## Discussion Draft – 12/20/2016 ARTICLE 3

## VOLUNTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF <u>PATERNITYPARENTAGE</u> SECTION 301. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF <u>PATERNITYPARENTAGE</u>.

The mother of woman who gave birth to a child and an man individual claiming to be the alleged genetic father, [intended parent,] [or presumed parent] of the child may sign an acknowledgment of paternity parentage with intent to establish the manchild's paternity parentage.

### SECTION 302. EXECUTION OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PATERNITYPARENTAGE.

- (a) An acknowledgment of paternity parentage must:
  - (1) be in a record;
  - (2) be signed, or otherwise authenticated, under penalty of perjury by the mother woman who gave birth and by the man individual seeking to establish his or her paternity parentage;
  - (3) state that the child whose paternity parentage is being acknowledged:
    - (A) does not have a presumed <u>fatherparent</u>, or has a presumed <u>father</u>

      <u>parent</u> whose full name is stated; and
    - (B) does not have another acknowledged or adjudicated <u>father parent or</u> parents under [Article] 7 other than the woman who gave birth;
  - (4) state whether there has been genetic testing and, if so, that the

    acknowledging man\_parent's claim of paternity parentage is consistent

    with the results of the testing; and

- (5) state that the signatories understand that the acknowledgment is the equivalent of an judicial adjudication of paternity parentage of the child and that a challenge to the acknowledgment is permitted only under limited circumstances and is barred after two years.
- (b) An acknowledgment of paternity parentage is void if it:
  - (1) states that another man is a presumed father another individual is a presumed parent at the time of signing, unless a denial of paternity parentage signed or otherwise authenticated by the presumed father parent is filed with the [agency maintaining birth records]; or
  - (2) states that another man an individual other than the woman who gave birth is an acknowledged or adjudicated fatherparent; or
  - (3)(2) falsely denies the existence of a presumed, acknowledged, or adjudicated father of the child.
  - (c) A presumed father may sign or otherwise authenticate an acknowledgement of paternity.

**SECTION 303. DENIAL OF PATERNITYPARENTAGE.** A presumed father parent may sign a denial of his paternityparentage. The denial is valid only if:

- (1) an acknowledgment of <u>paternity parentage</u> signed, or otherwise authenticated, by another <u>man individual</u> is filed pursuant to Section 305;
- (2) the denial is in a record, and is signed, or otherwise authenticated, under penalty of perjury; and
- (3) the presumed <u>father parent</u> has not previously:

- (A) acknowledged his <u>or her paternityparentage</u>, unless the previous acknowledgment has been rescinded pursuant to Section <u>307308</u> or successfully challenged pursuant to Section <u>308309</u>; or
- (B) been adjudicated to be the **father** parent of the child.

# SECTION 304. RULES FOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND DENIAL OF PATERNITYPARENTAGE.

- (a) An acknowledgment of paternity parentage and a denial of paternity parentage may be contained in a single document or may be signed in counterparts, and may be filed separately or simultaneously. If the acknowledgment and denial are both necessary, neither is valid until both are filed.
- (b) An acknowledgment of paternity parentage or a denial of paternity parentage may be signed before the birth of the child.
- (c) Subject to subsection (a), an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity parentage takes effect on the birth of the child or the filing of the document with the [agency maintaining birth records], whichever occurs later.
- (d) An acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity

  parentage signed by a minor is valid if it is otherwise in compliance with this [Act].

SECTION 305. EFFECT OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT OR DENIAL OF PATERNITYPARENTAGE.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 307308 and 308309, a valid acknowledgment of paternity parentage filed with the [agency maintaining birth records] is equivalent to an adjudication of paternity parentage of a child and confers upon the acknowledged father parent all of the rights and duties of a parent.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 307308 and 308309, a valid denial of paternity parentage by a presumed father-parent filed with the [agency maintaining birth records] in conjunction with a valid acknowledgment of paternity parentage is equivalent to an adjudication of the nonpaternity nonparentage of the presumed father parent and discharges the presumed father parent from all rights and duties of a parent.

**SECTION 306. NO FILING FEE.** The [agency maintaining birth records] may not charge for filing an acknowledgment of <u>paternity parentage</u> or denial of parentage.

SECTION 3078. RATIFICATION BARRED. A court or administrative agency conducting a judicial or administrative proceeding is not required or permitted to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of paternityparentage.

SECTION 3078. PROCEEDING FOR RESCISSION. A signatory may rescind an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity

(1) 60 days after the effective date of the acknowledgment or denial, as provided in Section 304; or

<u>parentage</u> by commencing a proceeding to rescind before the earlier of:

(2) the date of the first hearing, in a proceeding to which the signatory is a party, before a court to adjudicate an issue relating to the child, including a proceeding that establishes support.

# SECTION 3089. CHALLENGE AFTER EXPIRATION OF PERIOD FOR RESCISSION.

- (a) After the period for rescission under Section 3078 has expired, a signatory of an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity parentage may commence a proceeding to challenge the acknowledgment or denial only:
  - (1) on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact; and
  - (2) within not later than two years after the effective date of the acknowledgment or the denial is filed with the [agency maintaining birth records].
- (b) A party challenging an acknowledgment of <u>paternity parentage</u> or denial of <u>paternity parentage</u> has the burden of proof.

#### SECTION 30910. PROCEDURE FOR RESCISSION OR CHALLENGE.

- (a) Every signatory to an acknowledgment of paternity parentage and any related denial of paternity parentage must be made a party to a proceeding to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial.
- (b) For the purpose of reseission of, or a challenge to, an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity parentage, a signatory submits to personal jurisdiction of this Sstate by signing the acknowledgment or

- denial, effective upon the filing of the document with the [agency maintaining birth records].
- (c) Except for good cause shown, during the pendency of a proceeding to rescind or challenge an acknowledgment of <a href="mailto:paternity-parentage">paternity-parentage</a> or denial of <a href="mailto:paternity-parentage">paternity-parentage</a>, the court may not suspend the legal responsibilities of a signatory arising from the acknowledgment, including the duty to pay child support.
- (d) A proceeding to rescind or to challenge an acknowledgment of paternity

  parentage or denial of paternity parentage must be conducted in the same

  manner as a proceeding to adjudicate parentage under [Article] 6.
- (e) At the conclusion of a proceeding to rescind or challenge an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternityparentage, the court shall order the [agency maintaining birth records] to amend the birth record of the child to reflect the child's legal parentage accurately, if appropriate.

SECTION 310. RATIFICATION BARRED. A court or administrative agency conducting a judicial or administrative proceeding is not required or permitted to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of paternity.

SECTION 311. FULL FAITH AND CREDIT. A court of this Sstate shall give full faith and credit to an acknowledgment of paternity parentage or denial of paternity parentage effective in another Sstate if the acknowledgment or denial has been signed and is otherwise in compliance with the law of the other Statestate.

#### SECTION 312. FORMS FOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND DENIAL OF PATERNITYPARENTAGE.

- (a) To facilitate compliance with this [article], the [agency maintaining birth records] shall prescribe forms for the acknowledgment of paternity parentage and denial of paternity parentage.
- (b) A valid acknowledgment of paternity or denial of paternity parentage is not affected by a later modification of the prescribed form.

SECTION 313. RELEASE OF INFORMATION. The [agency maintaining birth records] may release information relating to the acknowledgment of paternity or denial of paternity parentage to a signatory of the acknowledgment or denial and to courts and [appropriate state or federal agencies] of this or another Setate.

**SECTION 314. ADOPTION OF RULES.** The [agency maintaining birth records] may adopt rules to implement this [article].]