and sending or delivering a copy of the statement to the conservator. 17 (b) A claim is deemed presented on receipt of the written statement of claim by the 18 conservator or the filing of the claim with the court, whichever first occurs. A presented claim is 19 allowed if it is not disallowed by written statement sent or delivered by the conservator to the 20 claimant not later than 60 days after its presentation. The conservator before payment may 21 change an allowance to a disallowance in whole or in part, but not after allowance under a court 22 order or judgment or an order directing payment of the claim. The presentation of a claim tolls 23 the running of any statute of limitations that has not already expired relating to the claim until 30

1 days after its disallowance.

2	(c) A claimant whose claim has not been paid may petition the court for determination of
3	the claim at any time before it is barred by a statute of limitations and, on due proof, procure an
4	order for its allowance, payment, or security by encumbering assets of the estateproperty
5	included in the conservatorship estate. If a proceeding is pending against an person subject to
6	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship at the time of appointment of a conservator
7	or is initiated against the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship
8	thereafter, the moving party shall give to the conservator notice of any proceeding that could
9	result in creating a claim against the <u>conservatorship</u> estate.
10	(d) If it appears that the estate is likely to be exhausted before all existing claims are
11	paid, the conservator shall distribute the estate in money or in kind in payment of claims in the
12	following order:
13	(1) costs and expenses of administration;
13 14	(1) costs and expenses of administration;(2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other
14	(2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other
14 15	(2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other than this [act];
14 15 16	 (2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other than this [act]; (3) claims incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, and
14 15 16 17	 (2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other-law_other than this [act]; (3) claims incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, and welfare previously provided to the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
14 15 16 17 18	 (2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other than this [act]; (3) claims incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, and welfare previously provided to the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship or an individuals who are is in fact dependent on the person subject to
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other-law_other than this [act]; (3) claims incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, and welfare previously provided to the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship or an individuals who are is in fact dependent on the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (2) claims of the federal or state government having priority under other law other (3) claims incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, and welfare previously provided to the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship or an individuals who are-is in fact dependent on the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship; (4) a claims arising before the conservatorship; and

- (1) doing so would leave the <u>conservatorship</u> estate without sufficient funds to
 pay the basic living and health care expenses of the <u>person subject to conservatorshipindividual</u>
 subject to conservatorship; and
- 4 (2) the court authorizes such preference <u>pursuant tounder</u> Section 41<u>5</u>3(a)(8).
 5 (f) If assets of the conservatorship <u>estate</u> are adequate to meet all existing claims, the
 6 court, acting in the best interest of the <u>person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to</u>
 7 <u>conservatorship</u>, may order the conservator to grant a security interest in the conservatorship
 8 estate for payment of any or all claims at a future date.
- 9

SECTION-431_431_2. PERSONAL LIABILITY OF CONSERVATOR.

(a) Except as otherwise agreed by the conservator, a conservator is not personally liable
 on a contract properly entered into in a fiduciary capacity in the course of administration of the
 <u>conservatorship</u> estate unless the conservator fails to reveal in the contract the representative
 capacity and identify the estate.

(b) A conservator is personally liable for <u>an</u> obligations arising from <u>ownership or</u>
control of property of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate or for <u>other actsan act</u> or omissions occurring in
the course of administration of the <u>conservatorship</u> estate only if <u>the conservator has</u> breached
the conservator's fiduciary dut<u>yies as set forth in this Act</u>.

(c) <u>A c</u>Claims based on <u>a</u> contracts entered into by a conservator in a fiduciary capacity,
an obligations arising from ownership or control of property included in the conservatorship
estate, and <u>a</u> claims based on <u>a</u> torts committed in the course of administration of the
conservatorship estate, may be asserted against the conservatorship estate in <u>aby</u> proceeding
against the conservator in a fiduciary capacity, whether or not the conservator is personally liable
therefor.

1 (d) A question of liability between the conservatorship estate and the conservator 2 personally may be determined in a proceeding for accounting, surcharge, or indemnification, or 3 in another appropriate proceeding or action. -[(e) A conservator is not personally liable for any environmental condition on or injury 4 5 resulting from any environmental condition on land solely by reason of an acquisition of title 6 under Section 426.] 7 SECTION-432 4323. REMOVAL OF CONSERVATOR; APPOINTMENT OF 8 **SUCCESSOR** 9 (a) A court may remove a conservator for failure to perform the conservator's duties or 10 for other good cause and appoint a successor. 11 (b) A person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship, 12 conservator, or person interested in the welfare of a person subject to conservatorshipindividual 13 subject to conservatorship may petition for removal of a conservator and appointment of a 14 successor conservator. 15 (be) The court shall engage in fact finding and may conduct a hearing to determine 16 whether removal of a conservator and appointment of a successor is appropriate on: 17 (1) a petition of an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 18 conservatorship, conservator, or another person interested in welfare of an person subject to 19 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship if a similar such a p petition has not been 20 made within the preceding six months; 21 (2) a communication from an person subject to conservatorship individual subject 22 to conservatorship, -conservator, or other person interested in the welfare of the person subject to 23 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship that suggests that removal of the

I	conservator and appointment of a successor may be appropriate; or
2	(3) the court's determination that such a hearing would be in the <u>best</u> interest of
3	the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship.
4	(c) An person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship seeking to
5	remove a conservator is entitled to be represented by counsel an attorney of the
6	individualperson's choosing. [If the <u>personindividual</u> is not represented by <u>an attorneycounsel</u> ,
7	the <u>c</u> ourt shall appoint <u>counsel an attorney</u> under the conditions set forth in Section 406.] The
8	court shall award counsel reasonable attorney's fees for such representation if the legal services
9	benefited the person subject to conservatorship or were reasonably necessary to protect the
10	person's interests.
11	(d) In selecting a successor conservator, the court shall follow the procedures set forth in
12	<u>Section 410.</u>
13	(e) Not later than 30 days after an appointment of a successor conservator, the court shall
14	send or deliver notice of the appointment to the individual subject to conservatorship and any
15	other person entitled to such notice under Section 411(e).
16	SECTION-433_4334. TERMINATION OR MODIFICATION OF
17	CONSERVATORSHIP.
18	(a) A conservatorship terminates on the death of the person subject to
19	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship or on order of the court. Unless created for
20	reasons other than that the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship
21	is a minor, aA conservatorship created forgranted over a minor also terminates on order of the
22	court or when the person subject to conservatorshipindividual-minor subject to conservatorship
23	attains majority <u>, is or is emancipated, or dies</u> .

1	(b) A conservatorship granted over an adult terminates on order of the court or when the
2	adult dies.
3	(c) On the death of an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
4	conservatorship, the conservator shall conclude the administration of the estate by distribution to
5	the person's successors. The conservator shall file a final report and petition for discharge not
6	later than [30] days after distribution.
7	. (b) An person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, a
8	conservator, or <u>a person interested in the welfare of an person subject to</u>
9	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship may petition for:
10	(1) termination of the conservatorship on the grounds that the basis for
11	appointment of a conservator set forth in Section 401 does not exist, that termination would be in
12	the best interest of the individual, or for other good cause; or appointing a conservator no longer
13	exists or for other good cause; or
14	
15	(2) modification of the conservatorship on the grounds that the extent of (2)
16	protection or assistance previously granted is no longernot appropriate of for other good cause.
17	(ed) The court shall engage in fact-finding to hold a hearing to determine whether
18	termination or modification of a conservatorship is appropriate on:
19	(1) a-petition of an person subject to conservatorship individual subject to
20	conservatorship,conservator, or another person interested in the welfare of the person-individual
21	subject conservatorship if <u>a similarsuch a</u> petition has not been made filed within the preceding
22	six months;

(2) a communication from an person subject to conservatorship individual subject

1 to conservatorship, - conservator, or another person interested in the welfare of an person subject 2 to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship that suggests gives rise to a reasonable 3 suspicion that termination or modification of the conservatorship may beis appropriate; or 4 (3) a report from a guardian or conservator that indicates that the functional needs, 5 services, or supports of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to 6 conservatorship have changed or that less restrictive means for meeting the individual's needs 7 are available such that gives rise to a reasonable suspicion that termination or modification may 8 beis appropriate. 9 (ed) On presentation by the petitioner of evidence establishing a prima facie case for termination, the court shall order termination unless it is proven that the basis for appointment of 10 a conservator set forth in Section 401 is satisfied continuation of the conservatorship is in the best 11 12 interest of the person subject to conservatorship and necessary to meet the person's needs. 13 Termination of the conservatorship does not affect a conservator's liability for previous acts or 14 the obligation to account for funds and assets of the conservatorship estateperson subject to 15 conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship. 16 (fe) The court shall modify the powers granted to the conservator if the powers are either 17 excessive or inadequate due to changes in the abilities or limitations of the person subject to 18 conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship, the individual person's supports, or other 19 circumstances. 20 (gf) Except as otherwise ordered by the court for good cause, before terminating a 21 conservatorship, the court shall follow the same procedures to safeguard the rights of the person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship that apply to a petition for the 22 23 appointment of a conservatorship.

1	(h) An person subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship seeking to
2	terminate or modify the terms of the person's conservatorship is entitled to be represented by an
3	attorneycounsel of the individual's choosing person's choice for that purpose. [If the person is
4	not represented by counselan attorney, the cCourt shall appoint counsel an attorney under the
5	conditions set forth in Section 406.] The court shall award counsel-reasonable attorney's fees.
6	for such good faith representation if the legal services benefited the person subject to
7	conservatorship or were reasonably necessary to protect the person's interests.
8	(ih) On termination of a conservatorship and whether or not formally distributed by the
9	conservator, property of the conservatorship title to assets of the estate passes to the formerly
10	person subject to conservatorshipindividual formerly subject to conservatorship or the
11	person's conservatorship or the individual's heirs, successors, or assigns successors. The order of
12	termination must provide for expenses of administration and direct the conservator to execute
13	appropriate instruments to evidence the transfer of title or confirm a distribution previously made
14	and to file a final report and a petition for discharge on approval of the final report.
15	(ji) The court shall enter a final order of discharge on the approval of the final report and
16	satisfaction by the conservator of any other conditions placed by the court on the conservator's
17	discharge.
18	ARTICLE 5
19	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
20	SECTION 501. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION. In
21	applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote
22	uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

1	SECTION 502. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL
2	AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This [act] modifies, limits, or supersedes the
3	Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but
4	does not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or
5	authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15
6	U.S.C. Section 7003(b).
7	SECTION 503. APPLICABILITY.
8	(a) This [act] applies to all proceedings for the appointment of a guardian or conservator
9	commenced on or after [effective date] and all guardianships and conservatorships created on or
10	after the effective date of this [act].
11	(b) This [act] applies to all proceedings for appointment of a guardian, conservator, or
12	protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship prior to [effective date] and all
13	guardianships, conservatorships, and protective arrangements instead of guardianship or
14	conservatorship in existence on [effective date] unless the court finds that application of a
15	particular provision of this [act] would substantially interfere with the effective conduct of
16	judicial proceedings or prejudice the rights of the parties, in which case the particular provision
17	of this [act] does not apply and the superseded law applies.
18	
19	SECTION 5043. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any provision of this [act] or its
20	application to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other
21	provisions or applications of thise [act] which can be given effect without the invalid provision
22	or application, and to this end the provisions of this [act] are severable.

1	SECTION 50 <u>5</u> 4. REPEALS; CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
2	(a)
3	(b)
4	(c)
5	SECTION 505. APPLICATION TO EXISTING GUARDIANSHIPS,
6	CONSERVATORSHIPS
7	(a) This Act applies to all proceedings for the appointment of a guardian or conservator
8	commenced on or after [effective date] and all guardianship and conservatorships created on or
9	after [effective date].
10	(b) This Act applies to all proceedings commenced prior to [effective date] and all
11	guardianships and conservatorships in existence on [effective date] unless the court finds that
12	application of a particular provision of this Act would substantially interfere with the effective
13	conduct of judicial proceedings or prejudice the rights of the parties, in which case the particular
14	provision of this Act does not apply and the superseded law applies.
15	SECTION 506. EFFECTIVE DATE. This [act] takes effect
16	ARTICLE 6
17	FORMS
18	SECTION 601. USE OF MODEL FORMS. Use of the forms contained in this
19	Section article is optional. Failure to use these forms shall not prejudice any party.
20	SECTION 602. MODEL PETITION FOR GUARDIANSHIP OF MINOR[, OR
21	ORDER INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP FOR MINOR]. This form may, but need not be,
22	used to petition for guardianship of a minor, or to petition for a protective arrangement instead of
23	guardianship for a minor.

	nty of:	ddress of attorney representing petitioner, if applicable:
	arran guard of gua best in conse paren	to petitioner: This form can be used to petition for a guardian [or protective gement instead of either a guardianship] for a minor. A court may appoint a lian for a minor who does not have a guardian [or a protective arrangement instead ardianship] if the court finds the appointment [or arrangement] is in the minor's interest, and: (1) the parents, after being fully informed of the nature and quences of guardianship [or protective arrangement], provide consent; (2) all tal rights have been terminated; or (3) the court finds by clear and convincing nee that the parents are unwilling or unable to exercise their parental rights.
1.	Infor	mation about the person filing this petition (the "petitioner").
	a.	Name:
	b.	Principal residence:
	c.	Current street address (if different):
	d.	Relationship to minor:
	e.	Interest in this petition:
	e.	How, if at all, would the protective arrangement sought benefit the petitioner?
	f.	Telephone number (optional):
2.	Infor	mation about the minor alleged to need protection.
	Provie	de the following information to the extent known.
	a.	Name:
	b.	Age:
	c.	Principal residence:
	d.	Current street address (if different):
	e.	If petitioner anticipates the minor moving, or seeks to move the minor,
		proposed new address:
	f.	Does the minor need an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
		communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please
		explain.
	g.	Telephone number (optional):
3.	Infor	mation about the minor's parent(s).
	a.	Name(s) of living parent(s):
	b.	Principal residence(s) of living parent(s):
	c.	Current street address(es) of living parent(s) (if different):
	d.	Does any parent need an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
		communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please
		explain.

1 2 3	4.	People who are required to be notified any of the people listed in Appendix A.	of this petition. State the name and address of	
5 4 5 6	5.	Action requested. State whether the pe a protective arrangement instead of an ap	titioner is seeking appointment of a guardian[or pointment].	
7 8 9	[6a.		e arrangement instead of an appointment, state I want the court to order. (Skip this section if	
10 11 12 13 14	6[b].		pointment of a guardian, state the the name and e reason why the proposed guardian should be	
14 15 16 17	7.	State why the petitioner seeks the app description of the nature and extent of the	ointment or protective arrangement. Include a e minor's alleged need.	
17 18 19 20	8.	Property. If the minor has property oth property with an estimate of its value.	er than personal effects, state the minor's	
20 21 22 23 24	9.		er proceedings concerning the care or custody of in this state or another jurisdiction, please	
25 26	10.	Attorney(s). If minor or the minor's pa state the name, address, and telephone m	rent is represented by an attorney in this matter, umber of the attorney(s) involved.	
27 28 29		VERIFICATION AND	ACKNOWLEDGMENT	
29 30 31 32		are under penalty of perjury under the law prrect to the best of my knowledge.	s of this state that the information above is true	
33 34	Signa	ture of Petitioner	Date	
35 36 37 28	-	ture of Petitioner's Attorney if oner is Represented by Counsel	Date	
38 39		APPE	NDIX A:	
40		People whose name and address mus	t be listed in Section 4 of this petition.	
41	• Tł	ne minor, if the minor has attained [12] year	ars of age and is not the petitioner;	
42	• Each parent of the minor or, if there are none, the adult nearest in kinship that can be found;			
43	• An adult with whom the minor resides;			
44	• Any person alleged to have had the primary care and custody of the minor for 60 or more			
45			ng of the petition or any person alleged to have	
46	ha	had the primary care and custody of the minor for at least 730 days during the five years		

 SECTION 603. MODEL PETITION FOR GUARDIANSHIP OF ADULT, CONSERVATORSHIP OF ADULT OR MINOR, OR ORDER INSTEAD OF GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP FOR ADULT. This form may, but need not be, used to petition for guardianship of an adult or conservatorship, or to petition for a protective arrangement n order-instead-lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult. Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, or for a Conservatorship an-or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for Minor or Adult State of: County of: 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 preceding the filing of the petition; and Any person nominated as guardian by the minor if the minor has attained [12] years of age; Any appointee of a parent if the appointment has not been prevented or terminated; The grandparents of the minor Adult siblings of the minor; Any guardian or conservator currently acting for the minor in this state or another invitation
10 GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP FOR ADULT. This form may, but need not 11 be, used to petition for guardianship of an adult or conservatorship, or to petition for a protective 12 arrangement n order instead lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult. 13 14 14 Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, 15 or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for 16 Minor or Adult 17 State of: 18 County of:		
 be, used to petition for guardianship of an adult or conservatorship, or to petition for a protective arrangement n order instead-lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult. Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for Minor or Adult State of: County of: 	9	CONSERVATORSHIP OF ADULT OR MINOR, OR ORDER INSTEAD OF
12 arrangement_n order instead-lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult. 13 14 Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, 15 or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for 16 Minor or Adult 17 State of: 18 County of:	10	GUARDIANSHIP OR CONSERVATORSHIP FOR ADULT. This form may, but need not
 Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for Minor or Adult State of: County of: 	11	be, used to petition for guardianship of an adult or conservatorship, or to petition for a protective
 Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult, or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for Minor or Adult State of: County of: 	12	arrangement n order instead lieu of guardianship or conservatorship for an adult.
 or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for Minor or Adult State of: County of: 	13	
16 Minor or Adult 17 State of: 18 County of:	14	Petition for Guardianship or Protective Arrangement Instead of Guardianship for Adult,
17 State of:18 County of:	15	or for a Conservatorship an or Protective Arrangement Instead of Conservatorship for
18 County of:	16	Minor or Adult
	18 19	County of: Name and address of attorney representing petitioner, if applicable:

1		Note to petitioner: This form can be used to petition for a guardian, conservator, or
23		both, or a <i>protective order in lieu of protective arrangement instead of</i> either a guardianship or conservatorship.
4		
5		A court may appoint a guardian or <i>issue order a protective order in lieu ofprotective</i>
6		arrangement instead of guardianship if an individual a person lacks the ability to meet
7		essential requirements for physical health, safety, or self-care because (1) the person
8		<i>individual</i> is unable to receive and evaluate information or make or communicate
9		decisions even with appropriate decision-making support and technological assistance,
10		or (2) because the <i>person's individual's</i> own will has been overcome by deception and
11		control exerted by another person; and the <i>individual</i> respondent's identified needs
12		cannot be met by less restrictive means.
13		
14		A court may appoint a conservator or <i>issue-order</i> a <i>protective order in lieu ofprotective</i>
15 16		<u>arrangement instead of</u> conservatorship if <u>a personan individual</u> is unable to manage property and financial affairs because (1) of a limitation in the ability to receive and
10		evaluate information or make or communicate decisions even with the use of appropriate
18		technological assistance and appropriate decision-making support, (2) the person's
19		<u>individual's</u> own will has been overcome by deception and control exerted by another
20		person, or (3) the person-individual is missing, detained, or unable to return to the
21		United States; and the individual has property that is likely to be wasted or dissipated
22		unless management is provided, or money is needed for the support, care, education,
23		health, and welfare of the individual or of individuals who are entitled to the individual's
24		support and that protection is necessary or desirable to obtain or provide money for such
25		purpose.
26		
27		<u>A court may also order a protective arrangement restricting access to an individual or an</u>
28		individual's property by a person who the court finds: (1) through fraud, coercion,
29		duress, or the use of deception and control, caused the individual to suffer physical,
30		psychological, or financial harm; and (2) would otherwise pose a serious risk of
31		substantial physical, psychological, or financial harm to the individual or the
32		individual's property.
33 34	1.	Information about the person filing this petition ("the "petitioner").
35	1.	a. Name:
		b. Principal residence:
36		
36 37		c. Current street address (11 different):
37		c. Current street address (if different):d. Relationship to respondent:
37 38		d. Relationship to respondent:
37 38 39		 d. Relationship to respondent: e. Interest in thise petition:
37 38 39 40 41 42		 d. Relationship to respondent: e. Interest in thise petition: e. How, if at all, would the protective arrangement sought benefit the petitioner? f. Telephone number (optional):
37 38 39 40 41 42 43	2.	 d. Relationship to respondent: e. Interest in thise petition: e. How, if at all, would the protective arrangement sought benefit the petitioner? f. Telephone number (optional): Information about the individual person alleged to need protection ("the
37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	2.	 d. Relationship to respondent: e. Interest in thise petition: e. How, if at all, would the protective arrangement sought benefit the petitioner? f. Telephone number (optional): Information about the individual person alleged to need protection ("the "respondent""). Provide the following information to the extent known.
37 38 39 40 41 42 43	2.	 d. Relationship to respondent: e. Interest in thise petition: e. How, if at all, would the protective arrangement sought benefit the petitioner? f. Telephone number (optional): Information about the individual person alleged to need protection ("the

1		c. Principal residence:
2		d. Current street address (if different):
3 4		e. If petitioner anticipates the respondent moving, or seeks to move the respondent, proposed new address:
5		f. Does the respondent need an interpreter, or translator, or other form of support to
6		communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please
7		explain.
8		g. Telephone number (optional):
9		g. Telephone number (optional).
10	3.	People who are required to be notified of this petition. Provide State the name and
11		address of any of the people listed in Appendix A.
12		address of any of the people listed in Appendix 14.
12	4.	Existing agents. Provide State the name and address of any person who has been
13	т.	appointed as an agent pursuant-under to a {power of attorney for finances} or or [power of
15		attorney for health care] that the <u>individual person</u> has not revoked, <u>or who has been</u>
16		appointed as the person individual's representative for payment of benefits
17		payments
18		
19	5.	Powers <u>Action</u> requested. State whether the petitioner is seeking appointment of a
20		guardian or conservator or a protective arrangement instead of an appointment.
21		<i>o</i>
22	6a.	Order requested. If seeking a protective arrangement instead of an appointment, state
23		the transaction or other action you would want the court to order. [Skip this section if
24		seeking an appointment].
25		
26	<u>6b.</u>	Appointment requested. If seeking appointment of a guardian or conservator, sState the
27		powers that petitioner requests the court grant to a guardian or conservator. [Skip this
28		section if not seeking an appointment]., or the protective order sought.
29		
30	<u>7</u> 6.	State why the appointment or protective arrangement sought is necessary. Include a
31		description of the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged need.
32		
33	<u>8.</u> 7.	<u>8. State all alternativeless restrictive approaches to meeting means of meeting</u>
34		<u>the respondent's alleged need that have been considered or implemented. Less</u>
35		restrictive approaches could include decision-making support, technological assistance,
36		or the appointment of an agent by the respondent including appointment under a [power
37		of attorney for health-care] or power of attorney for finances. If no alternatives means
38		have have been tried, state the reason they have not been tried why not.
39		
40	<u>9.</u>	Explain why alternative less restrictive means - <u>approaches are not sufficientwill not</u>
41		to meet the respondent's alleged need <u>.</u>
42		
43	8	State all alternative means of meeting the respondent's alleged need that have been
44		considered or implemented. If no alternative means have been tried, state the reason
45		they have not been tried.
46		

1	<u>10</u> 9.		de a general statement of the respondent's property <u>and</u> with an estimate of its			
2 3 4		value. Include any real property such as a house or land, insurance or pension, and the				
3			e and amount of any other anticipated income or receipts. As part of this statement,			
4		<u>indica</u>	ate, if known, how the property is held (for example, is it jointly owned?).			
5	<u>11</u> 0.		the address at which the petitioner proposes the respondent will live if this			
7		petiti	on is granted.			
8 9	1 <u>12</u> 1.	For n	etitions seeking appointment of a conservator: (skip this section if not asking for			
10	1 121.	_	ntment of a conservator)			
11		<u>арроп</u> а.	If seeking appointment of a conservator with all powers permissible under this			
12		a.	Setate's law, explain why appointment of a conservator with fewer powers (ie., a			
13			"limited conservatorship") or other protective arrangement instead of			
14			conservatorship will not meet the individual's alleged needs-order is			
15			inappropriate.			
16			mapproprime			
17		b.	If seeking a limited conservatorship, state the property the petitioner requests be			
18			placed under the conservator's control and any proposed limitation on the			
19			conservator's powers and duties.			
20			1			
21		c.	State the name and address of any proposed conservator and the reason why the			
22			proposed conservator should be selected.			
23						
24		d.	State the name and address of any person nominated as conservator by the			
25			respondent if the respondent has attained [12] years of age.			
26						
27		e.	If <u>alleging the petition alleges a limitation in the respondent's ability to receive</u>			
28			and evaluate information, provide <u>a</u> brief description of the nature and extent of			
29			the respondent's alleged limitation.;			
30						
31		f.	If the petition allegesalleging that the respondent is missing, detained, or unable to			
32			return to the United States, state the relevant circumstances, including the time			
33			and nature of the disappearance or detention and a description of any search or			
34			inquiry concerning the respondent's whereabouts.			
35						
36	12.		etitions seeking appointment of a guardian: <u>(skip this section if not asking for</u>			
37		<u>appoi</u>	intment of a guardian)			
38		a.	If seeking appointment of a guardian with all powers permissible under this			
39			sstate's law, explain why appointment of a guardian with fewer powers (ie., a			
40			"limited guardianship") or other protective order is inappropriate.			
41		-				
42		b.	If seeking a limited guardianship, state the powers the petitioner requests be			
43			granted to the guardian.			
44						
45		c.	State the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason why the			
46			proposed guardian should be selected.			

d. State the name and address of any person nominated as guardian by the respondent, or by the respondent's parent or spouse [or domestic partner] in a with
or other signed writing.;
13. Lawyer<u>Attorney</u> . If petitioner is represented by <u>a lawyer<u>an attorney</u> in this matter, state the name, address, and telephone number of the <u>lawyer<u>attorney</u></u>.</u>
VERIFICATION AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of this state that the information above is true
and correct to the best of my knowledge.
Signature of Petitioner Date
Signature of Petitioner Date
Signature of Petitioner's Attorney if Date
Petitioner is Represented by Counsel
APPENDIX A:
People whose name and address must be listed in Section 3 of this petition.
• The respondent's spouse [or domestic partner], or <u>if</u> the respondent is not married [and does not have a domestic partner], any adult with whom the respondent has should have held
not have a domestic partner], any adult with whom the respondent has shared household responsibilities in the past six months;
 The respondent's adult children, or, if the respondent has none, the respondent's parents and
adult brothers and sisters, or if the respondent has none, one or more adults nearest in kinshi
to the respondent who can be found;
• The respondent's adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the
stepchildren's minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship withit two years of thise petition;
• Any person responsible for the care or custody of the respondent;
 Any lawyer attorney currently representing the respondent;
• Any representative payee for the respondent, representative payee appointed by the Social
Security Administration;
• <u>, Anya</u> guardian or conservator acting for a respondent in this state or <u>another jurisdiction</u> ;
• <u>Any elsewhere</u> , trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which the respondent is a
beneficiary:
• <u>Any</u> ,-VeteransAdministration fiduciary for the respondent;
• An-y person that the respondent has designated as <u>or an</u> agent designated under a power of attorney for finances;
 Any person that the respondent has designated as agent under a [power of attorney for health
 Any person that the respondent has designated as agent under a [power of attorney for heard care];
• , whether for health care or property, in which the respondent is identified as the principal;
 Any person known to have routinely provided the individual with decision-making support
within six months of th <u>ise</u> petition.
•Any person nominated as guardian or conservator by the respondent; and

- A-ny person nominated as guardian by the respondent's parent or spouse [or domestic partner]in a will or other signed writing.
- 3
- 4 5

1

2

SECTION 604. MODEL ORDER DENYING GUARDIANSHIP OF ADULT,

6 **CONSERVATORSHIP OF ADULT.** This form may, but need not be, used by the court to

7 deny a petition for a guardian or conservator for an adult.

Order Denying Guardianship and/or Conservatorship of Adult

- 9 State of:
- 10 County of:
- 11 Court:
- 12 File Number:
- 13 Date:
- 14 In the Matter of:
- 15 Judge:
- 16 This is a matter is before the court on a petition for an appointment of a
- 17 [GUARDIAN/CONSERVATOR/GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR] for [RESPONDENT'S
- 18 NAME]. The court has read the petition and held a hearing to determine whether the court
- 19 should enter the order requested in the petition.
- 20

29

21 VENUE, JURISDICTION, and NOTICE.

- 22 <u>This court findss that it:</u>
- 23 it has jurisdiction over Respondent and over this issue, that this court is a proper venue, and
- 24 <u>that notice was properly served.</u>
- 25 ______it does not have jurisdiction over Respondent.
- 26 ______ this court is not a proper venue.
- 27 <u>notice was not properly served.</u>
 28

30 NOTICE.

- 31 <u>There is clear and convincing evidence that the respondent was given proper notice of the</u> 32 hearing on the petition.
- 33 _____ There is not clear and convincing evidence that the respondent was given proper notice of
- 34 the hearing on the petition.

35 **HEARING.**

- 40
- 41
- 42 At the hearing, respondent was:

1	present, in person.
2	present, through the use of audio-visual technology.
3	not present and there was clear and convincing evidence that respondent refused to attend
4	the hearing.
5	not present and there was clear and convincing evidence that (1) it was (1) either
6	impossible or impracticable for respondent to attend, and (2) theat respondent would have
7	no ability to participate in the hearing.
8	
9	At the hearing, respondent was:
10	represented by the following
11	attorney counsel :
12	not represented by counselan attorney .
13	
14	VENUE, JURISDICTION, and NOTICE.
15	This court finds that it has jurisdiction over Respondent and over this issue, that this court is a
16	proper venue, and that notice was properly served.
17	
18	COURT'S FINDINGS AS TO RESPONDENT'S ABILITIES AND NEEDS.
19	This court finds that reviewed the following evidence with regard to the Respondent's abilities
20	and needs:
21	[LIST]
22	
23	Based on this evidence, this Court finds that there is <u>not</u> clear and convincing evidence to
24	support an appointment. Specifically, this Court finds that:
25	PROVIDE A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE PERSON'S FUNCTIONAL ABILITIES
26	AND LIMITATIONS AND THE EVIDENCE AS TO THOSE ABILITIES AND
27	LIMITATIONS]
28	
29	APPOINTMENT.
30	——————————————————————————————————————
31	issuance of letters of guardianship.
32	This court appoints to serve as conservator and
33	directs issuance of letters of conservatorship.
34	
35	FOR ORDERS APPOINTING A GUARDIAN: LIMITATIONS AND POWERS.
36	
37	This guardianship is:
38	<u>Limited</u> , and the appointee is granted the following powers:
39	make decisions about the respondent's custody and residence
40	make decisions about the respondent's training and education
40 41	<u></u>
42	service
42 43	
43 44	Full , meaning that the appointee is granted all powers permissible under state law
44 45	except those required specific court authorization unless that authorization is
+J	except mose required specific court authorization unless that authorization is

$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	granted below. [Under this state's law, a plenary guardian does not have the authority to]
3 4 5	Special authorizations. In addition to the powers granted above, the appointee may:
6 7 8	[List any powers to be granted that require specific court authorization such as the power to move the protected person outside the state or consent to adoption]:
9	Right to marry.
10	<u>— Respondent retains the right to marry.</u>
11	<u>— Respondent does not have the right to marry. The court's decision to remove the</u>
12	respondent's right to marry is supported by the following findings:
13	respondent o right to marry is supported by the rono wing manigor
14	Right to vote.
15	<u>—————Respondent retains the right to vote.</u>
16	 Respondent retains the right to vote. The court's decision to remove the
17	respondent's right to vote is supported by the following findings":
18	respondent s right to vote is supported by the following indings .
19	FOR ORDERS APPOINTING A CONSERVATOR.
20	This conservatorship is:
20	Limited , and the appointee is granted the following powers:
$\frac{21}{22}$	
22	institute and maintain proceedings to compel another person to support respondent
$\frac{23}{24}$	<u> </u>
24	
$\frac{23}{26}$	apply for, receive, and manage the respondent's money and property
20	<u>apply for, receive, and manage the respondent's money and property with</u>
	the exception of:[specify particular property or
28	accounts or a monthly amount of income]
29 30	other:
	Tell, and a dest design states is smalled all a second states in the state of the second state is the
31	Full , meaning that the appointee is granted all powers permissible under state law
32	except those required specific court authorization unless that authorization is granted
33 34	below. [Under this state's law, a plenary guardian does not have the authority to
34 35	··
	Second and an institute. In a difficulty the demonstrated above the sum sinter mean
36	Special authorizations. In addition to the powers granted above, the appointee may:
37	[] is the maximum tech a constant that as a single successful event such as in the simulation such as (1) the
38	[List any powers to be granted that require specific court authorization such as (1) the
39	ability to make gifts other than those of de minimus value; (2) sell real property,
40	encumber an interest in real property, or surrender the primary residence of a person
41	subject to conservatorship; (3) convey, release, or disclaim contingent and expectant
42	interests in property, including marital property rights and any right of survivorship
43	incident to joint tenancy or tenancy by the entireties; (4) (4) exercise or release a power
44	of appointment; (5) create a revocable or irrevocable trust of property of the estate,
45	whether or not the trust extends beyond the duration of the conservatorship, or revoke or
46	amend a trust revocable by the person subject to conservatorship; (6) exercise rights to

3 the estate of the deceased spouse [or domestic partner] of the person subject to 4 conservatorship and to renounce or disclaim any interest by testate or intestate succession 5 or by transfer inter vivos; (8) give preferential treatment to creditors that provide 6 property or services used to meet the basic living and care need of the person subject to 7 conservatorship where such preferential treatment to credit where where impermissible 8 under Section 131(d); and [0) make, modify, amend, or revoke the will of the person 9 subject to conservatorship, as the power to move the protected person outside the state or 10 conservatorship and to renound or evoke the will of the person 11 BOND. 12 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$		1	elect options and change beneficiaries under insurance policies and annuities or surrender
4 conservatorship and to renounce or disclaim any interset by textate or intestate succession 5 or by transfer inter vivos; (8) give preferential treatment to creditors that provide 6 property or services used to meet the basic living and care need of the person subject to conservatorship, as the power to move the protected person outside the state or conservator ship, as the power to move the protected person outside the state or conservator ship, as the power to move the protected person outside the state or conservator ship, as the power to move the protected person outside the state or conservator ship, as the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$		2	the policies and annuities for their cash value; 7) exercise any right to an elective share in
5 or by transfer inter vivos; (8) give preferential treatment to creditors that provide 6 property or services used to meet the basic living and care need of the person subject to 7 conservatorship where such preferential treatment would be otherwise impermissible 8 under Section 431(d); and [(9) make, modify, amend, or revoke the will of the person 9 subject to conservatorship as the power to move the protected person outside the state or 10 conservatorship where such preferential treatment would be otherwise impermissible 11 BOND, 12 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$		3	
6 property or services used to meet the basic living and care need of the person subject to conservatorship where such preferential treatment would be otherwise impermissible under Section 431(d); and [d)) make, modify, amend, or revoke the will of the person subject to conservatorship as the power to move the protected person outside the state or consent to adoption] 11 BOND. 12 BOOD. 13 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$			
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 subject to conservatorship as the power to move the protected person outside the state or consent to adoption] BOND. Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$			
10 consent to adoption] 11 BOND. 13 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$		8	
 BOND. Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$			
 BOND. Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$	1	10	consent to adoption]
 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$			
 Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must: Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must: This Court finds that no bond or other or special arrangement is necessary to protect the interests of the protected person. INVENTORY AND PLAN. If the appointe is appointed as a Conservator, the appointee is instructed to: Within 60 days after appointment, file with this court a plan for protecting, managing, expending, and distributing the assets of the protected person's estate. Within 60 days after appointment, file with this court a detailed inventory of the estate subject to the conservatorship, together with an oath or affirmation that the inventory is believed to be complete and accurate as far as information permits. If the appointe is appointed as Guardian, the appointed is instructed to: Within 90 days after appointment, file with this court a plan shall submit a plan to the court identifying: (1) the living arrangement, services, and supports the guardian expects to arrange, facilitate, or continue for the person subject to guardianship, (2) social or educational activities the guardian expects to facilitate on behalf of the persons; (4) the anticipated nature and frequency of the guardian's visits and communication with the person subject to guardianship, including any goals related to the restoration of the person subject to guardianship, including any goals related to the restoration of the person subject to guardianship including any goals related to the restoration of the person subject to guardianship including any goals related to the restoration of the person's rights, and how the guardian anticipates achieving those goals; and (6) whether the guardian's plan is consistent with the person's plan. MOTHFICATION OF THE COURT. The appointee shall immediately notify the court in writing of: Any change in his/own address: 			
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 expending, and distributing the assets of the protected person's estate. Within 60 days after appointment, file with this court a detailed inventory of the estate subject to the conservatorship, together with an oath or affirmation that the inventory is believed to be complete and accurate as far as information permits. If the appointee is appointed as Guardian, the appointed is instructed to: Within 90 days after appointment, file with this court a plan shall submit a plan to the court identifying: (1) the living arrangement, services, and supports the guardian expects to arrange, facilitate, or continue for the person subject to guardianship; (2) social or educational activities the guardian expects to facilitate on behalf of the person subject to guardianship; (3) persons, if any, with whom the person subject to guardianship has a relationship and any plans the guardian has for facilitating visits with those persons; (4) the anticipated nature and frequency of the guardian's visits and communication with the person subject to guardianship, including any goals related to the restoration of the person's rights, and how the guardian anticipates achieving those goals; and (6) whether the person subject to guardianship already has a plan in place and, if so, whether the guardian's plan is consistent with the person's plan. 	2	21	
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 41 42 NOTIFICATION OF THE COURT. 43 The appointee shall immediately notify the court in writing of: 44 • Any change in his/own address. 	4	40	person's plan.
 43 The appointee shall immediately notify the court in writing of: 44 • Any change in his/own address. 			
44 • Any change in his/own address.			
	2	43	The appointee shall immediately notify the court in writing of:
	4	44	
	4	45	 Any change in the protected person's custodial dwelling or address.

1	• Any change in the protected person's condition such that the protected person is capable
2	of exercising rights previously removed.
3	
4	NOTIFICATION OF THIRD PARTIES.
5	The appointee shall notify the following people of any change in the protected person's
6 7	primary residence:
7 8 9	The appointee shall provide copies of his/her annual report to the following people:
10 11	The appointee shall provide copies of his/her inventory of the protected persons assets to the following people:
12 13 14 15	<u>——</u> The appointee shall notify the following people of the death of the protected person or a significant change in the protected person's condition.
16	REVIEW.
17	The appointee shall file an annual report with this court.
18	The appointee shart the an annual report with this court.
19	In addition the annual review, this matter is set for review within days to determine:
20	Compliance with the inventory and plan
21	Possible changes in the protected person's abilities
22	
23	
24	<u>—— No review beyond the annual review is required at this time.</u>
25	
26	
27	COSTS.
28	Costs are:
29	Waived
30	Taxed to petitioner
31	Taxed to respondent
32	
33	CAUTION TO APPOINTEE.
34 25	The engeintee is hound to exercise all engeted nervers in accordance with his on her fiducions
35	The appointee is bound to exercise all granted powers in accordance with his or her fiduciary
36	duty to the person subject to guardianship or conservatorship. Among other things, the appointee
37 38	is required exercise authority only as necessitated by the person's limitations and to encourage the person to develop maximum self-reliance and independence including by participating in
	desisting to the system face it is . Easily to get according to the appointed's fiduciary duty may
39 40	decisions to the extent feasible. Failure to act according to the appointee's fiduciary duty may
40	result in personal liability.
41	SIGNATUDE
42 43	SIGNATURE.
43 44	Signed:
	Date:
45	

1 SECTION 605. MODEL ORDER APPOINTING GUARDIANSHIP OF ADULT, 2 **CONSERVATORSHIP OF ADULT.** This form may, but need not be, used by the court to 3 appoint a guardian for an adult or a conservator. 4 Order for Guardianship and/or Conservatorship of Adult 5 State of: 6 County of: Court: 7 8 File Number: 9 Date: 10 In the Matter of: 11 Judge: 12 13 This is a matter is before the court on a petition for an adjudication that a [GUARDIAN/CONSERVATOR/GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR] be appointed for 14 15 [RESPONDENT]. The court has read the petition and held a hearing to determine whether the court should enter the order requested in the petition. 16 17 18 NOTICE. 19 There is clear and convincing evidence that the respondent was given proper notice of the 20 hearing on the petition. 21 22 HEARING. 23 A hearing was held on: 24 25 At the hearing, respondent was: 26 present, in person. 27 present, through the use of audio-visual technology. 28 not present and there was clear and convincing evidence that respondent refused to attend 29 the hearing. 30 not present and there was clear and convincing evidence that (1) it was (1) either 31 impossible or impracticable for respondent to attend, and (2) that respondent would have 32 no ability to participate in the hearing. 33 34 At the hearing, respondent was: represented by the following 35 36 counselattorney: not represented by an attorney.counsel 37 38 The following other people participated in this case: 39 40 the following /guardian ad litem: the following professional evaluator: 41 42 other:

1	
2	VENUE, JURISDICTION, and NOTICE.
3	This court finds that it has jurisdiction over Respondent and over this issue,- that this court is a
4	proper venue, and that notice was properly served.
5	
6	COURT'S FINDINGS AS TO RESPONDENT'S ABILITIES AND NEEDS.
7	This court reviewed the following evidence with regard to the Respondent's abilities and needs:
8	[LIST]
9	
10	Based on this evidence, this Court finds that there is clear and convincing evidence to support an
11	appointment. Specifically, this Court finds that:
12	[PROVIDE A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE PERSON'S FUNCTIONAL
13	ABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS AND THE EVIDENCE AS TO THOSE ABILITIES
14	AND LIMITATIONS]
15	
16	SPECIFIC FINDINGS SUPPORTING FULL APPOINTMENT, IF APPLICABLE.
17	IF THE APPOINTMENT IS OF A FULL GUARDIAN OR FULL CONSERVATOR,
18	CLEARLY STATE THE BASIS FOR THAT APPOINTMENT AND EXPLAIN WHY
19	A LIMITED APPOINTMENT WOULD NOT MEET THE FUNCTIONAL NEEDS OF
20	THE RESPONDENT].
21	
22	
23	APPOINTMENT.
24	This court appoints to serve as guardian and directs
25	issuance of letters of guardianship. This appointment shall continue unless and until the court
26	enters an order terminating the guardianship or revoking the appointment.
27	
28	This court appoints to serve as conservator and directs issuance of letters of conservatorship. This appointment shall continue unless and until
29	
30	the court determines that a basis for the appointment does not exist. This appointment shall
31	continue unless and until the court enters an order terminating the conservatorship or revoking
32	the appointment.
33	
34	FOR ORDERS APPOINTING A GUARDIAN: LIMITATIONS AND POWERS.
35	
36	This guardianship is:
37	Limited , and the appointee is granted the following powers:
38	make decisions about the respondent's custody and residence
39	make decisions about the respondent's training and education
40	consent to medical or other professional care, counsel, treatment, or
41	service
42	other:
43	
44	
45	Full , meaning that the appointee is granted all powers permissible under state law
46	except those that required specific court authorization unless that authorization is

$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{vmatrix}$	granted below. [Under this state's law, a plenary-full guardian does not have the authority to]
4 5	Special authorizations. In addition to the powers granted above, the appointee may:
6 7 8 9	[List any powers to be granted that require specific court authorization such as the power to move the <u>adult subject to guardianship or individual subject to conservatorship</u> protected person outside the state or consent to adoption]:
10	Right to marry.
11	Respondent retains the right to marry.
12 13	Respondent does not <u>retainhave</u> the right to marry. The court's decision to remove the respondent's right to marry is supported by the following findings:
14 15	Right to vote.
16	Respondent retains the right to vote.
17	Respondent does not <u>retainhave</u> the right to vote. The court's decision to remove the
18	respondent's right to vote is supported by the following findings ²² :
19	
20	FOR ORDERS APPOINTING A CONSERVATOR.
21	This conservatorship is:
22 23	Limited, and the appointee is granted the following powers: institute and maintain proceedings to compel another person to support
23 24	respondent
25	institute and maintain proceedings to protect respondent's property
26	apply for, receive, and manage the respondent's money and property
27	apply for, receive, and manage the respondent's money and property with
28	the exception of: [specify particular property or
29	accounts or a monthly amount of income]
30	other:
31	
32 33	Full , meaning that the appointee is granted all powers permissible under state law
33 34	except those <u>that</u> require d specific court authorization unless that authorization is granted below. [Under this state's law, a plenary full guardian does not have the authority to
35]
36	
37	Special authorizations. In addition to the powers granted above, the appointee may:
38 39	[List any powers to be granted that require specific court authorization such as (1) the
40	ability to make gifts other than those of de minimus value; (2) sell real property,
41	encumber an interest in real property, or surrender the primary residence of a person
42	subject to conservatorship individual subject to conservatorship; (3) convey, release, or
43	disclaim contingent and expectant interests in property, including marital property rights
44	and any right of survivorship incident to joint tenancy or tenancy by the entireties entirety;
45	(4) (4) exercise or release a power of appointment; (5) create a revocable or irrevocable
46	trust of property of the estate, whether or not the trust extends beyond the duration of the

1	conservatorship, or revoke or amend a trust revocable by the person subject to
2	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship; (6) exercise rights a right-t to elect
3	options and change <u>a beneficiaryies</u> under <u>an insurance policy and annuity or surrender</u>
4	the policy and annuity foies and annuities or surrender the policies and annuities for their
5	cash value; (7) exercise any right to an elective share in the estate of the deceased spouse
6	[or domestic partner] of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
7	conservatorship and to renounce or disclaim any interest by testate or intestate succession
8	or by transfer inter vivos; (8) give preferential treatment to creditors that provide
9	property or services used to meet the basic living and care need of the person subject to
10	conservatorshipindividual subject to conservatorship whenre such preferential treatment
11	would be otherwise impermissible under Section 431(d); and [(9) make, modify, amend,
12	or revoke the will of the person subject to conservatorshipindividual subject to
13	conservatorship.as the power to move the protected person outside the state or consent to
14	adoption]
15	
16	BOND.
17	Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must file a bond in the amount of: \$
18	Before the issuance of letters, the appointee must:
19	
20	This Court finds that no bond or other or special arrangement is necessary to protect the
21	interests of the adult subject to guardianship or individual subject to
22	conservatorship protected person .
23	
24	INVENTORY AND PLAN.
24 25	If the appointee is appointed as a Conservator, the appointee is instructed to:
24 25 26	 If the appointee is appointed as a Conservator, the appointee is instructed to: Within Not later than 60 days after appointment, file with this court a plan for protecting,
24 25 26 27	 If the appointee is appointed as a Conservator, the appointee is instructed to: Within Not later than 60 days after appointment, file with this court a plan for protecting, managing, expending, and distributing the assets of the protected person's estate of the
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24 25 26 27 28 29	 If the appointee is appointed as a Conservator, the appointee is instructed to: Within-Not later than 60 days after appointment, file with this court a plan for protecting, managing, expending, and distributing the assets of the protected person's estate of the person subject to conservatorship. Within-Not later than 60 days after appointment, file with this court a detailed inventory
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	guardianship already has a plan in place and, if so, whether the guardian's plan is consistent with the person's adult's plan.
	consistent with the person o <u>addre o</u> ptant.
	FICATION OF THE COURT.
he aj	ppointee shall immediately notify the court in writing of:
•	Any change in his/ownthe appointee's address.
•	Any change in the protected person's custodial dwelling or address of the adult subject guardianship or individual subject to conservatorship.
•	Any change in the protected person's condition of the adult subject to guardianship t
•	shows that the adult such that the protected person is capable of exercising rights
	previously removed.
NOTI	FICATION OF THIRD PARTIES.
	The appointee shall notify the following people individuals of any change in the
	protected person's primary residence of the adult subject to guardianship or individua
	subject to conservatorship:
	The appointee shall provide copies of his/herthe annual report to the following people
	The appointee shall provide copies of his/herthe inventory of the protected persons
	propertyassets of the adult subject to guardianship or individual subject to
	conservatorship toto the following people:
	The appointee shall notify the following individuals people of the death of the adult
	subject to guardianship or individual subject to conservatorship protected person or a
	significant change in the protected person's individual's condition.
REVI	EW.
The a	ppointee shall file an annual report with this court.
	In addition the annual review, this matter is set for review within days to determ
	Compliance with the inventory and plan
	Possible changes in the <u>abilities of the adult subject to guardianship or individ</u>
subjec	et to conservatorship protected person's abilities
	Other:
	No review beyond the annual review is required at this time.
COST	rs
Costs	
	Waived
	Taxed to petitioner
	Taxed to respondent

1	CAUTION TO APPOINTEE.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	The appointee is bound to exercise all granted powers in accordance with his or her fiduciary duty to the <u>person subject to guardianship</u> adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship. Among other things, the appointee is required exercise authority only as necessitated by the <u>person's-individual's</u> limitations and to encourage the <u>person-individual</u> to develop maximum self-reliance and independence including by participating in decisions to the extent feasible. Failure to act according to the appointee's fiduciary duty may result in personal liability.
10 11 12 13 14	SIGNATURE. Signed: Date: ————————————————————————————————————
14	TO GUARDIANSHIP, CONSERVATORSHIP. This form may, but need not be, used by to
16	notify an person subject to guardianshipadult subject to guardianship or conservatorship of the
17	person's adult's rights pursuant tounder Sections 311 and Section 412.
18	Notification of Rights
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	You are <u>getting</u> receiving this notice because a guardian, <u>conservator</u> , <u>or both</u> <u>and/or conservator</u> has been appointed for you. <u>This noticeIt</u> tells you about some of the important rights you have. It does not tell you about all <u>your rights of the rights you have</u> . If you have questions about your rights, you <u>can ask an attorney or another person</u> , <u>inhave the right to ask an attorney to explain</u> your rights to you. You also have the right to ask other people, including your guardian or conservator, to help you understand your rights.
20 27 28 29 30	<u>General rights</u> : You have the right to exercise any rights that the court has not givengranted to your guardian and/or conservator.
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 You also have the right to <u>ask the court torequest the court</u>: end your guardianship, <u>conservatorship</u>, <u>or both and/or conservatorship</u>; increase or decrease the powers granted to your guardian, <u>and/or conservator, or both</u>; <u>make other changes</u>, <u>or make other changes that affect what your guardian or conservator can do or how they do ito the terms of this person's appointment;</u>, and replace the person who was appointed with someone else. You also have a right to hire an attorney to <u>represent help you do any of these things.you in any</u>
38 39 40 41 42	of the matters listed above. Additional rights for persons for whom a guardian has been appointed: As an person subject to guardianshipadult subject to guardianship, you have a right to: (1) be involved in decisions affecting you, including decisions about your care, where you live,

1 your activities, and your social interactions, to the extent reasonably possible;

2 (2) be involved in decisions about your health care to the extent reasonably feasible, and to have

3 other people help you understand the risks and benefits of health care options where practicable;

- 4 (3) be notified of change in <u>where you liveyour primary residence</u> or a permanent move to a
- 5 nursing home or other restrictive or secure facility at least 14 days in advance unless the guardian
- 6 has proposed this change in their plan or the court has expressly authorized it;
- 7 (4) ask the court to <u>prevent your guardian not allow your guardian t from o changinge</u> where you
- 8 live or to sellselling or surrendering or surrender your primary residence by [insert process for
- 9 asking the court to such a move];
- (5) vote and get married unless the court unless the court order appointing your guardian states
 that you cannot do so;
- 12 (6) receive<u>receive</u> a copy of <u>yourthe</u> guardian's report and <u>yourthe</u> guardian's plan; and
- 13 (7) communicate, visit, or interact with other pe<u>oplersons</u> (this includes the right to have visitors,
- 14 to make and get and the right to make or receive telephone calls, personal mail, or electronic
- 15 communications) unless:

•

- your guardian has been specifically authorized by the court to restrict such communications, visits, or interactions;
- •—a protective order is in effect that limits contact between you and other personspeople; or
- - <u>y</u>You<u>r guardian is restricting you from interacting with someone with whom you do not</u> have a social or family relationship, the restriction is for 60 days or less, and your guardian has good cause to believe the restriction is <u>needednecessary</u> to protect you from because interactions with a specified person poses a risk of significant physical, psychological, or financial harm-to you.
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27 Additional rights for persons for whom a conservator has been appointed:

- 28 As an person subject to conservatorship individual adult subject to conservatorship, you have a
- right to:
- 30 (1) participate in <u>decisions about how your property is managed</u> <u>decision-making about the</u>
- 31 management of your property to the extent possible; and
- 32 (2) receive recieve a copy of your the conservator's inventory, report, and plan-of
- 33 conservatorship.